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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta — Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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FLOOD HAVOC IN INDIA AND PAKISTAN

Hundreds Of Villages Affected

KARACHI LOSES LAKH AND HALF TONS OF FOOD GRAINS

Ganges Threat To U. P. And Bihar Cities

CAWNPORE, August 31 (A.P.I.): River Ganga, which till midnight yesterday had been threatening the normal life in the districts of Cawnpore and Unnao, now appears to be subsiding. The water level of the river which last night touched the 377.2 feet mark—the highest flood level recorded in 1924.—has gone down by about four inches during the last twelve hours and in the evening the river was steady.

Over 20,000 men, women and children are reported to have been rendered homeless and about 500 villages in Cawnpore and Unnao districts have been inundated. Loss of foodgrains, cattle and property is reported to be heavy.

A fourteen feet deep breach has occurred on Cawnpore-Unnao road resulting in complete stoppage of traffic.

The riverside power house, is now out of danger. Double pumping of surplus water out of the power house has been started as a precautionary measure.

GANGA, JAMUNA AND RAMGANGA IN SPATE

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 31 (U.P.A.): About 390 villages covering an area of thousands of miles in nine districts of the United Provinces, including Allahbad, Banares, Kanpur and Unnao, are under water due to a heavy flood in the Ganga, Jamuna and Ramganga rivers.

While the number of cattle dead or washed away by the flood was said to be over 5,000, it is difficult to estimate the exact number of loss to human lives. It was roughly estimated that about 90 persons were reported to be missing or believed washed away by water. Over 15,000 persons were rendered homeless.

WARNING ISSUED IN BENARES

BENARES, August 31 (A.P.I.): The river Ganga is in spate the water level mark at Benares reached 236.6 feet above sea level this evening.

The authorities have issued flood warning for low lying areas beyond Benares.

IN PATNA

PATNA, August 31 (A.P.I.): Following high floods in the River Ganga in the United Provinces, the water level of the river here reached the "warning point" last night.

370 VILLAGES WASHED AWAY

LAHORE, Aug. 31, (API): About 370 villages in Shahpur, Halal and Khushab Tehsils of Sargodha district have been completely washed away by the recent floods, while the total number of damaged houses in the district is over 15,000 according to the latest reports received from Sargodha district.

Of the total area of five lakh acres reported to be under water in Sargodha district at least over one lakh acres was under the RABI crops. The damage to fodder crop it is learned had been heavy.

TEN KILLED

According to the reports only ten persons were killed throughout the district.

The flood waters, the reports indicated, are not steadily receding and the authorities are concentrating on relief measures.

PAKISTAN LOSES LAKH AND HALF TONS GRAINS

KARACHI, Aug. 31, (API): Pakistan will be faced with a deficit of about 1,50,000 tons of foodgrains this year for it is believed that considerable damage has been done to the present crops by floods in the West Punjab, Sind and East Bengal, it was learned here today.

There will be an acute shortage of rice as the rice crop has been badly hit by the flooding Indus in Western Pakistan.

The impending dispersal of four lakhs of refugees from the West Punjab in other parts of Western Pakistan will enable the West Punjab Government to give to the Centre about 40,000 tons of foodgrains but this quantity will be supplied to the refugees in the areas where they will be resettled.

CONTRACT WITH INDIA NOT AFFECTED

Pakistan has contracted to give a substantial quantity of foodgrains to India under the Exchange of Essential Commodities Agreement, which expires on August 15, 1949, and it hopes to harvest a surplus in the next crop season to meet its commitments to India.

It was stated that the agreement with the Indian Union will not be affected by the floods and the resultant likely food deficit during this crop season.

INDUS WATER LEVEL FALLING

The water level of the river Indus has been steadily falling at all points except on the Kotri gauge which today was 26-10 and is likely to show a slight rise within the next 24 hours, according to reports reaching here.

With the decline in the water level hopes have been revived in Sind's official circles that the damage resulting from the present floods will be less than that of 1942.

Railway traffic with Quetta, hitherto isolated, is expected to be resumed shortly but will have to be punctuated with trans-shipment at a point where the railway line has been badly breached. Minor breaches on the tracks between Larkana and Babibkot and Sukkur and Habibkot will be repaired shortly.

Hope For Ahmedabad Crops

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 31 (API): Two days rain though insufficient, will revive the withering crop in the district. Jowar has sprouted in some parts. If the rain continues the sprouted fodder will be sufficient for cattle.

OCCASIONAL SHOWERS EXPECTED IN CITY

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The monsoon is generally moderate in the Konkan and slightly weakening in Gujerat, says a bulletin issued by the Santa Cruz Observatory today.

The noteworthy amounts of rainfalls recorded between 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. today are: Mahableshwar 3/4 inch, Dahanu 1/4 inch, Santa Cruz trace Juhu nil and Colaba 11 cents.

Cloudy weather with occasional showers is expected in Bombay City and Suburbs on Wednesday, adds the bulletin.

FALL OF PROME IMMINENT

RANGOON, Aug. 31 (Reuter): The recapture of Communist-held Prome, communications centre north-west of Rangoon, by Government troops was "expected at any moment", an official source told Reuter today.

No mention of Prome was made in tonight's Burma Government Communique, however.

PARLIAMENT ADJOURNS

The sixth session of the Burmese Parliament which began today, adjourned until tomorrow after sitting for 30 minutes.

Of the Parliament's 255 members, 162 attended.

Communists and members of the People's Volunteer Organisation were absent.

Tonight's Communique reported that Government troops killed 17 insurgents near Shwebo, north-west of Mandalay.

Congress Agrarian Reforms Committee

CUTTACK, Aug. 31, (A. P. I.): The Congress Agrarian Reforms Committee Panel, consisting of Prof. J. C. Kumarappa, Varma and K. Mitra (Secretary) is expected to visit Orissa between September 10 and 15. About 20 witnesses will be examined during the Committee's stay in Cuttack. The Committee will visit Chatrapur (Ganjam district) on September 13. They will also visit a number of villages.

Control Over Cloth Reimposed In Orissa

CUTTACK, Aug. 31 (API): The Orissa Government have reimposed control over cloth in the province and the Orissa states from September 1.

Indians In U. N. Secretariat

Trygve Lie May Consider Steps To Improve Quality

LAKE SUCCESS, Aug. 31 (Reuter): Mr. Trygve Lie, the United Nations Secretary-General, may consider improving the quality of Indian representation in the U. N. Secretariat, it is understood here.

For some time, Dr. P. P. Pillai, India's Permanent U. N. delegate, has brought pressure on Mr. Lie and other top U. N. Officials about the "very inadequate" number of Indians in the Secretariat with the result that there are now 24 employed there compared with ten a year ago.

India, however, according to Dr Pillai, is still far behind her geographical quota, both in the quality and quantity of posts held by her nationals in the U. N. Secretariat.

"I hope Mr. Lie will meet India's demands in this respect consistent with those made by other countries", he said in an interview.

TRYGVE LIE IN PARIS

PARIS, Aug. 31 (UPI): Mr. Trygve Lie, Secretary-General, U.N.O., arrived in Paris today.

MADRAS M.L.A. RESIGNS

MADRAS, Aug. 31, (A. P. I.): Mr. P. S. Kumaraswami Raja, M. L. A., and former Minister in the Prakasam Cabinet, today resigned his membership of the Madras Legislative Assembly as also all elected posts in the Congress Committees.

In a statement to the press Mr. Kumaraswami Raja says: "As I feel that of late I do not enjoy the confidence of the public of Rajapalayam, I think, I am not morally justified in continuing any longer my political activities."

Four-Power Rule Over Berlin To Be Restored?

MONTH-LONG TALKS IN MOSCOW YIELD RESULTS

BERLIN, August 31, (Reuter): The four Military Governors of Germany talked for 65 minutes here today on Berlin's currency and blockade problems and parted in "good mood".

"There will be further meetings", a British Official statement revealed, while unofficial reports said the Generals might meet again tomorrow.

American circles quoted by the German News Agency D.P.D. said the four Generals would resume functioning as the Allied Control Council as from today, restoring the Four-Power rule over Berlin which was broken by the Soviet walk-out of March 20.

General Lucius D. Clay, American Military Governor when asked whether the meeting had been amicable, said, "that depends on what you mean by amicable".

FIRST CONCRETE RESULTS

The meeting of the Military Governors, with orders to work out a solution of currency and blockade problems, showed the world first concrete results of the month-long negotiations in Moscow.

The Generals met on the direct orders of the Moscow negotiators—who conferred at the Kremlin for the ninth time last night—and were told to report back to Moscow as a matter of urgency.

They were understood to have been instructed to draw up arrangements for restoring land communications between Berlin and Western Germany, and introducing the eastern mark as sole currency for Berlin.

Political circles in Berlin saw great significance in the fact that meeting was held in the Allied Control Council building in the American sector, and not at the Headquarters of the Governors.

It is now thought that the Moscow talks will last "some time longer," authoritative Western sources said in Moscow today.

Circles close to the Envoys insist there are no substantial differences of view between the three Western Powers.

The D. P. D. Agency later withdrew their report saying the control council would function again.

The Dena Agency, however, were still reporting that the four Military Governors had decided it would function again and meet tomorrow.

D. P. D. is British-licensed and Dena American-licensed.

ENGLISH TO BE REPLACED BY GRADUAL STAGES

Education Ministry's Request To Universities And Provincial Governments

NEW DELHI, Aug. 31, (API): The Ministry of Education have requested the Universities and Provincial Governments to replace English as the medium of instruction at the University stage by gradual stages and to adopt in its place the language of the State or Province or region as the medium of instruction and examination.

The Ministry have also requested the Universities and Provincial Governments to take steps to see that during the transitional period, English not as literature but as a language—is continued as a compulsory subject in the higher courses.

COMPULSORY TEST IN FEDERAL LANGUAGE

The Universities have also been asked to provide for a compulsory test in the federal language during their first degree course without prejudice to the result of the degree examination and for the teaching of the federal language to all students who wish to take it up as an optional subject. Regarding the federal language and its script, the Government of India will await the decision of the Constituent Assembly.

The Ministry of Education, in a Press Note here today said that the Government of India have accepted the recommendations of the Committee on medium of instruction and are of the view that in the interest of national education, these recommendations should be given effect to immediately.

The Committee on medium of instruction was appointed in accordance with the recommendation of the Central Advisory Board of Education at the meetings held in January 1948 and endorsed by the All India Education Conference convened by the Hon. Minister for Education. The Committee consisted of Vice-Chancellors of all Indian Universities and a few specialists and met at Delhi on May 1 and 2, 1948, under the chairmanship of Dr. Tara Chand, Secretary, Ministry of Education.

SCIENTIFIC TERMINOLOGY

The recommendations made by the Committee in regard to the preparation of text-books and scientific terminology are under the active consideration of the Ministry of Education in consultation with the various Ministries.

The question of granting extra-territorial jurisdiction to the various Universities in order to help in the solution of the language problem of linguistic minorities within a province or State has been referred to the Inter-University Board for Examination and Government will come to a decision on this question on receipt of the Board's report.

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE EXAMINATION

The Committee's recommendation relating to the conduct of Federal Public Service Examinations through the language of a region has been referred to the Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India, for examination and action.

Provincial Governments, etc., as well as Universities have been requested to inform the Ministry of Education, Government of India, regarding the action taken or proposed to be taken by them to implement the recommendations of the Medium of Instruction Committee.

Ominous Black Cat

BERLIN, Aug. 31, (UPA): Just as the four Military Governors were about to leave the Allied Control Council building today, a black cat strolled leisurely from left to right across the steps in front of them.

Benes Fast Sinking

EX-PRESIDENT OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA

PRAGUE, August 31, (Reuter): The condition of Dr. Eduard Benes, former President of Czechoslovakia, was stated to be "extremely serious" in an official bulletin issued tonight.

The bulletin said Dr. Benes lost consciousness this morning and he is sinking fast.

"Such a serious deterioration must reduce any hope that he will recover again", the bulletin added.

Dr. Benes is suffering from Arterio Sclerosis (hardening of the Arteries).

The official bulletin, said: "At about 5 a.m. today this morning a new and this time very considerable deterioration of the President's illness became evident.

"He became unconscious, his temperature began to rise and his pulse to quicken. In the afternoon his pulse became slightly irregular. His breathing indicated circulation trouble.

"Physical and X-ray examination of the lungs presented a normal picture. His blood pressure is gradually declining. Analysis of the blood shows no deviation from normal." The bulletin concluded, "the general state of the patient is extremely serious."

INDUSTRIALISTS MEET INDIAN CABINET

NEW DELHI, August 31, (API): The industrialists who have submitted a report to the Government of India on the current economic situation, met the Cabinet this evening. The discussions lasted over two hours.

(See Page 7)

MALAN'S TERMS TO INDIANS

Prepared For R. T. C. But Not For Foreign Interference

CAPETOWN, Aug. 31, (Reuter): Dr. Daniel Malan, South African Premier, speaking in the Assembly tonight on South Africa's dispute with India, said he was prepared to have a Round Table Conference with India but not on a basis which amounted to a foreign power interfering in South Africa's domestic affairs.

Tito Remains Premier

BELGRADE, August 31, (Reuter): M. Eduard Kardelji, Yugoslav Vice-Premier and one of the Tito men denounced by the Cominform, became Foreign Minister today in the place of M Stanoje Simitch, under a Cabinet reshuffle announced by the official Yugoslav News Agency Tanjug. General Alexander Rankovich, Minister of Interior and another leader denounced by the Cominform, became a Vice-Premier and retains the Interior Ministry.

Marshall Tito remains as the Premier.

Other posts were filled as follows:—

M. Blagojed Nechkosivh-President of the Federal Control Commission and Vice-Premier.

M. Stanoje Simich (Former Foreign Minister) Minister of States.

M. Svetozar Voukmanovich-Minister of Mining.

M. Radoljube Tcholakovich—Minister of Culture and Science.

M. Mialko Todorovich—Minister of Agriculture (replacing M. Petar Stambolitch).

M. Bane Andrejew—Minister and President of the Government's Commission for Water Economy.

M. Paule Gregoritich—Minister and President of the State Commission for Public Health.

SCHUMAN FIGHTS FOR VOTE

PARIS, August 31 (Reuter): France's new Premier-designate, M. Robert Schuman, presented himself for investiture tonight before the National Assembly, specially convened for the purpose.

"The liberty of liberated France is at stake", M. Schuman said. "Save the franc and save freedom".

CONDEMNED AEROPLANE FOR BERLIN AIRLIFT

LONDON, Aug. 31 (Reuter): Air Vice-Marshal Donald Bennett, until last February chief executive of British South American Airways and a constant champion of the British Tudor Aircraft, was flying a condemned Tudor II tonight in the Berlin airlift.

LONDON, Aug. 31 (Reuter): Seth Ramakrishna Dalmia, Indian industrialist and newspaper publisher, has arrived in London by air from India.

He is on his way to attend the second Congress of the International Movement for World Federal Government being held in Luxembourg from September 5 to September 12.

Parliament Postpones Hindu Code Bill

DECISION IN LINE WITH CONGRESS PARTY VIEWS

Measure Will Be Passed Before Present House Is Dissolved, Assures Ambedkar

NEW DELHI, August 31, (API): The Indian Parliament today decided to postpone consideration of the Hindu Code Bill as reported on by the Select Committee. This is in line with the decision of the Congress Party that further consideration of the Bill should be deferred to the budget session.

Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Law Minister, assured the House that it was Government's intention that the Bill should be passed before the present House was dissolved. The Bill, he said, would be taken up for consideration during the next session and sufficient time would be allotted for the purpose. If the time given was found to be insufficient, Government would consider the suggestion for calling a special session of the House to pass the measure.

AMENDMENTS TO CANTONMENTS ACT

The House passed the Cantonments Act (Amendment) Bill, the Bill changing the name of the Imperial Library to "National Library", the Bombay Public Security Measures (Delhi Amendment) Bill and the Mines and Minerals (Regulation and Development) Bill.

DETAILED PROCEEDINGS

The Dominion Parliament today agreed to defer discussion on the Law Minister's motion for consideration of the Hindu Code Bill.

It will be recalled that at the Congress Party meeting last week it was decided to move the Bill during the current session and to complete discussion on it at the next session.

Dr. Ambedkar who moved the motion, said that he would make no speech as that would give rise to a debate. He requested that the motion might be left to stand over for further consideration till the next session.

Pandit Kunzru expressed disappointment at Government trying to postpone consideration of the measure. They had waited for so many years for the Bill, and he would not mind waiting for some time more but would ask for an assurance from Government that the Bill would be passed before the regular Budget session.

ADMISSIBILITY OF MOTION CHALLENGED

Mr. Naziruddin Ahmed raised a point of order and challenged the admissibility of the motion. He said that a Bill was sent to the Select Committee but it would appear that the Committee did not consider the Bill but a substitute Bill prepared by the Law Ministry. It was clear that the Select Committee did not consider the Bill which was re-referred to it. A number of Sections had been changed, many deleted and rearranged and it was a new product. His objection was not based on technical grounds but that the

(Continued on Page 7)

ECONOMIC POLICY OF BRITAIN

6000-Word Memorandum Prepared For T. U. C. Session

LONDON, Aug. 31 (API): The British Government, facing growing industrial agitation against the operation of its "freeze wages, prices, profits" policy, has prepared a 6,000-word economic memorandum which will form the crux of a vital debate at the annual conference of the Trades Union Congress next week.

The memorandum was requested by T.U.C. leaders, who are confronted with mounting criticism from their 7,000,000 members, as a factual basis for the probe into government's economic policy which is expected to dominate the week's proceedings at the annual Assembly in Margate, Kent.

It deals not only with wages, prices and profits, but also with production, manpower, finance and balance of payments.

Mudie To Meet Jinnah At Quetta

KARACHI, Aug. 31 (API): The Governor of the West Punjab, Sir Francis Mudie, has left for Quetta in a specially chartered aircraft to hold further consultations with the Governor-General of Pakistan, Quaid-I-Azam Mohammad Ali Jinnah, in connection with West Punjab's Refugee problem.

Ghazanfar Ali Presents Credentials

TEHERAN, Aug. 31, (Reuter): The first Pakistan Ambassador to Persia, Ghazanfar Ali Khan, presented his credentials to the Shah today.

Egyptian Envoy To Pakistan

CAIRO, August 31, (Reuter): Mohamed Ali Alluba Pasha, former Cabinet Minister, has been appointed Egyptian Ambassador to Pakistan.

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MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a fair girl of any caste, 15/27, (Nurses and Refugees preferred) for a Malabari Nair Matriculate of 28, Government Employee at Poona. Apply Box No. 9450 "Bombay Chronicle'.

Wanted a beautiful match for a young bachelor. Salary Rs. 1,000/-, correspond with Lady Manager, Marriage Gazette, Barna Street, Saddar Bazar, Delhi. (1028)

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted an experienced and highly qualified Labour Officer for a Group of Industries in Western U.P. Law Graduate with practical experience of working as a Labour Officer will be preferred. Pay according to qualifications. Apply immediately stating age, experience and qualifications with two references and pay acceptable care of Post Box 1274 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a diesel engineer and mechanic with ten years experience of maintenance of large size diesel plant preferably marine. Apply with terms and testimonials to Chief Engineer (Development), U.P., P.W.D., Irrigation Branch, Lucknow. 1204

Wanted two trained Graduate Women Teachers for work with hospitalised children, one with teaching experience in primary schools and the other with a handicraft or Montessori training and experience. Ability to speak, read and write Hindi, Marathi and Gujarathi essential, Knowledge of other languages an advantages. Salary scale Rs. 100-5-200 plus Rs. 12 8/- Compensatory local allowance, Rs. 15/- House rent allowance, and Rs. 35/- Dearness allowance. Apply on or before 15th September, 1948, to the Registrar, Tata Institute of Social Sciences, Byculla, Bombay 8.

(1238)

Wanted for Washing and Dry Cleaning Company, competent and experienced hands for managing and handling work. Write Box No. 9439 "Bombay Chronicle".

If you want any kind of employment in India or abroad apply for Terms' (stating qualifications and desires) to Roberts & Co., employment Agents, Subathu (Simla Hills). (9405)

Wanted Students to Learn Typewriting at Rs. 3/- Shorthand 3/8/- in Paramount Shorthand Typewriting Class, Tejpal Building, Second Floor, Tribhuvan Road, near Swastik Cinema. (9418)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions— Davar's College of Commerce— Enrol immediately for Special Classes for late entrants for Professional Diploma Courses and General Commerce Courses. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus 51, Esplanade Road, Bombay. (9447)

Become Accountant, Secretary, Stenographer, Auditor, Insurance Officer by post D.Com., courses. American Correspondence College. (B.C.) Delhi. (9356)

MEDICAL ADLETS

A very powerful and world renowned remedy which cures Asthma completely by one dose to be taken on 18-9-48 full moon. Apply atonce in English:—Shree Mahatma Maunibaba Ayurvedic Ashram Chitrakot, Dist. Banda, U.P. (9453)

PROPERTIES WANTED

Required Land three thousand square yards on Rent or Sale Contact Sardar Mohan Singh, Taj Mahal Hotel, Bombay, between First and Fourth of September. (9446)

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Make Spare time Profitable —The Hometex Carpet, Upholstery and Moth Proofing Service requires exclusive Operatives. Without previous experience or difficult work you may make your spare time profitable. Full instructions and materials supplied. Write for free illustrated folder that gives all the facts. Dept B. C. Hometex Service 31-32, King Street, W.C.2. England. (1264)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Quick Sale, 1948 B &H 16M.M. Model 70DA, 1-9 selling for Rs. 500 less than on Hornby Road. Brand New—Apply Ritchie, 15, Club Back Road, Opp. Y.M.C.A., Byculla. (9449)

Assorted sizes of Milton Gramaphone Mainsprings are now available from stock at competitive prices with attractive trade discounts. Enquiries Solicited, Morgan Milton, Ltd., 43, Park Mansions, Park St. Calcutta 16. (1265)

Sodium Sulphide 62 p.c. Available from stock. Rs. 78/- per cwt. F.O.R. Kanpur. Order with full value in advance. Mathur & Manzoor Ltd. (9441)

For Sale Saltpetre in bulk. Ready for immediate shipment. F.O.B. Karachi Rupees 45/- per maund. Enquiries solicited. Reply Pakistan Saltpetre Trading Corporation. 3/50, Shikarpur Colony, Karachi. (9443)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE INDIA UNITED MILLS, LTD.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the name of E. D. SASSOON BUILDING at Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, is changed and will henceforth be known as

"INDU HOUSE"

For the India United Mills, Ltd.,
J. N. VAJIFDAR
Secretary

Bombay 25th August, 1948.

(1216)

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE.
Special items costing over Rs. 20,000/-
CLASS 1 CONTRACT

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's Office, East Indian Railway, 17, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta upto noon on 15-9-48.

Tender number S/NSA/48/891 for supply of Power Driven winches.

Tender forms and specification with full particulars may be obtained from the Office of the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, 17, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta on payment of Rs. 3/- per set to the Treasurer East Indian Railway, Calcutta and on production of his receipt when applying for the same. Firms outside Calcutta may however remit the amount to the Controller of Stores direct by money order.

No refund is permissible.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's Office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Deputy General Manager (Works) room by the Tenderer or his representatives. Tenderers representative may be present themselves at the time of opening of the tender in the room of Deputy General Manager (Works).

General Manager.

1259

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE
Special items costing Rs. 5000/- to Rs. 10,000/-
CLASS I CONTRACT

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the Controller of Stores' Office, East Indian Railway, 17, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta, upto noon on 20-9-1948.

Tender No. S/NSA/48/1660 for the supply of Tea Stakes. Tender Forms and Drawing can be obtained from the undernoted officials on payment of the following charges to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, 17 Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

(a) Tender forms at Rs. 2/- per copy from the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, 17, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta.

(b) Chief Engineer's (Sig.) drawing at Rs. 2/- per copy from the Chief Engineer (Sig) East Indian Railway 17, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta.

Firms outside Calcutta may however remit the cost of the tender forms to the Controller of Stores and that of the drawing to the Chief Engineering (Sig), East Indian Railway, 17, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta, direct by Money Order.

No refund is permissible after payment.

Tenderers if they desire may be present at the time of opening of this tender.

CONTROLLER OF STORES

(1260)

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY
Class I Tender Notice

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the Controller of Stores' Office, East Indian Railway, 17 Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta, before 12 o'clock on 4-10-1948.

Tender No. SP.D.164 Est HD) 487/49 for supply of 8448 Nos. of holders lamp, polished brass, Batten Type, Bayonet Cap with S. C. Ring.

Tender form with full particulars can be had from the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, 17, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 2/- per copy to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, Calcutta and on production of his receipt when supplying for the same.

Firms outside Calcutta may however remit the amount to the Controller of Stores direct by money order. No refund is permissible.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented to the Controller of Stores' Office for registration and then put into the tender box outside the Controller of Stores Office by the tenderer or his representative.

CONTROLLER OF STORES.

1261

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY—TENDER

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, B. B. & C. I. Railway, Mahalaxmi Bombay 11, invites tenders for the supply of 2000 Nos. Metal guards for Duriston fitting No. 35 returnable on 21st Sept. 1948. Drawings can be seen in the office of the Controller of Stores. Firms not on the approved list of this Railway should give their Banker's reference.

(1269)

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF THE CENTRAL PROVINCES & BERAR

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BEARING INTEREST FROM 1st SEPTEMBER, 1948.

Open for ONE DAY ONLY viz. WEDNESDAY, the 1st September, 1948 and will be CLOSED at any time on that day as soon as subscriptions amount to Rs. 2 crores (approximately).

Subscriptions will be in the form of cash/cheque.

Applications will be received from 10 a.m. Standard Time at the offices of the Reserve Bank of India, Bombay, Calcutta, Delhi and Madras and at the Branches and Treasury Pay Offices of the Imperial Bank of India in Central Provinces and Berar and at District Treasuries where there is no Branch or Treasury Pay Office of the Imperial Bank of India.

In the event of oversubscription partial allotment will be made to subscribers.

Copies of the Notification and Application Forms may be obtained at any Receiving Office.

1194

WANTED.

APPLICATIONS are invited upto the 7th September for the following posts in connection with the construction of Pratapnagar refugee township Udaipur.

1. One Chief Engineer with experience of town planning, construction of Roads and Buildings and Water and Drainage works salary Rs. 1500-100-2000.
2. Two Executive Engineers in the grade of Rs. 750-50-1000. Candidates must have worked as Executive Engineers for at least 5 years.
3. One Architect in the grade of Rs. 1500-100-2000. Qualification. F.R.I.B. or equivalent qualification and experience of 5 years.
4. Two Assistant Engineers with a University degree or diploma and at least 5 years experience of cement concrete works and Roads. Grade 300-20-500.
5. One Mechanical and Electrical Engineer with experience of planning of power house and water works.
6. Two Draftsmen, Two tracers and four overseers. Salary according to qualification and Experience. State minimum salary acceptable.
7. One Storekeeper and two assistants with experience in P.W.D. State minimum salary acceptable.
8. One qualified Accountant and two assistants. State minimum salary acceptable.

Apply to

CHAIRMAN
Shri Bhupal Coop: Society, Ltd.
Udaipur.

1169

NOTICE.

APPROVED CONTRACTORS of P.W.D. experienced in Roads and Building construction specially in cement and stone masonry works including R.C.C. roofs etc. are invited to register their names with the Society on or before 7-9-48 for works over one crore of rupees of building construction and development for refugees township of Pratapnagar (Udaipur).

U. T. THAKUR,
Chairman
Shri Bhupal Coop: Society Ltd.
Udaipur.

1170

G.I.P. RAILWAY.
NOTICE.

THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Bhore & Thull Ghauts, G.I.P. Rly., Lonavla, invites tender upto 16-30 hrs. on 27th September, 1948 for supplying and stacking ballast on Railway ground between Karjat and Lonavla.

The form of tender schedule and condition of contract can be had from his office on payment of Rs. 2/- each. This sum will not be refunded.

1270

G. I. P. RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE

THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Bhore & Thull Ghats, G. I. P. Railway, Lonavla, invites tender upto 15.30 hrs. on 13th September, 1948, for supplying and loading into wagons Mumbra sand.

The form of tender schedule and conditions of contract can be had from his office on payment of Rs. 2/- each. This sum will not be refunded.

Lonavla, 2-8-1948. (921)

G. I. P. RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE

THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Bhore & Thull Ghats, G. I. P. Railway, Lonavla, invites tender upto 15.30 hrs. on 13th September, 1948, for supplying and loading into wagons Teak or Sal wood bullies.

The form of tender schedule and conditions of contract can be had from his office on payment of Rs. 2/- each. This sum will not be refunded.

Lonavla, 2-8-1948. (920)

NOTICE OF TENDER.
MILITARY ENGINEER SERVICES

TENDERS ARE INVITED from contractors, borne on the Approved List of M.E.S. and within whose limits the value of the work lies, by the Chief Engineer, Southern Command, Poona, for the "Provision of New Accommodation H.M.I.S. Circars "at Vizagapatam" The work is estimated to cost about Rs. 2,00,000/-

Other suitable contractors, though NOT on the M.E.S. List may also apply for tender and in the event of their being selected to tender they will be required to be enlisted as M.E.S. Contractors before concluding contracts with them.

Application for Tender Forms must be submitted on or before 7th September, 1948, to the Chief Engineer, Southern Command, Poona.

Copies of the conditions of contract, drawings and all other documents connected with the work will be open for inspection in the office of the Chief Engineer, Southern Command, Poona, during office hours.

Tender Documents will be issued on and after 10th September, 1948. Tenders will be received by 28th September, 1948.

1243

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

ADDITIONAL MOTIONS to the following effect of which notices have been received will be placed before the ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING OF THE CORPORATION called for THURSDAY, THE 2ND SEPTEMBER, 1948, AT 3 P.M. (BOMBAY TIME):—

106-107. From Mr. Naushir C. Bharucha—For obtaining certain information relating to the provisions made in the B.E.S.T. Budget for 1948-49 (106) for providing mains; and (107) as Capital expenditure under "Land and Buildings-General Building."

108. From Mr. K. M. Rathod—For taking necessary action to improve the sanitary condition of certain premises in Mazagaon.

109. From Mr. Mirza Akhtar Hasan—For requesting the Commissioner to hold in abeyance further action for the removal of stall-board projections pending submission by him of a report called for by the Corporation on the question of modifying the policy in that behalf.

110. From Miss P. N. Nariman—For providing sanitary conveniences, bath-rooms and washing places, etc., at the Municipal Chinchpokli Patra Camp.

111-112. From Mr. Homi J. H. Taleyarkhan—For (111) providing on the applications of the landlords water-pipe connections for each floor of their building, etc., and (112) amending the Corporation Procedure Rules so as to disallow discussion in the Corporation of any matter not pertaining to civic affairs.

113. From Mr. Mirza Akhtar Hasan—For requesting the Commissioner not to cancel the existing licences for the manufacture and sale of ice-cream, etc.

By Order of
His Worship the Mayor,
B. V. MODY,
Municipal Secretary.

Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 31st August 1948.

1272

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.
NOTICE.

THE SPECIAL ENGINEER invites tenders for "the work of constructing with cement concrets (4" thick, 1-2-4) the passages at Tank Bunder Hindu Cemetery including underground storm water drainage arrangements", which will be received upto 1 P.M. (B.T.) on Friday the 17th September, 1948.

Forms of tender, specification etc. will be issued on payment of Rupees five for each copy, to any one deputed to receive them, by the Special Engineer, (Works Branch), who will on application, give any further information that may be required.

Tender copies will not be sent by post.

By Order of the
Municipal Commissioner.

Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay,
30th August, 1948.

1263

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES
Office of the Director of Supplies
Ballard Estate, Bombay
TENDER NOTICE

The DIRECTOR OF SUPPLIES Bombay invites Tender No. BOM/-T-2/1512 to reach him on or before 11 a.m. on 10-9-48 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 3/- (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash or by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting Tender No. full name and address of the remitter) for:—

Descriptions.	Quantity.
Box wooden 15 partitioned as per Drg. MED/TDES/582	1300 Nos.

Applicants not already on approved list of this Department or the late Department of Supply, must give their Banker's reference on applications for Tender Forms. Tender forms will not be issued to firm's already black-listed.

(1268)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND SUPPLY.
TENDER NOTICE
No. PM-1/31718

THE TEXTILE COMMISSIONER invites tenders for Durries to reach his Office at Wittet Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, on or before 5th October, 1948, on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his Office (Section AD V-Cash) at Rs. 10/- (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash or by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender No. Full name and address of the remitter).

2. Applicants not already on approved list of the Office of the Textile Commissioner must give their Banker's reference with the application for a tender form.

3. Tenders are required to be kept open for acceptance up to 6th November, 1948. They will be opened at 11 A.M. on 6th October, 1948.

1257

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
Suit No. 2217 of 1948 (O.S.)

(1) MANILAL KILABHAI SHAH, and (2) MUATLAL TRIBHOWANDAS SHAH, both of Bombay, Jain inhabitants and residing at Matunga, outside the Fort of Bombay ..Plaintiffs.

Versus

(1) BHAGWANDAS HARAKHCHAND SHAH, (2) PURSHOTTAM MANSUKHLAL TARWALA, (3) CHHOTALAL SUKHLAL TARWALLA, (4) SHANTILAL JIVANLAL SHAH, (5) MADHAVLAL HIRALAL SHAH, (6) HARICHAND MANECKCHAND SHAH, (7) RATILAL CHIMANLAL KOTHARI, (8) HIRJIBHAI GANGADHAR, and (9) DEVCHAND GULABCHAND, all of Bombay Jain inhabitants and residing at Matunga, outside the Fort of Bombay, Merchants and Trustees of the Shree Matunga Jain Swetamber Murtipujak Tapagachh Sangha and Charities. ..Defendants.

To,

The Members of Shree Matunga Jain Swetamber Murtipujak Tapagachh Sangh.

Notice under 0.1 R. 8 of the Code of Civil Procedure

PURSUANT to the Order made by the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Bhagwati in Chamber on the 14th day of August, 1948 Notice is hereby given unde Order 1, Rule 8 of the Code of Civil Procedure that this suit has been filed in this Hon'ble. Court by the abovenamed plaintiffs against the defendants as representing all the members of Shree Matunga Jain Swetamber Murtipujak Tapagachh Sangh for the determination of the following questions:—

(a) Whether a scheme should be framed for the purpose mentioned in para 2 of the plaint herein.

(b) Whether the scheme being Ex. A to the said plaint should be sanctioned by this Hon'ble. Court as the scheme for the purpose or whether the same should be amended or altered if so, how?

(c) What provision should be made for the costs of the said orginating Summons?

(d) What further and other directions this Hon'ble Court be pleased to give?

AND TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that the hearing of the originating summons taken out in this suit has been fixed for the 10th day of September 148 before the Hon'ble. Judge taking miscellaneous matters.

Dated this 30th day of August, 1948.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.)
K. K. DASTUR
for Prothonotary and Senior Master

(Sd.) A. R.
NARAYAN AYYAR

This 30th day of August, 1948.

Messrs. MOTICHAND AND DEVIDAS
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

1266

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
Miscellaneous Application No. 233 of 1948

In the matter of Insurance Act IV of 1948.

and

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913

and

In the matter of COMMERCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY LTD., a Company registered under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913 and having its head Office at Powvala Building, 251-253, Hornby Road, within the Fort of Bombay.

THE SUPERINTENDENT OF INSURANCE having his Office at Simla .... Petitioner.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a petition for winding up of the above-named Company by the High Court was on the 27th day of August, 1948, presented to the said High Court on behalf of the said petitioner and that the said petition is directed to be heard before the Hon'ble Judge, hearing Company matters on the 5th day of November, 1948 and any creditor or contributory of the Company desiring either to oppose or to support the making of the order for winding up of the said Company under the above Acts should appear at the time of the hearing by himself or by Counsel for that purpose and a copy of the petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the said Company requiring the same by the undersigned on payment of the regulated charges for the same.

Dated this 30th day of August, 1948.

Petitioner's Attorney.
M. V. JAYAKAR
Solicitor to the Central Government at Bombay.

(1267)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client has contracted to purchase the under-mentioned property standing in the Cantonment records in the names of ELSA ALI KHAN, LENNORD WILLIAMS, BRIAN WILLIAMS, TREVOR WILLIAMS and KENNETH WILLIAMS. All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at Examiner Press Building, 35, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof; otherwise the sale shall be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, shall be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that the occupancy rights in the Plot of land of the Cantonment tenure with the bungalow, outhouses and stables attached thereto situate at 3, Bhairoba Road, Poona Cantonment bearing Survey No. 718 and admeasuring about 1¼ acres and bounded on the East by Bhairoba Nalla, on the West by Bhairoba Road, on the South by Bungalow No. 4 and on the North by Bungalow No. 2.

Dated this 1st day of September, 1948.

D. H. PETIT & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

1271

ORIGINAL
IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
Testamentary & Intestate Jurisdiction
Petition No. 473 of 1948
CITATION.

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the joint family property, standing in the name of MOOLJEE CANJEE, late of Bombay and Cutch Hindu Merchant (retired) residing at the time of his death at Suraya Bazar, Mandvi in Cutch and being a member of a Joint and undivided Hindu family ..... Deceased

LAXMIDAS MOOLJEE, of Cutch Hindu Inhabitant, at present residing at 45-47, Mody Street, within the Fort of Bombay...Petitioner

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

WITNESS MAHOMEDALLI CURRIM CHAGLA, Esquire, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 27th day of August in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and forty eight and in the Twelfth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd/-) S. J.
RAHIMTOOLA
Prothonotary & Senior Master

Sd. A. R.
NARAYAN IYYER
Sealer.

The 27th day of August, 1948.

Messrs. PAYNE & CO.
Petitioners Attorneys

1275

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY INFORMED that SHREE HARSHADRAI JAMNADAS MANIAR is no longer in our employ as from Sep. 1st, 1948. People are requested not to have any dealings with him on our behalf. If they do so, it will be entirely at their risk and responsibility.

JUGATRAM & CO.,
S. T. & Agents,
The Zandu Ph. Works Ltd.,
Bombay.

Bombay, 30-8-1948.

1262

AUCTION SALES

IN ACCORDANCE with section 167 of the Sea Custom Act 1878 under instruction from the Collector of Customs, Bombay MENESSE & CO. will sell by Public Auction on Friday the 10th September 1948 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the New Custom House, Ballard Road, confiscated cotton piece-goods of different varieties, jari, jewellery, brass scrap etc.

ARE YOU **BALD...**

IS YOUR **HAIR GETTING SCANTY?**

Then Try Our Proven and Harmless Preparation.

1. **Helps Grow Hair LONGER**
2. **Prevents Brittle Ends Breaking off**
3. **Grows NEW HAIR and ends BALDNESS**

NOTE:
Preparation ineffective for persons 50 years old and over.

Consult:—

SHEMO CHEMICALS
Rupawala Terrace,
60, Abdul Rehman Street,
Near Imperial Bank,
BOMBAY 3.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.
(Established — December, 1911)

Authorised Capital	Rs.	6,30,00,000
Issued Capital	Rs.	5,77,50,000
Subscribed Capital	Rs.	5,76,16,700
Paid-up Capital	Rs.	3,14,27,300
Reserve and Other Funds	Rs.	3,56,38,000
Deposits as at 30-6-'48	Rs.	1,35,72,46,000

Head Office:—
Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay

DIRECTORS:
Sir Homi Mody, K.B.E., (Chairman), Dinshaw D. Romer, Esquire, Vithaldas Kanji, Esquire, Bapuji Dadabhoy Lam, Esquire, Dharamsey Mulraj Khatau, Esquire, Sir Ardeshir Dalal, K.C.I.E. H. F. Commissariat, Esquire, Cooverji Hormasji Bhabha Esquire, Manmohandas Madhavdas Amersey, Esquire

LONDON AGENTS: Barclay's Bank Limited and Midland Bank Limited.

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Banking business of every description transacted on terms which may be ascertained on application.

H. C. CAPTAIN,
Managing Director.

RENDERS PROMPT AND COURTEOUS SERVICE

The **BANK OF JAIPUR LTD.**
Bombay Office:- COOK'S BUILDING, HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY

The Famous Astrologer

Recipient of many Gold Medals and Certificates from Maharajas, Judges and notables. Annual life reading monthly details Rs. 5 3 questions Rs. 2 (Horoscope or writing time required) Pandit Kalliyur M. SRINIVASACHARIAR
THAPONIDHI Thyagarayanagar, Madras-17.

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20th CENTURY-FOX
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AT
STRAND
Plans Open, Book Now.

See PRITHVIRAJ
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GHADDAAR
Starring:
PRITHVIRAJ, UZRA, MUMTAZ ZOHRA SEGAL, K. DHAWAN, PREMNATH, KAMAL KAPOOR, MONSARAM, SHREERAM & PUSHPA
SUN. 5th, MON. 6th
WED. 8th, 9-30 a.m.
DEEWAR
SAT. 4th and TUES. 7th
9-30 a.m.
PATHAN
FRI. 3rd 9-30 a.m.
Plans open today
Royal Opera House

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Shravan Vad, 13, 2004
Muslim: Savaal 26, 1367
Parsi: Gatha 4, 1317
Sunrise: 6-24, a.m., Sunset 18-33 p.m.
Highttide: 10-35, 22-24
Lowtide: 03-42, 16-44.

Today's Engagements

HARIJAN SEVAK SANGH: A meeting of the Bombay Provincial Board, Harijan Sevak Sangh will be held today (Wednesday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) in the Chamber of the Hon'ble Sjt. V. L. Mehta, the Finance Minister to the Government of Bombay at the Secretariat.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Jehangir Wadia Bldg. Flora Fountain. Public study Class on the subject of "What survives After Death?" 6-15 p.m., today.

SRI KRISHNA SABHA: Jayanti Celebrations. Today at 9 p.m. at Kanti Mahal, Vincent Road, Matunga (G.I.P.)

THE CULTURAL GROUP: Mr. Roushen Murammed will address a lecture on "An Atheist Looks at Life", today (Wednesday), at Arya Bhavan, 1st Floor, near Marwari Vidyalaya Hall, Sandhurst Road, (West). Time 6-30 p.m.

I.N.T.U.C.: Urgent meeting of the Bombay Branch of the Indian National Trade Union Congress will be held today (Wednesday) at 5-30 p.m. at Mazdoor Manzil, Parel.

JAI HIND COLLEGE: The Inaugural Ceremony of the Jai Hind College to be presided over by Hon'ble the Premier Shri B. G. Kher will take place in the Elphinstone College Building (Assembly Hall) today (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m.

SCHOOLS COMMITTEE SPECIAL MEETING: A special meeting of the Schools' Committee will be held at the Corporation at 3-40 p.m. today (Wednesday) in order to consider a requisition asking for the closing of all Municipal Schools and training institutions for one day in honour of the late Mr. K. P. Khadilkar of "Navakal".

ROYAL NORWEGIAN CONSULATE GENERAL: The Norwegian Government has appointed Mr. Herman F. Meyer, Commercial Counsellor to this Consulate General for Norway in India. Mr. Meyer has arrived and taken up his duties.

DASTUR BODE'S LECTURE: Today (Wednesday), at 6-15 p.m., at Petit Fatali Atashkadeh, New Marine Lines. Dastur Framroze Bode will deliver a lecture on "What type of Zoroastrianism the modern Parsis need".

Parle-Andheri Municipality

Government of Bombay have issued a notification extending the life of the present Parle-Andheri Municipality to February 29, 1949 in order to give time for preparing the constitution for introducing the joint electorates.

Goa Underground Leader In City

BOMBAY, Aug. 30 (UPI)—Mr. Vishwanath Loundo and Mr. Mario Rodrigues, underground leaders of Goa who were recently released from the Sawantwadi Jail together with nine others, have arrived in Bombay.

Mr. Vishwanath Loundo in a statement thanks the Government of Bombay for bringing pressure to bear on the Sawantwadi authorities to release them instead of handling them over to the Portuguese Government.

Radio

BOMBAY, Wednesday, Sept. 1.
244 m. (1,231 kc/s).

7-30 a.m. Gunkali (Flute) 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 D. S. Murdheshwar (Flute) 8-45 Swami Vallabhdas (Vocal) 12-0 p.m. Rang Tarang 12-30 Thumri Yan 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Madhur Sur 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Selections from "A Connecticut Yankee" 1-55 Leonald Warren (Baritone) 2-10 Music of Howard Barlow 4-20 School Broadcasts 5-0 Violin Par Burwa By M. V. Saraf 5-15 A. D. Vartak (Patdeep) 5-45 Zawwar Husein (Ghazal and Geet) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Madhubhai Patel (Gujarati Folk Song) 6-30 Swami Vallabhdas (Vocal) 7-0 Topic of Day 7-15 Mat Jaiyo Re Mathura (By A. D. Vartak) 7-30 Chitra Jagat Men (H) 7-45 Raj Kumari (Gujarati Geeto) 8-0 News (M) 8-15 Zawwar Husein (Ghazal and Geet) 8-30 A. D. Vartak (Marathi light songs) 8-45 "Mangalashtak" (G) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News 9-40 Anything Goes 9-45 Anatomy of War (Political Argument) Talk in English by Dr. N. L. Ahmed 10-0 Sardarbai Karad Gekar (Maru Bihag).

VARIATIONS.
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s).

7-40 a.m. Marathi Gani 5-45 p.m. Abdul Kadar Chaush 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners.

61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s).

7-45 p.m. Commercial News 8-0 Gujarati Lok-Geeto 8-15 Abdul Kadar Chaush (Ghazal Amir Minai) 9-0 Sardarbai Karadgekar (Khayal Vilambit aur Druti) 10-0 Hetty Fernandes: Soprano 10-15 City of Birmingham Orchestra 10-45 S. D'Souza: Violoncello.

ALL INDIA RADIO, BOMBAY: Today (Wednesday), All-India Radio will broadcast the fourth and the last talk in the series "Chitrajagat Men". Film actor Motilal will speak on being a film star. This can be heard on 244 and 61.48 metres, at 7-30 p.m.

13TH WEEK!
OMAR KHAYAM'S
TOOTE—TARE
SHAMIM, MRIDULLA
OPERA HOUSE
3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Also showing 2 reel comedy
"MUNSHIJI"
AGHA, CUCKOO
From 2nd Sept., at
ALLWYN TALKIES, Kalyan
Daily: 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
Ad. Booking 9 to 11

Police Chiief Among Rotarians

Commissioner of Police, Mr. Bharucha addressing the Rotarians at the Greens on Tuesday evening.

BOMBAY POLICE TO IMPROVE SYSTEM OF CRIME DETECTION

Special Equipment Ordered From Abroad: Part Of Personnel To Be Trained In Paris, London And New York

BOMBAY, Tuesday

The Bombay Police have ordered new equipment from abroad to help and improve their system of crime detection. They also intend sending some of their men for training to Paris and London and in all likelihood to New York also. One of the proposed innovations is the establishment and organisation of the Forensic Science Laboratory, and the equipment for this department has already been ordered. Besides this, they will have a special wireless section, so that they can immediately contact members of the force wherever they are stationed. Wireless apparatus would be fitted to vans in which their mobile force would police the city. All this is a part of their plan to expand the police force on the most modern lines.

These facts were revealed by Mr. J. S. Bharucha, Commissioner of Police, addressing the Bombay Rotary Club on Tuesday afternoon.

The speaker furnished facts and figures about the internal organisation of the police force and the functions of different departments.

PROHIBITION SECTION

He revealed that the Prohibition Section had at present four fast launches to deal with the smuggling of illicit liquor. This department dealth with an average of 50 to 60 cases a day.

The traffic section, he said, was the hardest worked. They were on duty night and day. Traffic islands and pedestrians crossings had been built and to educate the public in road sense, they were seeking the co-operation of cinema houses. Their officers would be deputed to go around schools to instruct children on the subject.

Social vice was one of the problems which was receiving their immediate attention. In a city like Bombay prostitution could not be completely eliminated, but it could be regulated. At present their efforts were concentrated on preventing the enticement of young girls into the profession. He had himself seen some of these places.

The Commissioner averred that the best men in the force were absorbed by the ACB and the Special Branch. "These are the aristocrats of the force," he said.

The Commissioner said that there was ample evidence that the ACB was the hardest on the members of the force itself. That was why so many cases involving the police had been handled by them. "This does not in any way mean that we are the most corrupt. It merely shows that we do not spare ourselves," he said.

He appealed for public co-operation.

Mr. N. S. Sen, Rotarian President was in the chair.

ANTI-INFLATION MEETING

Asok Mehta Reveals Correspondence With Police

"I am surprised to read", states Asoka Mehta, "the press release of the Director of Publicity in reply to my statement. He charges me with misrepresentation of facts and making a misleading suggestion. The following facts will show who is misleading senting them and who is misleading the public.

Mr. Asok Mehta continues:—

"On Monday, 16th August Mr. Dandavate, the Secretary of the Socialist Party (Bomoay) applied (letters OW/84/48 and OW/85/48) for police permission for taking out a procession and holding a rally with loudspeakers at the Azad Maidan on 29th inst. in connection with our observance of Anti-Inflation Day.

"With a view to explain the importance of the anti-inflation propaganda, I sought an appointment with he Police Commissioner on Friday, 20th inst. He gave me an appointment for that afternoon, at the Municipal Corporation. Even when the Corporation was discussing that day his actions, the Police Commissioner failed to attend the meeting and notwithstanding the appointment given to me the Commissioner failed to come to the Corporation. I, therefore, sent him, through a municipal peon, the letter (OW/84/48 dated 20th inst.) and the explanatory Note that I had prepared to give him after my meeting with him. Next morning when I phoned up the Police Commissioner's Office I was told that he had gone to Poona.

"On Monday, 23rd inst. Mr. Harris and I went and saw the Police Commissioner. He advised us to approach the Government of Bombay for permission for the procession and the rally as he could not see his way to granting them. We went to the Secretariat only to discover that Morarjibhai was still in Delhi and that his P. A. could not tell us when exactly he would be back.

"On 24th inst. the Secretary of the Socialist Party, received the following letter (B714/312 of 1948) from the Police Commissioner signed on his behalf by one, Mr. A. G. Thomas 'with reference to your letter No. OW/84/48 and OW/85/48 dated 16th August 1948, I write to inform you that there is no objection to your holding a public meeting in connection with the Anti-Inflation Day at 6-30 p.m. on 29th August, 1948, at Azad Maidan, Bombay. Permission to take out a procession cannot be granted.'

PERMISSION FOR PROCESSION WITHDRAWN

'Later, on the same day, the Secretary of the Socialist Party received another letter from the Police Commissioner, once again signed by the said Thomas, which read as follows:

'With refrence to your letters dated 20th August 1948, I write to inform you that there is no objection to your holding meetings at 6-30 p.m. on 24th 25th, 26th, 27th and 28th Aug. 1948 at Poddar College Hall, Bombay.

Permission to take out a procession which will end in a meeting at the Azad Maidan in connection with the Anti-Inflation Day on 29th August 1948, is also granted. Permission to instal loud-speakers at the meetings is also granted'. This letter is numbered B748/312 of 1948, that is it was written and dispatched after the other letter, quoted, above, which is numbered B714/312 of 1948.

"On the evening of 27th instant the secretary of the Socialist Party received another letter (No. B-920/312 of 1948) signed, for the Police Commissioner, by Mr. Mackenzie, which reads as follows: 'In continuation of this office letter No. B-748/312 dated the 24th August 1948 I write to inform you that the permission for the procession granted therein has been withdrawn.'

"The facts, therefore, are that on the 23rd the Police Commissioner orally told me that permission was not likely to be granted either for the procession or the public meeting on the 29th. On 24th we got a letter from him giving us permission for the meeting though not for the procession. Later on that day, another letter came from him which gave us permission for the procesion also. On the 27th that permission was withdrawn.

"The Director of Publicity has twisted facts when he writes that I saw the Police Commissioner after permission for holding the meeting on the 29th was granted and the permission for the procession had been refused. I saw the Commissioner on the 23rd morning, while the reply referred to in the Director of Publicity was sent by the Police Commissioner's office to us on the 24th inst.

"The permission for the procession was not cancelled on the same day as the Director of Publicity asserts. It was withdrawn after three days on 27th instant.

"The Director of Publicity has further failed to offer any explanation for sending the permission for meeting on 10th and 11th August so as to reach us on 12th August! Perhaps that too, was 'an unfortunate clerical error'.

"The Director of Publicity should learn to gracefully admit a mistake, rather than distort facts and condemn, without basis in facts, publicmen."

J. M. Kumarappa In Favour Of Foreign Experts

BOMBAY, Monday: Dr. J. M. Kumarappa, Director of the Tata School of Social Sciences said at a meeting of the Bombay Presidency Women's Council, which he addressed at the B.E.S.T. Hall this afternoon, that he was completely in favour of inviting foreign social service experts to India. He added that such a step was very necessary in view of the extremely backward state of Indian villages.

Dr. Kumarappa revealed that the Tata Institute had asked the United Nations for the supply of some experts in criminology and penology. They were expected to be available by 1950.

Mrs. Mithan Lam presided over the meeting.

WEATHER

WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, Aug. 31, (A. P. I.): Following is the weather summary for Tuesday, 31st August, 1948.

Observations from north-west India and the United Provinces are lacking.

Rainfall has been widespread in Assam, West Bengal, Central India, the north Central Provinces, the south Konkan and north Malabar and local elsewhere in north-east India.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 1ST SEPTEMBER: Rainfall may decrease in Assam, west Central India and the north Central Provinces and increase in Orissa and Gangetic West Bengal. Widespread rain will occur in West Bengal, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, Central India, East Rajputana, the South Konkan and north Malabar. There will be local rain over the region from the East Punjab to Assam and in the Central Provinces, East Gujarat, south Malabar, the north Konkan and along the north Madras coast.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING: Isolated heavy falls of rain may occur along the Orissa coast during the next 48 hours.

WEATHER CHART

POONA, Aug. 31, (A. P. I.): Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st June 1948 and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours (I. S. T.), on 31st August, 1948:—

Ahmedabad 85 76 0.1 7.9 minus 16.1, Allahabad 87 76 0.7 47.4 plus 19.8, Bangalore 82 66 0.1 22.1 plus 10.3, Baroda 89 77 0 10.6 —, BOMBAY 86 79 T 53.0 minus 3.7, Calcutta 85 79 0.5 37.3 minus 0.1, Cochin 82 75 0.3 77.4 plus 11.7, Colombo 85 78 0 20.8 plus 3.8, Cuttack 86 77 0.7 37.3 plus 1.1, Dehra-Dun 86 73 T 60.1 minus 3.6, Delhi 89 78 0 21.6 plus 3.7, Gwalior 88 75 2.8 32.2 —, Hyderabad (Dn.) 87 72 0 16.6 plus 0.9, Indore 74 70 0.2 30.5 plus 5.4, Jaipur 88 74 0.4 18.5 plus 0.5, Lucknow 91 78 0.4 34.9 plus 7.0, Madras 99 79 T 7.5 minus 2.5, Mysore 81 66 0 11.4 plus 3.0, Nagpur 82 72 0.1 28.3 minus 5.5, Ootacamund 63 51 0 16.2 minus 4.4, Pachmarhi 69 65 0.8 71.9 plus 12.8, Patna 92 81 0.2 26.0 minus 5.9, Poona 84 70 0.1 14.1 minus 0.5, Rajkot 88 76 0.1 5.8 minus 14.1, Ranchi 85 74 0 36.3 minus 1.3, Shillong 75 65 0.6 60.7 plus 16.4, Simla 66 59 1.0 36.3 minus 2.9.

NEW SPECIFIC FOR FILARIA

Late Indian Scientist's Achievement

BOMBAY, Aug. 31 (A.P.I.): The perfection of a new specific for the cure of filariasis—a tropical disease said to be affecting some 200,000,000 people in India, Far East, North and Central Africa—was one of the last big scientific achievements of Dr. Yellapragada Subba Row, a noted Indian scientist, who died ten days ago in the United States.

This drug called, Hetrazan, was synthesised by him, aided by a team of scientific research workers at the Lederle Laboratories Division of the American Cyanamid Company, Dr. Row's professional friends here recalled today.

Dr. Subba Row, who was interested "in everything from liver extracts to orchids", also made a special contribution to the cure of cancer and pernicious anaemia.

PLAGUE CASES REPORTED IN AMBERNATH MILLS

From Our Correspondent
KALYAN, Aug. 31

Some half a dozen plague cases were reported from Ambernath Woollen and Silk mills. It is learnt that some time back some rats were fallen and died but the mill authorities took no notice of it, and, consequently, the present cases were reported. The Health Department people took immediate steps and all the attacked people are believed to be safe. No further cases are reported now.

J. Krishna Murti's Poona Programme

POONA, August 31. (A.P.I.): Mr. J. Krishna Moorthy, the celebrated Indian theosophist has arrived in Poona and will deliver a series of lectures at the Titak Memorial Hall commencing from September 1st.

Works Committees

The Government of Bombay have issued orders requiring 206 industrial establishments in the city of Bombay, its suburbs and the province generally to set up Works Committees immediately, as prescribed in Industrial Disputes Act. The Committee will, as provided in the Act, comprise representatives of workers and employers, the object being to iron out any industrial dispute in the establishments by joint consultations and discussion.

TRAINING IN USE OF STEN-GUNS

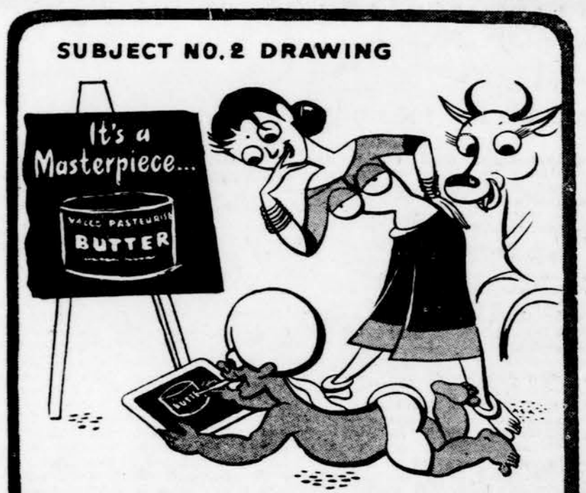
(From Our Correspondent)
AHMEDABAD, August 31.

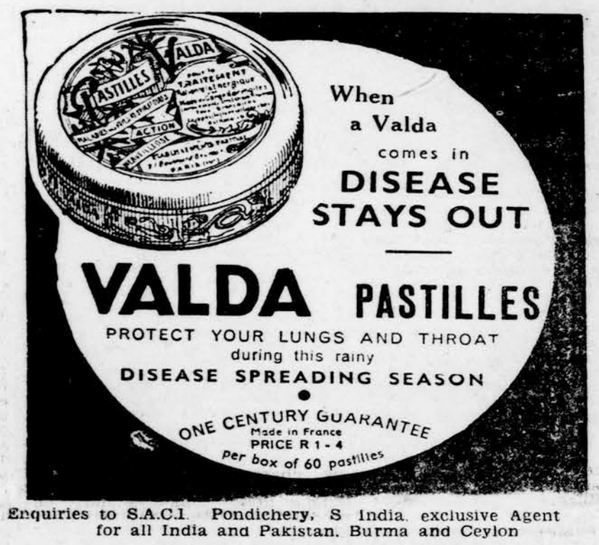
It is reliably learnt that after the advent of freedom for the first time the Bombay Government has prepared a scheme of imparting training in Sten-guns and arms to several police sub-inspectors of the province and that this scheme will be implemented shortly. It has already started in Ahmedabad and training in Sten-gun being given to several selected young sub-inspectors.

Oone more case of corruption in the Railway Co. is traced. One ticket collector who was found allowing travellers to go after taking money has been arrested by the police anr he is being prosecuted.

A bill has been gazetted to extend the life of the Bombay Essential Commodities and Cattle (control) Act of 1946, for a period of another two years.

The District Magistrate of Kanara, has extended the order by which no arms and ammunition can be sold to licence holders without a permit, for a further of two months.





Enquiries to S.A.C.I. Pondichery, S. India, exclusive Agent for all India and Pakistan, Burma and Ceylon

PICTURE OF NATIONAL SIGHT
in a complete coverage of 15th Aug., 1947 celebrations and the homage to the Indian leaders—
HUA SAVERA
DRAWING CROWDED HOUSES
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at 1-30, 4, 7, 10 — A LIBERTY ART RELEASE —

THEY MET ....the TWO PAIRS
They SAW .... and CUPID played his craziest game with the aid of circumstances to provide 1001 laughs that will tickle you!

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PEARL RELEASE
MUNAWAR SULTANA, ULHAS, MADHUBALA, SHERI
W. M. KHAN and A. SHAH (SHIKARPURI).
2ND WEEK
LAMINGTON Daily: 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Sun., Hol. Mat. at 1-15 p.m. Bookings 10 to 11-30 and 4-30 to 6
JAI HIND Daily: 1, 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 Booking 10 a.m. to 6-30 p.m.

From FRIDAY
CITY-LIGHT
MATUNGA (B.B.)
Daily 1-15, 4, 6-45, & 9-30 P.M.
PRABHAKAR PICTURE
VALMIKI
SHANTA APTE, PRITHVIRAJ
Last 2 Days: ..... MEERA

ASHOK KUMAR, KANAN
are stirringly great in
PIONEER Pictures'
CHANDRASEKHAR
Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-30 p.m
CAPITOL
Booking: 9-30 to 12-30 and 2-30 to 5-30
BROADWAY
Booking: 4 to 6 p.m
A JAIHIND [illegible]

HYDERABAD FACES HUGE DEFICIT

Blames India For Intensifying Economic Blockade

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Aug. 31 (API): Hyderabad is faced with a deficit budget of Rs. 3,18,00,000 for the year 1948-49, Nawab Moin Nawaz Jung, Hyderabad's Finance Minister, told the Hyderabad Legislative Assembly to-day.

The deficit for the current year 1947-48 is Rs. 4,34,00,000 against the originally estimated surplus of Rs. 5,00,000. The capital expenditure for 1947-48 and 1948-49 respectively is estimated at Rs. 7,23,00,000 and Rs. 7,50,00,000 against Rs. 2,99,00,000 during 1946-47. The deficit for the coming year is to be met by increased taxation and by drawing from the post-war development reserves.

The Finance Minister said that the various reserves stood at Rs. 101 crores. To meet capital expenditure during 1947-48 the Government had to sell the Government of India securities to the tune of Rs. 27,92,00,000 as it was not possible to raise any fresh loan during the year. The Finance Minister attributed the loss of income due to economic blockade and increased cost of security measures to counter "Indian-inspired subversive elements."

The Finance Minister also revealed that a sum of Rs. 10 crores in private holding had gone out of the state due to the "ruthless campaign of malicious propaganda by interested parties."

The major heads of expenditure are:

Army: Rs. 2,90,00,000 in 1947/48 as against Rs. 2,09,00,000 in 1946/47;

Police:—Rs. 2,58,00,000 against Rs. 2,28,00,000 in 1947/48 and Rs 1,38,00,000 in 1946/47.

Jails:—Rs. 18,00,000 as against Rs. 16,00,000 in 1947/48 and Rs. 8,00,000 in 1946/47.

Political charges (which include expenditure on information bureau) Rs. 30,00,000 as against Rs. 40,00,000 in 1947/48 and Rs. 17,00,000 in 1946/47.

The budget estimates for 1948/49 are:

Revenue receipts: Rs. 24,14,00,000 (including Rs. 90,00,000 expected to be realised from the new sales tax).

Service expenditure: Rs. 25,42,00,000 and revised estimates for 1947/48 are:

Revenue receipts: Rs. 22,28,00,000 and Service expenditure: Rs. 26,62,00,000.

Presenting the deficit Budget of over three crores for the year 1948-49 before the Hyderabad Legislative Assembly today, Nawab Moin Nawaz Jung, Hyderabad's Finance Minister said, "the extraordinary economic and financial difficulties through which Hyderabad has passed during the last one year is not because of any inherent weakness or shortcomings of her own but due to activities of her neighbours, and the patience and endurance exhibited by the Government and the people of Hyderabad find no parallel in history of the world. It is a matter of singular pride for me that I have been entrusted with the responsibility of conducting the financial affairs of the State at this critical hour in its history."

The Budget estimates reveal a net deficit of 228.18 lakhs and a gross deficit of 318.18 lakhs, 90 lakhs being expenditure to be realised by the only new tax envisaged in the Budget—a General Sales Tax of two pies in a rupee.

ACCUSES INDIA

Tracing the background of the Standstill Agreement between India and Hyderabad and its working during the past year, the Finance Minister charged India with repeated breaches of the agreement and characterised India's counter-charges as "baseless". Instead of accepting arbitration as provided for under the agreement India has intensified the blockade.

Considering that the cost of living index in the country had gone from 260 last year to nearly 310 and the imperative need was to step up agricultural and industrial production, "it is a matter of great surprise and dismay for us that the Indian Union which considers India including Hyderabad as an economic unit, should have resorted to the imposition on Hyderabad of ruthless economic blockade, ignoring the fact that any disruption of the economic structure of Hyderabad will have a far-reaching and adverse effect on the economic life of India herself"

RE-IMPOSITION OF CONTROLS

As regards the danger of inflation the Finance Minister said: "The economic blockade imposed by the Indian Government is interfering with the measures that Hyderabad is adopting for combating inflationary tendencies, but the Government is taking necessary steps to reduce public expenditure on the one hand and to properly canalise surplus capital and increase production on the other hand." The question of re-imposition of controls was also engaging the Government's attention he said.

He appealed to the people to exercise thrift and invest their savings with the Government. The blockade and border incidents, the Minister went on to say, had on the one hand had resulted in the fall in revenue and important sources like customs, land revenue, excise, forests and railways, and an increase in the expenditure on security measures on the other hand.

There have also been some delay in establishing necessary machinery for the collection of Income-tax and other new taxes due to dearth of trained technical staff.

APOLOGIA FOR FOREIGN EXCHANGE ORDINANCE

Declaring that there has been a flight of ten crores of private holdings from the State, the Minister said: "to avoid the spread of unnecessary panic among the public, the Government continued to supply to the public currency as long as circumstances permitted, but in view of the recent illegal and unconstitutional restrictions imposed by the Indian Government, the Nizam's Government have been forced to promulgate the Hyderabad Foreign Exchange Regulation Ordinance to stop further flight to the capital. By doing so the Nizam's Government have succeeded in conserving their available resources for the legitimate needs of the country."

However, the Minister added, the attitude of the Reserve Bank towards the releases from its locked account "had denied Hyderabad even means for import of chlorine and medicines" and stoppage of Sterling and Dollar supply to Hyderabad students in the United Kingdom and the United States had left 200 students stranded in those countries.

PREPARED TO FACE CONTINUOUS BLOCKADE

With regard to the possibility of continued enforcement of the blockade, the Finance Minister said: "even if the economic blockade continued, Hyderabad's financial position and its resources have secured such firm footing that it will be able to face unfavourable circumstances without any serious detriment to its financial system for a long time."

"LIFE OF NATIONALIST MUSLIMS IN DANGER"

Hyderabad State Congress Leader's Warning

NEW DELHI, Aug. 30, (UPI.): "The situation in Hyderabad is fast deteriorating and I am afraid the impatient elements among the people are likely to react suddenly in the near future and we may be caught napping. The Ittihad and the Razakars having intensified their activities, the life of pro-Congress persons, specially Muslims, is in immediate danger", observed Mr. B. Ramakrishna Rao, a prominent member of the Hyderabad State Congress who has come here on a short visit, in the course of an interview with the United Press of India.

Ban On Pakistan And Hyderabad Broadcasts

INDORE, Aug. 29 (API).—Listening in or tuning in public of the Pakistan and Hyderabad State news broadcast has been banned in some districts of the Madhyabharat Union namely Indore, Nemawar and Garoth. Similar orders are likely to be issued in other districts of the Union.

Half a dozen Muslims have been taken into custody here by the Madhyabharat police on charges of spying for the Nizam's Government.

TAKING OVER OF SANDUR

Press Reports Denied

NEW DELHI, Aug. 30 (API): Official quarters here to-day denied the report appearing in a section of the press that the administration of Sandur State was taken over because of the anti-Indian Union activities of the Raja and said that the report was "entirely without foundation."

Sandur is a small island in Bellary district, Madras with an area of 158 square miles and a population of 15 thousand. Official quarters further stated that the administration of the State was taken over pending conclusion of merger agreement in view of the fact that it was not a "viable unit" and without any future of its own except by mergering itself into Madras. This view had also been endorsed by the people of the State through the Praja Parishad.

MAHAJAN'S ADDRESS TO BHAVNAGAR MAHARAJA

(From Our Correspondent)

BHAVNAGAR, August 31.

Being appointed as Governor of Madras, H. H. the Maharaja of Bhavnagar will be given an address by Bhavnagar Mahajan on 3rd September, while another function will be held by the Congress Committee, the Chamber of Commerce and the municipality on 4th September.

A feature of the address will be that it will be written (engraved) on copper, that is on 'tamrapatra'.

Rajaji's New A.-D.-C.

NEW DELHI, Aug. 31, (API): Capt. Munwar G. S. Bedi has been appointed A. D. C. to H. E. the Governor-General in place of Capt. J. Raja Buhadar Narendar Singh, who has been selected as probationer for the Indian Foreign Service.

Japs Working For Allies Canpot Strike

TOKYO, Aug. 31, (U. P. A.): The Japanese Government ruled today that no Japanese employed by the Allied occupation could strike or bargain collectively.

The ruling affected about 200,000 Japanese working for Allied forces from General Headquarters, statisticians to house boys. Although they may not strike or bargain there is no rule forbidding them to organize into unions, if they wish.

READING ROOMS IN LABOUR AREAS

Post-War Reconstruction Measure

The Government of Bombay has approved a scheme, prepared by the Director of Labour Welfare, as a Post-War Reconstruction measure, for widening the reading room and library activities in labour localities of the Province. Assistance will be given by way of supply of books and periodicals to institutions that are willing to bear a minimum of 25 per cent of the recurrent cost of running reading rooms and circulating library posts.

During the current year, a reading room and a circulating library post each will be started at 200 institutions in the Province. Their distribution will be as follows: Bombay (110), Ahmedabad (50), Sholapur (25), Khandesh District (20) and Hubli (5).

CLOTH QUOTA FOR BOMBAY

Govt. To Make Agreement With Sales Union

AHMEDABAD, August 31. (A.P.I.): The Government of Bombay have, it is understood, decided to appoint the District Purchase and Sales Union, a co-operative body, to purchase from Ahmedabad mills the quota of cloth allotted to Bombay province are distribute it to the district agents. The representatives of the Union were recently summoned to Bombay by Mr. Dinkerrao Desai, Minister of Civil Supplies, for discussion the terms of the agreement to be made with Government. The agreement is expected to be signed in a day or two.

Breach Of Food Control Order

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Alleged to have entertained more than 24 persons at a dinner, 60 persons including the host Rajaram Vishweshar and five servers were arrested by the Crime Branch of the Bombay C.I.D. to-day. They were later produced before Mr. J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon police court and enlarged on bail pending further investigation.

ALLEGED BOGUS REPORTER TRAPPED

Caught While Receiving Illegal Gratification?

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Alleged to have posed as the reporter of a city newspaper and demanded Rs. 500 as a consideration for withholding publication of a report regarding some criminal case pending against the complainant in the present case, James Peter Noronha, described by the police as a person without "any ostensible means of subsistence", was trapped by the Anti-Corruption Branch of the Bombay Police yesterday and produced before Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate, this morning.

It was alleged that the compainant agreed to pay the accused Rs. 100 and reported the matter to the A.C.B. The accused was called to a certain office yesterday to receive the money. Panchas and an officer of the A.C.B.—all disguised—were present in the office, and the accused is alleged to have accepted the money which was in marked notes. He was immediately arrested.

The accused was asked to furnish a bail of Rs. 1,000 by the police and on his inability to furnish the required surety, he was kept in the police lock-up last night. The magistrate directed him to be released on the same bail.

"CAMBRIDGE EXAM" HOAX

Appeal Admitted

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Weston and Mr. Justice Chainani).

Vinayak Hari Deshpande .. Appellant (Accused).

vs

Imperator ..... Respondent.

This was an appeal by one of the accused against the conviction and sentence of 9 months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 1,000 passed by the Presidency Magistrate Bandra. The trial magistrate had also convicted another accused one Ramaswami Raghavasastri Iyer and sentenced him to 15 months' rigorous imprisonment. The appeal arose out of the sensational "Oxford and Cambridge University Board" case on Monday their lordships admitted the appeal filed by Deshpande which will now come up for hearing in due course.

Iyer was alleged to have conducted classes for Cambridge University examinations and also to have held "examinations" in the Maratha High School of which Deshpande was a former principal, and to have issued false "certificates" printed in a press at Girgaum. On benalf of the appellant it was contended that he had himself been duped into believing that Iyer's appointment as Chief Examiner was genuine and had admitted his own son to the classes conducted by Iyer.

Mr. K. J. Khandalavala with Mr. V. H. Kamat appeared for the appellant.

Rockfeller Foundation

BANGALORE, Aug. 31 (UPI): The "United Press of India" reliably understands that Messrs. Rockfeller Foundation are planning to shift their headquarters in India, from New Delhi to Bangalore.

In this connection, Mysore's Health Minister, Mr. Mohamed Sherriff is assisting Messrs. Rockfeller in procuring them suitable accommodation and other necessary facilities.

PRINTING AND PUBLISHING

Provincial Government's Permission Necessary

The Director of Publicity, Government of Bombay writes:—

A number of cases of contravention of the Paper Control (Economy) Order have been reported to the Government. Certain sections of the public do not seem to be aware of the Order. The Government, therefore, wishes to inform all concerned that under the provisions of that Order prior permission of the Provincial Government is necessary for operating printing presses publishing books and manufacturing articles from paper namely exercise books, account books etcetera.

Loan Applications: Refugees Exempted From Stamp Duty

The Government of Bombay has remitted the stamp duty payable on applications for loans and documents required to be executed by refugees in that connection.

The refugees who have already paid stamp duty are not, however, entitled for the refund of the same.

Premier To Tour Merged Gujarat States

Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, will leave Bombay, on Thursday, September 2, on a tour of some of the Gujarat States merged into Province and return on Tuesday, September 7.

Lodhavade Carries Village Improvement Shield

"It was the wish of Mahatma Gandhi that the tiller of the soil should learn to administer his own affairs in the village and the ceremony that is now taking place seems to me a part of the whole scheme conceived by Gandhiji, towards the fulfilment of his wish and I am really happy to award this shield to you in recognition of your useful activities for the improvement of your village," thus observed Mr. G. D. Tapase, Minister for Industries' Fisheries, and Backward Classes, while awarding the Village Improvement Shield to Lodhavade, Taluka Koregaon, District Satara on August 29. Village Lodhavada stood first among the villages of the six districts in the area.

The shield that was awarded was not the usual shield: it was an iron plough, which the Industries Minister called the real symbol of agricultural life, and hoped that the plough that he was presenting would not remain idle but would herald a happy and prosperous life to the village.

Poona Ban On Arms Dealings Extended

The ban on the dealings in arms in Poona District has been extended for another two months, from September 2.

Collective Fine On Sholapur

SHOLAPUR, Aug. 31. (API): A collective fine of Rs. 8,000 has been imposed on certain parts of Sholapur, which were the scenes of communal disturbances in July and August, 1947 when 17 persons were killed.

It is proposed to pay compensation to the families of the dead out of the fine.

NETHERLANDS CONSUL'S RECEPTION

Golden Jubilee Of Queen Wilhelmina's Reign Celebrated

BOMBAY, Tuesday:

The Golden Jubilee of Her Majesty Queen Wilhelmina's rule and the accession of Her Royal Highness Princess Juliana to the throne of the Netherlands was celebrated at a party given here by the Royal Netherlands Consul and Madam G. Velthorst on board the S.S. "Aagtekerk" today.

The Prime Minister of Bombay, Mr. B. G. Kher, the Home Minister, Mr. Morarji Desai, the Mayor and the Lord Bishop were received by the Netherlands Consul on board the gaily decorated ship which was crowded with members of the Netherlands community in the city and high officials of the Government. Consuls of the various nations in the city were present.

GLORIOUS PERIOD

Monsiuer G. Velthorst, the Consul, said that the culmination of 50 years of reign over the Netherlands by Queen Wilhelmina was occasion for glorious rejoicing in that the rule of the Queen and her record as Sovereign were highly respected and admired throughout the world. "She all along kept up the tradition of the House of Orange," he said amidst cheers.

He hailed the accession of Princess Juliana to the Netherlands Throne as a unique event and said it augured well for the continuation of the noble traditions set by Queen Wilhelmina. She had established her reputation and was "enshrined in the hearts of the Netherlandish people," he said.

The gathering sang the Netherlands National Anthem joyously and the ship echoed with the shouts of the Netherlands Community welcoming the great event at home.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT AND LINGUISTIC PROVINCES

BOMBAY, Aug. 31. (UPI): The Bombay Government has not yet considered the questionnaire received by it from the Linguistic Provinces Commission appointed by the President of the Indian Constituent Assembly.

This was disclosed by Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, in an interview to the United Press of India, today.

Mr. Kher said that the Bombay Cabinet had not taken any decision in regard to the questionnaire which had been received from the Commission, and added that as there was a resolution before the Bombay Legislative Assembly on the same subject, the Provincial Cabinet would shortly take a decision on the subject, defining its attitude to the resolution.

No Ban On Chlorine Export To Pakistan

NEW DELHI, Aug. 31, (UPI): The Government of India in a Press Note issued today, have denied that they had imposed any ban on the export of chlorine to Pakistan.

The press note said: Far from banning the export of chlorine to Pakistan, the Government of India allowed the export of the full quantity asked for by Messrs. I. C. I. (India) Ltd., and also agreed at a moment's notice to allow the export from Port Okha when approached to do so."

HARNESS SCIENCE FOR HUMAN WELL-BEING

Call To Intellectuals To Raise Voice In Cause Of Peace

WROCLAW (Poland), Aug 30 (UPI) —Emphasising that nations of the world do not wish war and they possess sufficient strength to defend peace and culture against new fascism, the Congress or Intellectuals in defence of Peace, in a manifesto today calls upon all intellectuals of the world to raise their voices for peace, cultural progress of nations and for their national independence and close co-operation.

The manifesto says: 'Human culture was only recently saved by supreme exertion of all democratic forces at the cost of unparalleled sacrifices and privations; and yet, contrary to the will and aspirations of peoples of all countries, a handful of selfish men in America and Europe who inherited from fascism its ideals of racial superiority and negation of progress and its tendency to settle all problems by force of arms, are again making attempts against spiritual wealth of nations of the world.

"Contrary to reason and conscience, oppression of human beings and whole nations which the oppressors style as coloured, continues and even increases. People who have borrowed methods of fascism practice racial discrimination within their countries and persecute progressive workers. Scinentific discoveries which might benefit humanity are used for secret production of means of destruction, which tends to distort lifty mission of science.

"The Congress protests against the utilisation of science for the purpose of destruction and calls upon the peoples to bend all their efforts towards disseminating knowledge widely throughout the world, towards the application of science in order to reduce, as swiftly as possible, poverty, ignorance, disease and want, affecting majority of the mankind.

WORLD COUNCIL OF CHURCHES

Four Indians Elected Of Central Committee

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 30 (Reuter): Four Indians were today elected members of the Central Committee of the Governing Council of the World Council of Churches now in Session here. They are: Church of South India, Mr. G. V. Job; Federation of Evangelical Lutheran Churches of India, Rev. H. J. Lazarus; Syrian Church of Malabar, Metropolitan Mar Thoma Juhanon; Orthodox Syrian, Metropolitan A. Theodosios.

Others elected were: now in session here: Indonesia: Protestant Church of Timor, Rev., Alex Rottl;

Japan: Church of Christ in Japan, Rev. M. Kozaki;

China: Anglican Church in China, Bishop Y .Y. Tsu; Church of Christ in China, Ev K. T. Li; Provinces in China of the Methodist Church, Bishop Y. W. Chen.

'Fortieth Convention Of Rotary International

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31, (U.P.I.): New York City will be the scene of the Rotary International 40th annual convention to be held on June 12, 1949. The Organization is composed of 5,000 Rotary Clubs all over the World. Members are business and professionalmen whose purpose is to foster good business ethics and international understanding. The first club was chartered in Chicago-Illinois, in 1905. It is estimated that 30,000 delegates representing different geographic regions will attend next year's convention.

BUILDING SITES IN THE NEW CAPITAL OF EAST PUNJAB

1. Persons, firms or institutions wishing to buy or lease sites in the new Capital of East Punjab to be located near Chandigarh in the Kharar Tahsil of the Ambala district, should apply to the undersigned in the form reproduced below.
2. Printed copies of forms will be available in Hindi, Gurmukhi and English from the offices of all the Deputy Commissioners of Districts in East Punjab, all Tahsildars, District Publicity Officers and the undersigned. Applications can also be made on typed copies of the form below:—

APPLICATION FORM FOR THE ALLOTMENT OF LAND IN THE NEW CAPITAL FOR —

(a) Residence.
(b) Business or Commerce.
(c) Industry.
(d) Other purposes.

1. Name of (i) person, (ii) firm, or (iii) institution.

(IN BLOCK LETTERS)

2. Present address.
3. Father's (or manager's in case of (ii) and (iii) name and address).
4. Profession or trade engaged in.
5. Purpose for which land is required. State whether it is for —
   (a) residence,
   (b) business or commerce,
   (c) industry,
   (d) any other purpose which may be specified.
6. Area of land required in Kanals and Marlas.

Purpose	Area	
	Kanals	Marlas
Residence		
Business or Commerce		
Industry.		
Any other purpose.		

7. State whether you wish to purchase the land or acquire it on long lease.
8. Do you own a house or shop in East Punjab? If so, where?
9. Are you a refugee? If so, from which district and what was your previous occupation?
10. Did you own any shop, house, business or industrial concern in West Punjab? If so, where, and give particulars in brief.
11. Date by which the land is actually wanted.

Signature _____

Date _____

A. L. FLETCHER,
I. C. S.
Secretary to Government, East Punjab,
Medical, Local Government, Industries Departments
and Officer on Special Duty (Capital).

INVESTIGATION INTO REPORTS OF SUPPRESSED VACANCIES

Govt. Prepared To Requisition Vacant Bunglows, Says Kunte

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mr. D. K. Kunte, Chief Parliamentary Secretary in charge of the requisitioning and allotment of housing accommodation, told newspapermen this morning that his depatment hoped to clear off all arrears regarding investigation into reports of suppressed vacancies in Bombay before the end of September.

He was unable to give the number of accommodation allotments made to date but said no less than 8,500 reports had been investigated by the end of July. Landlords were giving intimations regarding vacancies at the low rate of 100 per month.

Mr. Kunte said that Government was prepared to requisition vacant bungalows of "merchant princes" if authentic information was available.

The Department, Mr. Kunte stated, had received 6,000 reports about suppressed vacancies upto May 20 and later on by the end of July the figure rose to 8,500. All these reports had been enquired into by the Inspectors and it was hoped to complete looking into the reports received after that period by the end of September, when no arrears would be left pending.

To date, 5,459 reports about suppressed vacancies had been actually investigated on the spot, out of the total number. It turned out that no less than 2,906 of these were incorrect. The reports that were awaiting investigation now numbered 2,469.

Mr. Kunte said that the number of applications received from accomodation-seekers was 35,212 and had been classified into different categories. Information from land-lords regarding vacancies were coming at the rate 100 per month and he felt "the class of landlords has not improved in this respect."

Exchange of premises between persons in India and Pakistan had been accepted whenever the cases were "bona fide". Such exchange inside Bombay was consented to, after the applications were considered on their "merits".

The Chief Parliamentary Secretary stated that so far as sale of business and subsequent transfer of tenants was concerned, there were no arrears in the scrutiny of applications and no delays in taking decisions on bona fide cases. In the case of tenants the policy was not to go against the court dictates.

Between July and August 27 landlords had written to Government giving intimation about new constructions. A number of them had been consented to. With regard to constructions between December 1947 and May this year, Mr. Kunte's department had contacted land-lords and were investigating how and why they had allotted their premises.

Fifty-eight cases were pending before the High Court in connection with requisitioning disputes and "we are awaiting the decisions with great interest," Mr. Kunte said.

Not a single report from landlords in the suburbs had been received by his department concerning vacancies, though 1,599 applications had been received asking for allotments. Since July 3 Government Inspectors had investigated 106 reports about suppressed vacancies and at present 406 were pending. There were 5 reports regarding new premises and decisions in three of them had been taken. Mr. Kunte claimed there were no arrears in this connection.

Mr. Kunte was asked whether he was aware of the fact that "merchant princes" were keeping two or more bungalows vacant. He replied: "We agree to requisition them if you can give exact information."

The Chief Parliamentary Secretary said he was unable to give the figures of allotments to date. He agreed that the figures were vital but regretted his inability to supply them at the moment.

He denied that allotment of premises had been suspended during the last week on the Premier's orders, as mentioned in some circles.

QUESTION: "Are you aware of the fact that a large number of complaints have been made against the shabby treatment being given by your office to persons coming for enquiries?

Mr. KUNTE: This is a very serious matter and I will be glad to go into the complaints, if any.

The Chief Parliamentary Secretary promised that relations between his department and the press would be made more intimate and cordial in the future and that all enquiries from the public and the press would be looked into expeditiously.

WAKE UP YOUR LIVER BILE—

Without Calomel—And You'll Jump Out of Bed in the Morning Rarin' to Go

The liver should pour 2 pints of bile juice into your bowels every day. If this bile is not flowing freely, your food may not digest. It may just decay in the bowels. Then gas bloats up your stomach. You get constipated. You feel sour, sunk and the world looks punk.

It takes those good, old Carter's Little Liver Pills to get these 2 pints of bile flowing freely to make you feel "up and up." Get a package today. Take as directed. Effective in making the bile flow freely. Ask for CARTER'S Little Liver Pills.

AVAILABLE EX. STOCKS:

1. Small Hand Pumps.
2. Semi Rotary Hand Pumps—of all Sizes.
3. Centrifugal Pumps—with F & L Pulleys
4. 6 to 11 H. P. Oil Engines.
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W. R. TALWALKER

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Olympic Stastics Will Take Three Months To Compile

BRITISH ATHLETES RETURN TO "NORMAL" ROUTINE

LONDON, August 29. (Reuter): Of the 6.000 Competitors and Officials representing 59 Nations who took part in the Olympic Games only a handful remain in England. They are at Richmond Park where a party of 70 Indians are waiting until September four when they travel home in the steamship "Circassia". There are also a small party of Cubans with a few remaining representatives of Uruguay. Trinidad and Pakistan providing company for Singapore's one-man team Valberz.

At the height of the Games about 25 different centres were used for the accommodation of competitors and officials and with the exception of Richmond all are now closed. Deadline for Richmond is when the Indians leave on September 4th.

The Nine Middlesex Schools occupied by male competitors have been handed back to the County authorities and will now be got ready for the return of the school children next month after their long summer holiday.

The three Women's Colleges which housed girl competitors for the games have also been handed back as have schools in other areas.

Two big Royal Air Force Camps at Uxbridge and West Drayton have now reverted to the Air Ministry while shops, banks and other offices erected for the period of the games have been closed.

Equipment on loan from the Ministry of Works at the various centres has been returned and there is at all centres which played their part in the Olympic Games with the exception of Richmond an air of desertion now that the overseas representatives have bid farewell to London.

Although most of the competing athletes and officials at the Olympic Games have dispersed to their own countries and the British are back to their everyday occupation it will be many months before everything connected with the games is wound up and "finis" is written to the 1948 Olmpiad.

It is not kown yet exactly how many people attended or what the final balance sheet reveals.

The Games Headquarters in London still provide a hive of industry as attendance figures and receipts are examined and collated and all these facts will be checked and rechecked before the official statement giving the final position is made known. Three months is an estimate of how long all this will take.

The catering side, too, is still active and Mr. S. G. Briault, Housing and Catering Manager for the Games, who has a certain amount of stock to dispose of apart from drawing up his final balance sheet doubts whether he will clear up everything before next spring.

Woodcock-Oma Fight Over Only Eight Rounds

LONDON, Aug. 31 (UPA): European heavy-weight champion Bruce Woodcock's comeback bout against the American, Lee Oma, on September 21 will be over only eight rounds, it was revealed today.

Jack Solomons, promoter of the Harringay Arena bout, said: "Woodcock wanted a stiff fight for his first one but was a little worried about the distance. He turned down contests with continental boxers over longer distances in favour of Oma in a hard, short test."

Poona Dist. Football Championship

The Poona District Football Championship Tournament organised by the Maharashtra Football Federation commences on the 17th September 1948. Entries close on the 7th idem. It is open to the teams affiliated to the M. F. F. and from Poona district only.

Teams wishing to participate should send their entries immediately as it is proposed to accept a limited number of entries this year. Particulars can be had from Mr. S. Bajirao, Hon. Secretary, M. F. F. Laxmi Road, near City Post Office, Poona—2.

Colombo Races

Leading Owners, Trainers And Jockeys

COLOMBO, August 30. (API): G. N. G. Walles tops the list of winning Trainers and Len Sawyer first among Jockeys for the Ceylon Turf Club August Big Meeting (1948). The statistics of which have just been released to the press.

Of 153 mounts saddled by him during this season. Walles claimed 15 wins, 18 seconds and 17 thirds, which brought his patrons a total sum of Rs. 152,450 in stakes.

A Selvaratnam with 11 wins 7 seconds and 7 thirds of the 90 mounts entered, finished second claiming Rs. 99.900 while trainer Mehdhi Husein sending out 41 mounts had 4 wins 4 seconds and 5 thirds, giving him Rs. 40,400 in stakes to rank third in the list.

In claiming the distinction of being the Champion Jockey for the season Len Sawyer steered 8 winners 3 seconds and 3 thirds of a total of 37 mounts piloted. Orme was next best with 6 winners 5 seconds 3 thirds while Rook finished third with 5 wins 5 seconds and 3 thirds both had 34 mounts to their credit.

For the second year in succession C. A. Gardiner ranked first among winning Owners claimed Rs. 35,950 as stake money; Mr. M. Abdul Cader was second with Rs. 30,100 to his credit and Mr. N. Gunasekera third with Rs. 28,950.

POONA RACES

Handicaps For Saturday

POONA, August 31 (A.P.I.): Following are the Handicaps for the Third Day of Poona Races to be held on Saturday September 4:—

THE TRIAL PLATE—8 F.

Deepak Mahal 9-4, Laxmi Vilas 9-3, Goup D'Etat 8-12, Corisande 8-9 First Royaltv 8-7, Jamadar 8-2, Quality 7-11 Flying Home 7-9.

Sister Vincent 7-4; Sunbathing 7-2.

THE SOUTHERN COMMAND CUP—ABOUT 12 F.

Jawahir 9-7, Aziz 9-3, Royal Mantle 8-12, Near Image 8-11, Kunigal Star 8-9, Truman 8-3, Jane Jigar 8-3, Bhopal Star 8-0, Dragon Seed 7-13, Sweet Serenade 7-12, Malakeh 7-10, Golden Horn 7-5, Stylish Lady 7-0, Maid of Honour 7-0, Big Three 7-0.

THE FIRST AGA KHAN'S COMMEMORATION PLATE—8 F.

Chetak 9-4, Parting Summer 9-4, Philborough 9-3, Jawahir 9-1, Repartee 8-11, Goodwill 8-10, Doorani 8-9, Fair Haven 8-8, Shan-E-Hind 8-8, Full House 8-8, Royal Mantle 8-7, Gipsy Moon 8-7, Monel 8-7, Snehprabha 8-5, Khan Saheb 8-5, Near Image 8-5, Kunigal Star 8-3, Jacquemont 8-3, Reviens (late Laxmi Devin in Eng.) 8-1, Ma Maselle (late Chapala in Eng.) 7-13, Malayan 7-13, Windsor Belle 7-11 Sicily 7-11, Pramila 7-7, Ramal 7-7, Wilbod 7-7.

THE A. HOYT PLATE (DIV. I)— 7 F.

Ghizala 9-2, Nirvana 9-1, Freewill 9-1, Little Ceasar 9-0, Blue Mist 8-13, Naeem 8-13, Doodal Dandy 8-12, Game Bid 8-12, Saita 8-10, Maratha Mandir 8-9, Khundil 8-8, Cherry Brandy 8-8, Shubh Luxmi 8-8, Chin-Up 8-5, Mah-I-Nau 8-4, Show On 8-2, Embarkation 8-1, Akash Deep 8-0, Carnival Queen 7-13, Bronzewing 7-12, Mr. O. K. 7-12.

THE A. HOYT PLATE (DIV. II)—7 F.

My Pet 9-2, Subhash 9-1, Sohni 9-1, Coeur D'Or 9-0, Arian 9-0, Gori 8-13, Belle D'Antibes 8-13, Baaz Bahadur 8-12, Gay Pilot 8-12, Bhishma 8-11, Super Charge 8-11, Hikmet 8-11, Blue Arrow 8-11, Tantalum 8-11, Lady Cleopatra 8-8, Ayaaz 8-6, Prince Vijit 8-6, Banshee 8-3, Georgie 8-3, Pound Note 8-2, She's Nice 7-13.

To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

THE PROBYNABAD PLATE (DIV. I) —8 F.

Prospero 9-0, Vie On 8-11, Excellency 8-11, Vagabond Queen 8-10, Star In A Million 8-10, Taslaroon 8-10, Ruby 8-9, Nicotine 8-9, Turf Star 8-9, King Richard 8-9, Pathan 8-7, Khushroo 8-6, Caltex 8-6, Brioche 8-4, Red Rufus 8-4.

To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

THE PROBYNABAD PLATE (DIV II) —8 F.

Atomic 9-0, Dashera 8-12, Progress 8-9, Brilliant Sunshine 8-9, Luminary 8-8, Al Hamra 8-7, Daisy Tripper 8-2, President 8-0, Miss Rutty 7-13, Yipee 7-13, Broken Mask 7-12, Moulin Rouge 7-12, Bahram Khan 7-11, Mayfair Lady 7-10, Robin Adair 7-6.

Shamma 8-12.

To be ridden on Even terms by Apprentice Jockeys who have not ridden 10 or more winners.

THE SECUNDERABAD PLATE (DIV. I)—7 F.

On and On 8-12, Moon Dust 8-12, Kaumari 8-12, Bagatelle 8-12, Happiness 8-12, Trunk Call 8-12, Miss Primrose 8-12, Bella 8-12, Brave Anna 8-12 On Trust 8-12, Gipsy Flower 8-12.

THE SECUNDERABAD PLATE (DIV II)—7 F.

Sweet Shah 8-12, Ma Cherie 8-12, Galatea 8-12, Gurjari 8-12, Duchess of Ramgarh 8-12, Rio Rita 8-12, Flash Ena 8-12, Golden Hind 8-12, Titina 8-12, Rubayat 8-12, Leading Lady 8-12 Down South 8-12.

To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

CHAMPION FOR SEVEN YEARS IN SUCCESSION

Miss Mumtaz R. Chinoy, who won the Women's Singles Title in the C.C.I. Badminton Tournament for the seventh year in succession, ever since the inception of the Tournament. She beat Mrs. Nobina G. Lewis in the final on Monday.

MY LOVE'S PRICE SHORTENS

Victoria Club Callover For St. Leger

LONDON, Aug. 30, (Reuter): My Love's price for the St. Leger was cut from two to one to eleven to eight at tonight's Victoria Club Callover. Noor who had been joint second favourite drifted to nine leaving Blacv Tarquin a clear second favourite at fifteen to two.

Royal Drake was again offered at ten while his stable companion Vic Day remained at twenties. Timur was easier to back at hundred to nine and a fair amount of business was done at tonight's call over. The next will be on Wednesday.

Tonight's closing prices were: Eleven to Eight My Love; Fifteen to two Black Tarquine; Nine to One Noor; Ten to One Royal Drake; Hundred to Nine Timur the Second; Hundred to Seven Solar Slipper; Twenty to One Vic Day; Twenty-two to One Count Rendered and Alycidon, Twenty-eight to One Rest.

Surrey Second To Glamorgan In County Championship

Leicestershire Dismisses Champion County Twice In A Day

LONDON, August 31. (Reuter): The final series of County Championship games for the season ended today and while Glamorgan had finished last week to win the title, interest was maintained until the end because three counties had the chance of finishing second. Surrey gained this distinction with Middlesex, last year's champions, third and Yorkshire, surprisingly beaten after leading on the first innings. fourth.

Another Hutton century gave Yorkshire a good start and they had declared their first innings at 315 for nine.

When new recruit Foord took the first four Sussex wickets for only 12 runs, the Southern side were in trouble and they were out for 192. Hutton suffering from lumbago could not open the Yorkshire second innings, but went in when half the side were out for 59. Spin bowlers however continued to dominate play and with Yorkshire out for 119, Sussex were left to get 243 for victory. This they did for loss of only half their wickets and with time to spare.

Surrey had not started too well against Hampshire losing three wickets for 24 but Parker and Squires each scored his second century of the season to improve the position with a partnership of 238 in three hours 40 minutes. Able to declare after this fine recovery, Surrey forced Hampshire to follow on mainly through the sound bowling of leftarm slow bowler McMahon and proceeded to an innings victory. This was an in glorious finish to Hampshire's season for they lost their last three matches and during the year lost four out of five games played at Bournemouth. McMahon's match record was ten for 150 but it was Bedser who finished off Hampshire with the last three wickets for only eight runs, two being taken with successive balls. Middlesex finished in a blaze of glory even though robbed of the runners up position. The first innings century by Edrich and two three-figure partnerships put Middlesex on top and not until they followed on did Warwickshire show real fight.

Then they saved the innings defeat, mainly through Ord's brilliant 134 but the first innings arrears were too many and Middlesex had no difficulty in scoring the few runs necessary for victory. Sims had a match record for Middlesex of seven for 115.

Glamorgan's defeat in two dayswasalmost a sensation but lowly Leicester refused to be intimated by the honours which had gone to their rivals and perhaps the Welshmen, with the Championship "in the bag" relaxed. All honour to the Leicester attack, however, which got rid of Glamorgan twice in one day with Jack Walsh, the Australian leg break and googly bowler taking 14 wickets for 86. Famed this season for their fielding, Glamorgan saw Leicester revealing brilliance in this department, notably the 25 yards throw by Walsh which got rid of Wooller.

Batsmen were always on top in the drawn Essex versus Northamptonshire game with Essex compiling their highest score of the season—514—while Davis with 120 hit his best ever score for Northamptonshire.

The only other match of the series saw Gloucestershire defeat Kent. The struggle for first innings lead was one of the game highlights and Goddard, usually relied on as a bowler, took some of the honours by defying all efforts to dislodge him as the Gloucestershire score gradually mounted to pass Kent's. The value of Ames to Kent was again emphasised for the 66 and Fagg 106 had a big second wicket stand in the first innings and Ames scored a century in the second but it was of no avail because Gloucestershire hit off the 200 runs necessary for victory in about two and a quarter hours for loss of only one wicket, Emmett having a notout century.

COUNTY CRICKET

LONDON, Aug. 31 (Reuter): The following are results of County Cricket Matches which ended today:—

Middlesex beat Warwickshire by nine wickets at Lords.

Middlesex 379 and 21 for one. Warwickshire 110 and 288.

Surrey beat Hampshire at Bournmouth by an innings and 27 runs.

Surrey 449 for seven declared. Hampshire 269 and 153 (A. V. Bedser 4 for 40).

Sussex beat Yorkshire by five wickets at Hove.

Yorkshire 315 for nine declared and 119. Sussex 192 and 243 for five (Oakes 64, James Langridge not out 58).

Gloucestershire beat Kent at Gloucester by nine wickets.

Kent 252 and 233 (Ames 112, Lambert 5 for 80). Gloucestershire 286 and 201 for 1 (Emmett not out 107, Graveney not out 52).

Essex vs. Northamptonshire match at Clacton, was drawn.

Essex 514 and 181 for seven.

Northamptonshire 481 (Broderick not out 115)

Rangers Secure Last Place

Harwood League Football

BOMBAY, Tuesday:

GOAN SPORTS	**2**
RANGERS	**1**

The Rangers made certain of the table this evening when they lost 1-2 to Goan Sports in the last match of both these sides in the senior division of the Harwood League.

Starting one short, the Rangers reached their full strength some ten minutes after the start when Moses completed the side. Shortly afterequality but the Rangers were soon from the left to convert it with a well-placed shot. Midway through the second half Robertson restored equably, but the Rangers were soon in arrears again when Ferrao netted from close range.

Robertson had a number of chances of drawing level but on each occasion he shot wide and failed to avail himself of the opportunities that came his way.

The TEAMS

GOAN SPORTS—W. D'Souza; Mulla and A. Vaidya; Godinho, K. Vaidya and Tavares; Rego, M. Fernandes, P. Ferrao, D'Costa and L. Mondonca.

RANGERS—Mendonca; Wilson and Alexander, Woodcock, McMurry and Farooqui; Santiago, Beasley, Robertson. Moses and Waghula.

Wednesday evening at 5-35 p. m. Goa vs. Karnatak (Zonal Tournament).

PAREL SOCCER

BOMBAY, Tuesday: The following are the results of the matches played this evening at Parel in the Indian League:—

DIVISION—I

Burmah-Shell 3 (More 2 and Noronha), St. Xavier's College "A" 2 (D'Souza and Williams).

Dockyard "A" 3 (Britto and Shetty), Indian Gymkhana 1 (Gerard).

DIVISION—II

Khatau SC 1 (Daniel), B. B. and C. I. Railway 1 (Pinto).

Globe SC 0, Young Comrades 0.

WEDNESDAY'S MATCHES

ST. XAVIER'S COLLEGE GROUND, PAREL.

4-40 p. m.—Fort Rangers vs. Bombay Port Trust "A".

5-40 p. m.—Mazagon Docks vs. Blue Eagles "A".

G. I. P. RLY. GROUND, PAREL

4-40 p. m.—Globe SC vs. Khatau SC.

5-40 p. m.—Telephone Club vs. B. K. Samaj.

CASE AGAINST FAMOUS R. W. I. T. C. TRAINER OPENS

Iucident At Mahaluxmi On April 10 Narrated At Court

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The case in which Mr. Walter Buckley, a race-horse trainer and 15 other employees of the Mahaluxmi Race Course, including stable boys, syces and watchmen are charged with forming an unlawful assembly, rioting, armed with deadly weapons and for forcibly rescuing prisoners from lawful custody, and other charges, was opened in the court of Mr. D. D. Yannemade, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Police Court, today.

The first prosecution witness Sub-Inspector N. P. Kakatkar of the Anti-Gambling Squad of the Bombay C.I.D. deposed the circumstances that led to the arrest and framing of the charges against the accused.

He said following an information received by the police a raid was carried on a syce's quarter at stable No 3 at Mahaluxmi Race Course on April 10 last for illegal race betting and six persons were arrested. As the arrested persons were taken out of the room, two men came forward and pleaded not to take the arrested men away until their master, Mr. Buckley arrived. After Mr. Buckley's arrival on the scene, the witness continued, some talk between him and Mr. Buckley took place. Mr. Buckley objected to the arested persons being marched to the Agripada police station and used abusive language towards the police officers. When the police party disregarding the threats of Mr. Buckley, set off with the arrested persons from the room to their vehicles, parked outside, one of the arrested persons violently intervened, stated the witness, and forcibly released from custody another man. This was followed by a large unruly and riotous crowd that had gathered at the spot joining the 'melee' and together storming the police raiding party and rescuing from custody all others. Sub Inspector Delvi who was also with the raiding party.

Warned the crowd to stop stone-throwing and use of violence. On being defied, he fired one round from his revolver to scare away the crowd. This failed to produce the desired effect, as stone-throwing continued unabated even afterwards. Witness was hit on the head by a stone.

Witness managed to get across to his van accompanied by two panchas, the bogus punter and a policeman, and quickly boarding it drove to the Hornby Vellard Police Station, from where he put through an urgent S.O.S. call to the Agripada Police Station. In the meantime, witness stated, two police officers happened to come along that way in a jeep from Gamdevi Police Station and on being informed of the incident volunteered to go to the scene. This was done. On reaching the race course, Sub-Inspector Kakatkar revealed, Sub-Inspector Dalvi, a woman constable and a policeman were found lying on the ground badly injured. Soon afterwards Inspector Gadre and Deputy Inspector Raje of the Agripada Police arrived on the scene with a party of police men and lost no time in effecting some arrests and bringing the situation under control. They were soon followed by Inspector Sawant with posse of officers and men, who also took into custody several others on being pointed out by witness.

In all 22 persons had been arrested on the day of the occurence by Inspector Gadre and Sawant, of which only 16 including Mr. Buckley appeared in Court today.

The injured persons, namely Sub-Inspector Dalvi, the woman constable and another policeman, were taken to the hospital for treatment of their injuries.

Further hearing of the case was adjourned to September 14.

HYDERABAD AND U. N. O.

LAKE SUCCESS, Aug. 31, (Reuter): Hyderabad's action in submitting its dispute with India to the United Nations is unsustainable under international Law, according to some of the few remaining members of the Security Council here.

Most delegates have left or were leaving today for the Paris session of the General Assembly.

The delegates were commenting upon the claim made in New Delhi by the Indian Deputy Premier, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, that the action of the Nizam of Hyderabad in placing his case before the United Nations was "undoubtedly one of many breaches of the Standstill Agreement" between India and Hyderabad.

NO FOUNDATION

Some delegates here felt that so long as Hyderabad's Foreign Affairs were managed by the Indian Government, she could be treated only as a subordinate Government whose case was without foundation under the United Nations Charter.

Delegates also likened the Hyderabad case to that of a state in the United States bringing action against the Federal Government.

Hyderabad Delegation To U.N.O.

HYDERABAD, Aug. 30 (UPI): The "United Press authoritatively learns that Nawab Moin Nawaz Jung, Foreign Minister of Hyderabad, will lead an official Hyderabad State delegation to the U.N.O., and the delegation will leave for Paris in the second week of September. The other members of the delegation will be Mr. Abdur Rahim, Communication Minister, Mr. B. S. Venkatrao, Education Minister, Shyam Sunder, President, Hyderabad Depressed Classes Association and Justice Sripat Rao.

U. N. Sub-Commission In Srinagar

SRINAGAR, August 31, (U.P.I.): The Sub-Commission of the United Nations Commission for India and Pakistan arrived here today by air for political and economic survey of Jammu and Kashmir State.

The party consisted of eleven persons. The party drove to Shahi House where they are staying as State guests.

THE NEW CITY COURTS

A Strong Bench Starts Functioning

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The newly-constituted Bombay City Civil Court and the Court of Session for Greater Bombay start functioning to-day in the High Court Annexe in which they have been housed. These Courts have a strong Bench consisting of Mr. M. B. Honavar as Principal Judge, and Mr. K. J. Khandalavala, Mr. J. M Shelat and Mr. J. C. Bhatt as Judges. The Sessions Court has the same unlimited criminal jurisdiction as the Sessions Courts enjoy in the moffusil, but the pecuniary limit of the jurisdiction of the Civil Court is fixed at Rs. 10,000 with power to the Government to extend it, by notification, upto Rs. 25,000. Sessions work will be taken up on Wednesday by Mr. Honavar and Mr. Khandalavala. We give below sketches of the Judges of the new Courts.

M. B. Honavar

Born on 14th October 1894, he graduated in Arts from the Wilson College in 1918 with first class honours. He secured a University scholarship and was appointed a Dakshina Fellow of his college. A college scholar throughout, in 1919 he obtained his B.Sc. degree and the next year he passed the LL.B. examination of the Bombay University. He started practice as a lawyer in 1921 in the Kanara District. in 1924 he was appointed Civil Judge, and in 1937 he was promoted to the rank of Assistant District and Sessions Judge. He was appointed District and Sessions Judge in 1943, in which capacity he served in the districts of Karwar, Bijapur, Belgaum and Ahmedabad.

K. J. Khandalavala

Mr. K. J. Khandalavala was born on 16th March 1904. He graduated from the Elphinstone College in 1924 and passed the LL.B. examination in 1926. Called to the Bar in 1928, Mr. Khandalavala built up a large and lucrative criminal practice. During the war, in 1940 he joined the Indian Air Force as Navigator and Gunner. In February 1943 he was appointed an Additional Presidency Magistrate for the trial of cases arising out of the Defence of India Rules, a post which he relinquished in February 1944 in order to revert to the Bar. As defence counsel, he soon acquired a great reputation in all the criminal courts in the city and on the Appellate Side of the High Court where he had an enviable record of acquittals and was known for his fair and formidable advocacy. He appeared in a large number of control cases and appeals, and figured in several of the most sensational forgery and other criminal cases of recent years, among the most notable of which may be mentioned the Kalbadevi Shooting Case in which he appeared for the prosecution. He presided over the Arts Conference recently held in Bombay and has written several standard books and articles on Indian sculpture and painting and on the history of Indian art. A pictorial photographer of international repute, Mr. Kandalavala won the British Empire Championship and several other big international awards.

J. M. Shelat

Mr. J. M. Shelat was born on 16th July 1908, and graduated from the Elphinstone College in 1929. He passed the B.A. degree of the London University in the Faculty of History and Politics and was awarded the Research Degree of the same University for M.A. with his thesis on the Creation of the American Senate dealing with the Ratification of the American Constitution. Called to the Bar in 1933, he started practice in 1934 in the Bombay High Court where he built up a good civil and criminal practice. He appeared in several cases among the more important of which may be mentioned his appearance for the prosecution in the G.I.P. Railway ticket forgery case, and his appearance for the defence before the Special Judge at Wardha in 1942 in the Ashti Murder Case and before the Ratlam Privy Council in the Ratlam Conspiracy Case. He also appeared in the Swaminarayan Gadi Case relating to the Vadtal Diocese in Bombay, and for the Dagas in the case filed against Sir M. B. Dadabhoy in the District Court at Nagpur.

J. C. Bhatt

Born on 1st July 1912 Mr. J. C. Bhatt passed the Matriculation examination in 1928, winning the James Greaves scholarship. He then joined the Wilson College and was a college scholar throughout. Graduating in 1932, he was appointed a Fellow of his College. He obtained the LL.B. degree in 1934, standing second in the whole University. In 1937 he passed the Advocates' (O.S.) examination and was enrolled on the Original Side of the Bombay High Court on 11th October 1937. He soon made his mark on the civil side —establishing a reputation in the drafting of pleadings and building up a large civil practice. He appeared in most of the heavily-contested civil litigation of recent years, among which may be mentioned the crop of litigation arising out of the disputes between New Citizen Bank Ltd. and the Asian Assurance Co. Ltd. and in the suit filed against the latter company by its employees for wrongful dismissal. He also appeared in the well-known case of the State-Aided Bank of Travancore vs. Dhrit Ram which ultimately went in appeal to the Privy Council.

U. N. KASHMIR COMMISSION

Meetings With Pakistan Representatives

KARACHI, August 31 (A.P.I.): The members of the United Nations Commission for India and Pakistan called on Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan, Pakistan's Minister for Foreign Affairs and Commonwealth Relations, at 10-30 a.m. today and were with him for approximately three hours.

It was learned that during this meeting there was an informal exchange of views on the Commission's "cease fire" and other aspects of the Kashmir question.

Mr. Mohammed Ali, Secretary-General of the Pakistan Cabinet, and Mr. Mohammed Ayub Pakistan's Liaison Officer with the Commission, were also present.

It is expected that there will shortly be a further meeting between the members of the Commission and the representatives of the Pakistan Government.

Baroda's My Babu May Run In International Gold Cup

NEW YORK, Aug. 31 (Reuter): New York Post today said that the Columnist Al Buck writing in the tional Gold Cup at Belmont Park on October 16 may include the Maharajah of Baroda's My Babu.

My Babu was a favourite for the Epsom Derby in which he finished fourth and was recently struck out of the St-Leger because he could not stay.

As the distance of the Gold Cup is one mile five furlongs, almost as far as the St. Leger, it is doubtful whether My Babu's appearance in the International Field is as likely as the columnist suggests.

Buck, however, said that My Babu was a sure starter for the race until the Maharajah recently had to return to his state from Britain to settle domestic political problems. He added that if that visit proved successful then My Babu would be running for the Gold Cup.

It is reported that Citation, America's champion three year-old, will be in the field.

ENGLISH SOCCER RESULTS

LONDON, August 31, (Reuter): The following are the results of the Football Matches played today:—

FIRST DIVISION: Burnley, zero, Charlton Athletic zero.

THIRD DIVISION (Southern): Southend United, Zero, Exeter City, two, Doncaster Rovers Zero.

THIRD DIVISION (Northern): Barrow Zero, Halifax Town Zero.

Old Athletic, Zero, Hull City, One. Abandoned five minutes from time owing to bad light. Tranmere Rovers, Zero.

SCOTTISH 'A' DIVISION: St. Marren Three, Aberdeen, One.

SCOTTISH 'B' DIVISION: Stirling Albion, Two Cowdenbeath, One.

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The Bombay Chronicle

Accuracy is the twin brother of honesty; inaccuracy, of dishonesty. —C. SIMMONS.

INCOME-TAX EVASION

The Income-Tax and Business Profits Tax (Amendment) Bill, as reported on by the Select Committee, had little difficulty in passing through all its readings through the Central Assembly on Monday. Some such bill to tighten the measures against tax-evasion was urgently necessary. The provisions of the present bill are in accordance with the recommendations made by the Commission appointed in 1947 to investigate and report on all matters relating to taxation on income, and the main provisions have been approved by the Select Committee.

The discussion in the Assembly centred mainly round the powers given to the Income-Tax Department, particularly the power to reopen any case in which the assessee had failed to disclose fully and truly all material facts necessary for his assessment. So far as the general powers of investigation are concerned, they cannot be said to be unduly severe, and such as they are, they have been rendered necessary by numerous cases of tax evasion in the past. Nor will they harm honest assessees as Government has agreed to instruct officers to render assistance to the assessees to understand the intricacies of income-tax law. Complaints against any misuse of powers cannot go unheeded by the Department under a responsible Government. As Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya suggested, officers will hereafter regard themselves, more than they ever did before, as servants of the people and the citizens in their turn should be tax conscious and help Government to combat tax evasion.

As regards the powers to open old cases of tax evasion, there are sufficient limitations on the action of the Income-Tax Officer. First he must have reasons to believe that income had escaped taxation. Secondly, his opinion about this must be endorsed and signed by the Commissioner, who is the highest officer in charge of the administration of income-tax. It is true that a long period of eight years is allowed to the income-tax officer to reopen a case in which the assessee has failed to disclose "fully and truly all material facts necessary for his assessment". And all these years what one member called the Sword of Damocles will be hanging over such an assessee. But the assessee must thank himself for the ordeal, which he can escape by honestly furnishing all the facts necessary for his assessment. The Income-Tax is an important source of public revenue and a deliberate tax-dodger does not deserve any sympathy. The bill might well have come earlier. The delay in its passage must have already cost crores to the public. It should be given a chance immediately and may at any time be improved in the light of experience. The Finance Minister rightly observed that we are now looking forward to an era of better co-operation between the assessees and officers. The public, too, can and should help Government in preventing tax evasion.

J. R. D. On Industrial Policy

No discerning person would think of accusing the Tatas either of lack of patriotism or of any unsocial acts such as unfair marketing and strike of capital complained of in the case of several other business managements. From the days of the Great Jamshedjee to the present day the Tatas have contributed materially to the economic and social progress of the nation. As far as it is possible for any non-socially owned enterprise to be non-profit earning the Tatas have tried to live up to that ideal and to administer their industries as a national trust. Mr. J. R. D. Tata, the present Chairman of the Tata Industries and of the Iron and Steel Company, has ably carried forward the tradition of constructive national endeavour initiated by the founder. His criticism of Government's economic policy, contained in his speech read at the last annual general meeting of the steel company, therefore, deserves to be treated without prejudice by Government as well as by economic reformers of all shades of opinion. With the main line of his criticism, viz., that so long as private capital is expected to play a significant part in the nation's economic development it is unwise to undermine either the confidence or the enterprise of private business men, all persons with a sense of realism will agree. This does not, indeed, mean that where nationalization or direct State enterprize has been accepted as an immediately desirable and practicable policy Government should be deterred from adopting it because of its reactions on vested interests. What is meant is only a reminder of the harm that minatory and mutually divergent declarations of official policy do to private enterprize without any compensatory advantage to the nation's economy as a whole. Those who have persued from time to time such bewildering declarations of policy from all grades of spokesmen of Central and Provincial Governments will, we trust, consider this reminder neither unnecessary nor untimely.

While recognizing the worsening situation with regard to inflation and urging the great need of stepping up production so as at least to bring it up to the highest levels reached during the war Mr. Tata rightly blames Government for its uncertain policy with regard to controls. As we have so often said a policy of integrated and efficiently administered controls is the only proper course to be followed in the present circumstances. It is, however, arguable that a full-fledged individualist will prefer a policy of allowing the free market to produce a balance between supply and demand at the cost of high prices and social starvation. But a policy for which no reputable argument can ever be found is to play fast and loose with controls. Except for a few speculators such policy, or the lack of it, does incalculable harm both to the honest producer and the average consumer and worker. Mr. Tata referred to the new deal for labour at Jamshedpur, which includes a reasonable basic wage, plus an efficiency bonus and a share in profits, and regretted that it has not evoked a feeling of responsive co-operation on the part of workers. In fact he has given figures to prove that after the improvement of labour conditions production has appreciably gone down. While we do not take this to mean that Mr. Tata would be deterred by this experience from offering the best possible conditions in these and other respects to the employees, and while we must say that the rising cost of living and periodical shortages sorely try the patience of the most honest worker, we must recognise that an agreed labour policy can hardly work without co-operation and discipline on both sides. Mr. Tata's reference to a prospective drying up of the channels of public borrowing, a feature of the present unwelcome situation to which we also have recently drawn attention, suggests the present economic crisis in the country is above everything else a crisis of confidence—political no less than financial. Only Government by timely and well-thought out action can prevent further deterioration. We devoutly hope the consultations on cabinet level that are at present progressing in New Delhi will result in a reassuring message for the nation.

Welcome But Belated

Political sensationalist and irresponsible egotist, Allama Mashriqi, head of the Khaksar movement has always pursued his personal ambitions without regard to consequences except to himself. He has launched movements and schemes designed to establish and extend his leadership no matter if, as has invariably been the case, they were also calculated to be mischievous and dangerous. The Allama is by now well-known on both sides of the border. And it could not have come as a surprise that he was again upto his old game of trying to exploit the sentiments of people with some fetching sensationalism. This time it was the big idea of launching an Indo-Pakistan Islamic League at Lahore "to protect the cultural and political rights of Muslims in India". In fact, the ambition of the League or rather the Allama was wider than protective championship of the Muslims of India from Lahore. It did not matter to the cynical Allama that his movement might cause trouble between Pakistan and India, and if sought to be given a seriously practical shape, it might even lead to war and certainly jeopardise the interests and existence of the forty million Muslims of India. Considerable mischief has already been done by the League which has, for a long time been allowed to carry on its nefarious activities. We are, therefore, glad that the Government of Pakistan has at last moved against the Indo-Pakistan Islamic League, thus removing a possible cause of serious friction between the two States. We recall that a protest against this League had been made by India to Pakistan many weeks back. The response by Pakistan is very belated though welcome in the interests of all concerned as also in those of a better Indo-Pakistan understanding.

UNESCO TECHNICAL NEEDS COMMISSION

Studies Press Film Radio Facilities

Important steps to meet the present world shortage of newsprint and plans for the use of mass media of information in the fight against illiteracy have been recommended by the Commission on Technical Needs of Press, Radio and Film, which held its closing session in Unesco House today.

The fifteen members of the Commission have been in session since August 2nd, examining the reports brought back by Unesco's field workers after extensive surveys in 17 countries. Official delegates of the countries concerned were present throughout the meetings and the United Nations the Economic Commission for Europe the F. A. O. the International Broadcasting Organization and other interested organization sent observers.

The meetings, under the chairmanship of Jean Letourneau, former Minister of France and head of the French Delegation to the U.N. Freedom of Information Conference, heard reports on the availability of equipment, the training of communication workers and the operation of mass media facilities in the following countries: Austria, Hungary and Italy in Europe; Cuba the Dominican Republic Ecuador, Haiti, Honduras, Mexico, Peru Uruguay and Venezuela in Latin America; and Burma, the Federation of Malaya, India, Pakistan and Singapore in the Far East.

Sub-committees studied the reports on press, film and radio separately during most of last week, meetings evenings and in special Saturday and Sunday sessions to complete the great quantity of work.

On Monday, the Commission met again in plenary session to hear the recommendations of each of its sub-committees. The recommendations covered not only the material needs in equipment in the countries concerned but suggestions for a greater use of press, film and radio in the fight against illiteracy.

Considerable stress was laid by the radio and film sub-committees on the provision to such countries as India and Pakistan—where there is a high proportion of illeterates and the population is largely scattered in non-electrified villages—of mobile educational units equipped for the mass audition of educational radio programmes and the projection of films and film-strips.

The Commission also recommended the holding of seminars and finishing courses, the provision of scholarships and the exchange of students and instructors between countries to improve standards of professional training for journalists and technicians.

On the question of technical equipment it was found —as the Commission had found last year in examining the report of needs of twelve war-devastated countries —that there was no world lack of production capacity, but that the basic problem was one of hard currency.

The Commission approved Unesco's plan for a compensation scheme to provide the needy countries with the hard currency necessary for the purchase of equipment in exchange for cultural or professional services. It was also recommended that a special Unesco stmp be issued to raise funds for the reconstruction of mass information media.

WILL THEY RESURRECT ITALIAN EMPIRE?

Western Powers Planning For Betrayal Of Ethiopia

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON—The Allies spent their blood and treasure to destroy Mussolini's Empire in Africa. Yet, strange as or it may seem, the Allies are today prepared to resurrect the Italian Empire. Germany had to lose her colonies following her defeat in the first world war. Even though Italy deliberately planned to use her colonies for the invasion of other territories, she may be allowed to retain them. People whom she exploited and oppressed may once again be placed in her grip. Such are the insane times in which we are living.

Nearly a year ago the peace treaty with Italy was signed. Under the treaty Italy was made to renounce all her title to her former colonies. The Foreign Minister's Council appointed four Deputies to make recommendations for the disposal of the colonies. A fact finding committee was later set up. The committee visited the colonies concerned and recently submitted its report. The Deputies are now meeting in London to consider the report as well as the views of the interested powers which have been conveyed to them. The Deputies are to formulate their proposals before September 15. In case of their failure to reach agreement the matter will come up before the Assembly of the United Nations which will meet in Paris next month.

Italy's Lost Empire

The former Italian colonial Empire consisted of the following:

	Area sq. m.	Pop.
Libya	679,182	888,401
Eritrea	45,754	835,017
Italian Somaliland	194,000	1,021,572

Washed by the Mediterranean Libya was the setting for the Axis bid to reach the vital Suez Canal. It was part of Turkish Empire until 1911 when, as the result of Italo-Turkish war, Italy got possession of the territory. Italian Somaliland, extending along Africa's coast from Eden to Kenya came under Italian domination as the result of treaties with Somali Sultans. Italians made their first inroad in Eritrea in 1870 when the port of Assab and adjacent territory were bought from a Sultan. During the war Allied distributed literature among the people of the colonies promising to restore to them their "green and fertile lands" which the Italians had occupied and to free them from the Italian oppressors. Britain also promised that the territories would be reunited to Ethiopia. Leaflets were showered over Keren containing the Ethiopian flag and the portrait of Haile Selassie with the caption "Fight for your own king and your own flag".

As Layton has pointed out "Irrefutable evidence of the massacres and mutilations perpetrated against the people of Africa has been provided by the Italian themselves in the photographs they took of these terrible things. These, with their closing of schools and openly declared determination to prevent the existence of an African intelligentsia cannot be forgotten by those who suffered them. But those, who seek to decide the fate of these territories, have already forgotten them and are even prepared to hand over these people to the mercies of the Italian imperialist.

Soviet Backs Up Italy

It will be a miracle if the Deputies are able to reach agreement. The Soviet Union and certain East European States are in favour of turning back all the colonies to Italy for rule under United Nations trusteeship, insisting that the people should be led to independence. It is amazing how the Soviet Union expects Italy to led people to independence when it is Italy that robbed them of their freedom. Soviet advocacy of Italian claims is perhaps inspired by a desire to prevent other Western Powers from stepping in Russia supported the Italian claim befor the recent elections, believing that Italy would go Communist. But there is no evidence that the Soviet Union has since revised its opinion. The Italian claim is also supported by some other powers. South Africa openly support. Italy, France, on account of Arabian nationalism in French North Africa, is taking pro-Italian view. Britain is still undecided. Britain is faced with her pledge to the Senussi that Libya would never again come under Italian rule. On the other hand, it is realised, if Britain oppose the return to Italy of her formal colonies, anti-British feeling would break out in Italy. This the Italian Government say, would assist the Communists.

What is likely to happen is that Eritrea and Somaliland would be handed over to Italy, and Libya will be partitioned into Cyrenaica and Tripolitana and Fezzan. Cyrenaica and Tripolitana would be jointly administered by Britain under UN trusteeship. The Fezzan will go to France who have been administering it since its liberation. It is said the United States would agree to this arrangement in return for a naval base at Tripoli. Ethiopia, who has claimed Eritrea and Italian Somaliland, will, of course, not receive Italian Somaliland. Nor will the whole territory of Eritrea be given to her. What she will get is the access to the sea. But it is not certain if she will receive the well developed port of Masawa. Assab, the second Eritrean port, will be a poor consolation for the Ethiopians.

Ethiopia Will Resist

But any solution, involving the resurrection of Italian domination would be detrimental to the cause of peace. Ethiopia has made it clear that were Italy to get back her colonies she would arm to capacity against potential Italian aggression and would close Eritrea north Ethiopian border in self-defence. In Tripolitana the several organisations have declared that Italian return would be resisted by force of arms. There is little doubt that all the three Italian colonies are semi-desert and people backward. They lack the resources of means of modern government. They will need the guidance of more advanced countries. The wise thing would be to hand over Eritrea and Italian Somaliland to Ethiopia. Ethiopia may not be a modern country, but Haile Selassie, who have closer ethnic, linguistic and religious ties with people in Eritrea, can be expected to take greater interest in their welfare than the Italians. Italy ruled them for so many years. Has that rule resulted in developing self-government capacity of these people? Cyrenaica has a homogeneous population of Arab tribesmen who want independence under Emir Sayyid Mohammad Idris el Senussi. The Emir is anti-Communist and the Russians fear that if Cyrenaica became independent the Emir would accord air and naval base rights to Britain. The future of Tripolitana would not be easy to decide.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Women Bus Conductors

The Transport Minister of Madras proposes to appoint women as conductors on the Government-owned passenger buses plying in Madras City and is meeting representatives of women's organisations in the city on September 2 to discuss the pay and service conditions with them. Evidently a request has come to the Government from these organisations pressing the claims of women for employment in the Transport Services. Bus conductors belonging to the fair sex are known to be common in some European countries and in Japan. During the war period, owing to the conscription of all able-bodied males in military and other allied services, the employment of women in the transport services, military as well as civil, had become a national necessity in Great Britain. There are still women conductors working on London's bus services. The proposal of the women of Madras, if it is meant to be a serious one, as evidently it is, will be watched with curiosity as well as interest by Bombay.

Truth About Murree "Bombing"

The truth about the so-called bombing of Murree in West Punjab by Royal Indian Air Force planes on the night of August 19-20 has at last been disclosed by the Mother Superior of the Convent of Jesus and Mary, Murree. She flatly contradicts the official report of the Pakistan Government that the Convent had been bombed and that the aircraft had "strafed a military building with machine-gun fire". It was also alleged officially that the bombing appeared to be "deliberate". According to the Mother Superior, no bombs fell in Murree in the vicinity of Pindi Point or anywhere near it where the Convent is situated, nor are there any military buildings in this area. The scant regard for truth shown by Pakistan officials is thus obvious. But it is doubly surprising that such a distortion of the truth should have taken place when, as a matter of fact, both the West Punjab Governor, Sir Francis Mudie, and the Premier, Mr. Iftikhar Hussein Khan of Mamdot, were present in Murree when the reported "bombing" occurred. The correctness of the simple explation given in the Defence Ministry of India's Communique that the bombs were dropped within the Pakistan border by the Indian pilot by mistake owing to the cloudiness of the weather is amply borne out.

Segregation In S. Africa

Reports coming from South Africa indicate that the resentment among non-European peoples in the Union against the Malan Ministry's policy of racial segregation is steadily gaining momentum. A committee has already been formed by them in Cape Town to make unworkable the new regulations introducing separate coaches for Europeans on the suburban trains by packing the coaches with non-Europeans. Report now comes of a further decision made by them to observe a national prayer week from September 5 to 12 to focus attention on the Government's proposals to deprive the "coloured" peoples of their existing rights. The eyes of all, who profess to follow the Christian faith, ought to be opened by such a move to the open mockery of the teachings of Christ by a Government which calls itself Christian. A Minister of this Government, Mr. E. H. Louw, stated the other day that he was not prepared to stand before the United Nations Organisation "as an accused in the dock". But whatever attitude the UNO may adopt towards him and his Government, they carry with them the condemnation of all righteous-minded men and women throughout the world.

Greater Bombay Finances

The Greater Bombay Scheme having been generally approved by the Government and the Municipal Corporation, the latter has directed the Commissioner to prepare draft legislation for extending the municipal jurisdiction to areas included in the scheme. The hardest part of the scheme is its cost, a good part of which will have to be borne by Government. Government is not unwilling to bear a fair share and has proposed a Joint Committee to examine the financial aspect of the scheme and the potential resources of the area to find out how far it would be able to bear the financial burden involved. The municipal Commissioner feels confident that, if suitably developed, Greater Bombay will, in a few years, maintain itself. There need be no doubt about it nor about Government's help till that stage is reached. But while the necessary legislation is being drafted it is wise to ascertain Government's share of the cost.

Sound Advice

At a time when the strike fever is abroad and workers are being advised to go on strike on the most frivolous grounds, it is refreshing to find Mr. Jaiprakash Narayan advising railwaymen to beware of a general strike. Such a strike, he rightly points out, will be a disaster to the country and the railwaymen themselves. Experience has led him to the view that the same methods of organisation, peaceful agitation and negotiation which railwaymen have used so far should stand them in good stead in the future, too. That is a lesson which workers in other spheres too may well lay to heart. As wise is his exhortation that 'a worker cannot lose sight of existing conditions and he cannot be justified in asking what is not within the means of the industry or the nation." Most timely is his warning against the leadership of the Communists who, he says, are trying to "drag railwaymen into action that has little to do with their organised struggle and much with the furtherance of a political line."

Wanted Immediate Control

Most disquieting is the report that a reduction is expected in the grain allocations by the Central Government to deficit areas for running their relief quota shops The change, it is said, is due to the stoppage of all imports of rice from Burma and damage to the crops in the U. P. and East Punjab by excessive rain. The prices of food grains have already risen unconscionably high and the report in question will drive them higher still. Huge quantities of grains will be hoarded and released only in the black market unless Government resumes rigorous control over them before the situation goes out of hand.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Mr. Dhurandhar's Explanation

Sir,—I read with interest Mr. Dhurandhar's explaination published in your issue and I crave the indulgence of the columns of your paper to be able to express my dissatisfaction with it.

Mr. Dhurandhar wants us to believe that "the appeal is patent" and throws the entire blame on mis-interpretation of it by taking recourse to "want of perfect communication". The communication is obviously clear so is the patent appeal, but the threat is uncommon. Not only uncommon but ungandhian.

We want all our friends to stand by us who have worked as Nationalist Muslims for years and appeal to the erring Muslims but not holding threats to them. Threat by itself would defeat the purpose.

It is not our desire that the Muslims should "become Indians" merely out of a sense of insecurity but out of realisation out of a feeling that this land belongs to anyone who is Indian and who can stand the test of being Indian.

I request Mr. Dhurandar to join us in appealing to the Muslims not with threat but with generosity and good wishes with realisation and responsibility of the consequences.—Yours, etc.,

AYAZ S. PEERBHOY.

Admission To Medical Colleges

Sir,—Students getting about 50% marks in the last Inter Science examination (B Group) are not yet admitted in any medical college. Successful students who were rejoicing when the results were out, are now worried by the prospects of losing a medical career. One astouding principle adopted by the Government in granting admission in their medical colleges is that a student whose father or mother has gone to jail in civil disobedience movement gets an addition of 30 marks to his total, i.e., 4.3 per cent. As a result of the application of this principle, a student who by dint of hard labour and merit only 1, 2, or 3 marks less than 50% is left out while a student getting 45.2% marks is admitted in the Government medical college.

Surely admission to a Government college should be on the merits of the student, and the merits or demerits of his parents can have nothing to do with it.

The injustice done to students of higher merit requires to be righted. But the term has already begun and the only way in which it can be done is by working the colleges in double shift or by substantially increasing the number of seats —Yours etc.,

C. J SHAH.

Film Code

Sir,—My hearty congratulations to our National Government for handling these capitalist film producers wisely and cautiously. The producers should understand now forward. their position and role in this land. If the producers follow the advice of our Government our motherland will be an ideal nation in leading the human race forward, to the highest and beautiful goal.—Yours, etc.,

R. S. KULKARNI.

Bombay.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

KARACHI, August 30: The Pakistan Cotton Merchants' Association, Karachi, in a representation to the Government of Pakistan has protested against "the exploitation of Pakistan's cotton trade by non-Muslim concerns to the detriment of Pakistan and its nationals."—A.P.I.

* * *

Parliament has amended the Income Tax Investigation Commission Act so that the four cases whose withdrawal led to the resignation of Mr. Shanmukham Chetty from the Cabinet have again been referred to the Commission.

Good. That is to say, since the four cases have been restored to the Commission, couldn't, we earnestly beg, the Cabinet to have Mr. Chetty restored to it?

By the way, what ARE those cases?

* * *

The Committee of industrialists that was discussing the serious economic situation in the country is reported to have produced a unanimous report, as the nine economists did last week.

We expected this unanimity. It was not only natural for the industrialists to think in unison but also urgently expedient also in view of the unanimous proposals of the economists.

* * *

Two aeroplanes, believed to belong to the Nizam are reported to have flown over Indian territory in Berar on August 25.

Personally, we should encourage the other two—or four?—to join them over Indian territory and then.....

* * *

According to a New Delhi Defence Ministry communique seventeen Razakars were killed and one captured in an encounter between Indian Army troops and a party of Razakars and the Nizam's State police in an Indian village on the Hyderabad border.

We wish Indian troops and the Defence Ministry were not aggressively militant. They must look ahead and beware of the time when Razvi will inevitably annex India including Delhi, the Defence Ministry and the Indian troops, to say nothing of a border village or so.

* * *

The "emergency session" of the Security Council on Monday night rejected discussion of the Kashmir issue because led by the U. S., Britain and Syria, it decided that Kashmir did not constitute an "emergency".

Then we can only guess, in fairness to the Kashmir Commission, that it has submitted a rather embarrassing report of the truth about the war.

* * *

Mr. Warren Austin, the U. S. delegate, who led the opposition recalled that at the last meeting they had decided not to meet unless an emergency arose.

Quite correct. And Mr. Austin seemed to complain that the wrong kind of emergency was chosen. Quite correct there, too.

* * *

Jerusalem: The Arab Legion to-day Monday, alleged Jewish truce violations throughout the past 24 hours in the Jerusalem area.

Another reason why there is no "emergency" in Palestine, as there is none in Kashmir.

* * *

Apropos of the meeting off the French coast between General Franco and the Pretender, Don Juan, a Spanish report says that Government, Monarchist and diplomatic circles attached great importance to it.

A good many people in the world would have liked to attach great and hopeful importance to the hospitable waters of the French coast.

* * *

A report describes the Andre Marie Cabinet which has just fallen in France as a "Government only 32 days old, and tenth since the liberation in August 1944....".

Which is a gratifying proof that, while other war-torn countries are still labouring uphill and down date, France at least has returned to its own historic pre-war normalcy.

* * *

WOMAN SHOULD BE FREE TO CHOOSE HUSBAND,

says a headline.

With the prospective victim having no say in the matter?

* * *

Speaking at women's organisation reception at Nagpur, Rajaji called on women to devote themselves to the education of the young to help to re-establish goodwill in India.

We commend the appeal in the earnest hope that women may succeed in India where they unfailingly fail among themselves.

OPEN AIR

Silver trails over the green moss-covered walls and paths are signs of the presence of snails, which come abroad in numbers in monsoon to enjoy their food of minute green plants which appear in the wet weather. The snail carries its spiral home on its back, and when frightened, it pulls its body right back inside the shell out of danger. Even this does not protect it from certain birds which deliberately break the snail shells on stones in order to get out the soft bodies inside. Closely allied to the land snails are the shell-fish which we find in rock pools on the seashore, and also the pond snails which we find crawling over the water weeds in fresh water ponds. While land snails lay their eggs in the ground, pond snails deposit long sausage-shaped jellies containing a number of eggs on the stems of the weeds and if we watch them we see numbers of tiny snails, only the size of a pin's head, moving over the plants, when the eggs hatch out. At this early stage the shells are so soft that the baby snails are in danger from enemies.

D. R.

Sardar Promises Action Against Hyderabad

REPLY TO QUESTIONS IN PARLIAMENT

Debate On Recent Developments In State Not Opportune

NEW DELHI, Aug. 31 (API): Sardar Patel, Deputy Prime Minister, told the Indian Parliament today that adequate action would be taken against Hyderabad for collective breaches of the Standstill Agreement. He added that that action was now under the active consideration of the Government.

Sardar Patel was replying to supplementaries on a short notice question on Hyderabad.

The States Minister, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, said in the Indian Parliament today in reply to Mr. T J M. Wilson that reference of his case to the UNO by the Nizam was "undoubtedly one of the many breaches of the Standstill Agreement".

NIZAM'S REFERENCE TO U.N.O.

Mr. Wilson had asked in a short notice question, "Is it a fact that the Nizam of Hyderabad has informed the Government of India of his intention to place his case before the United Nations Organisation?"

Sardar Patel: "Yes".

Mr. Wilson: "Is this in contravention of the Standstill Agreement entered into between the Government of India and Hyderabad in November 1947?"

Sardar Patel: "The Hon'ble Member's attention is invited to the Government of India's reply to the Hyderabad Prime Minister's letter which was published in the Press on August 29. It is undoubtedly one of the many breaches of the Standstill Agreement".

G.'S COMMUNICATION TO NIZAM

Prof. N. G. Ranga: "Will Government take an early opportunity of making a statement in this House about the latest position in regard to the relations between the Government of India and Hyderabad and also the steps being taken by the Government of India to help and assist the increasing streams of refugees who are coming away from Hyderabad owing to oppression there"?

Sardar Patel: "The question is engaging the earnest attention of the Government."

Mr. Wilson: "Is it a fact that the Governor-General has sent a communication to the Nizam of Hyderabad and if so what are the terms of the communication"?

Sardar Patel: "There was a small forwarding letter to His Majesty the King's letter but it cannot be called a communication from us. There was no other communication."

Mr. K. Hanumanthaiya: "Are the Government of India going to give facilities to the Hyderabad delegation to the U.N.O."?

Sardar Patel: "We will give facilities. We are ready to give facilities even to Zamindars who want to go to the United States."

Dr. Punjabrao Deshmukh: "Have Government seen a report that some aeroplanes have been over Berar in the last few days"?

Sardar Patel: "Berar is the last place for flying aeroplanes. It must be some kite flying". (Laughter).

Mr. Mahavir Tyagi: "Are Government going to take any active action for these common breaches of the Standstill Agreement by Hyderabad State and if so, what"?

Sardar Patel: "Government do not propose to take action for individual breaches but for collective breaches adequate action will be taken."

COLLECTIVE BREACHES UNDER CONSIDERATION

Dr. Pattabhi Sitharamayya: "While everybody is aware that the Standstill Agreement is expiring on November 29, I wish to know whether the totality of the effect of the breaches so far is tantamount to a breach of the whole agreement and the cancellation thereof".

Sardar Patel: "There have been considerable breaches and the action to be taken on the collective breaches is under the active consideration of Government".

Lala Deshbandu Gupta: "Are Government satisfied that Hyderabad is not receiving arms and ammunition from Pakistan and other foreign countries?"

Sardar Patel: "The Hyderabad Government must be aware of it, not we" (laughter).

Seth Govind Das: "Certain aeroplanes do come with arms to Hyderabad. Have Government enquired into the matter?"

Speaker: "These questions have been put so many times".

Mr. S. Nijalingappa: "Are Government aware that conditions in the State are deteriorating day by day?"

Sardar Patel: "It is known to all".

USE OF HAKIMPET AERODROME

Sardar Baldev Singh, Defence Minister said in a written reply to Mr. S. V. Krishnamurthy Rao that appropriate action would be taken as and when necessary to prevent the use of the Hakimpet aerodrome in Hyderabad against India.

Nine aerodromes were built in Hyderabad State during the war said the Defence Minister. The aerodrome at Hakimpet was the property of the Government of India. The rest belonged to the Nizam's Government, except in respect of the assets created from the funds of the Government of India, most of which had since been disposed of.

Administrative and flying control over the Hakimpet aerodrome had been handed over to the Nizam's Government while the Government of India still had a meteorological station and maintained the buildings etc. at the aerodrome.

NEHRU'S REPLY TO KAMATH

Mr. H V Kamath said that he would remind the Leader of the House about the promise he made on the opening day of the session that he would allot a day for a debate on Hyderabad and Kashmir. "Considering the supreme importance of these problems", said Mr. Kamath, "I would urge upon him the imperative need for such discussion even if it necessitates a short extension of the session because otherwise it is likely that people outside will get the impression that we here are like Nero of old who fiddled when Rome burned".

Pandit Nehru: I am not aware of having given any such assurance or promise I am not myself the interests of the country for this House to debate military or allied matters. That is seldom done but certainly I hope that before this House adjourns, whatever Government have to say in regard to these questions will be laid before the House".

QUESTION OF DEBATE

Pandit Kunzru: "Will we be given an opportunity of discussing the statement which the Government may make on the floor of the House"?

Pandit Nehru: "That is entirely for the House to decide. I myself do not see how such statements can be discussed at any length in the House".

Pandit Kunzru: "Are only military matters involved? Are there no political matters involved? Why should it be undesirable to discuss even military questions"?

Pandit Nehru: "That is a matter of constitutional propriety. If the House and Speaker wish to discuss it, you can discuss it. It may be that in regard to some matters Government will be unable to disclose many things".

Pandit Nehru added that Pandit Kunzru's criticism of Government in his statement on Kashmir was "based on the most complete ignorance of the situation".

The Speaker said that he personally entirely agreed with the Leader of the House that it would be inopportune and not very wise to have discussions over such matters when the situation was so delicate and tense. The best course would be to be helpful by silence.

A member suggested that the matter might be discussed if necessary in a secret session.

Pandit Kunzru: "But why should a discussion be ruled out by the Prime Minister, whatever he may think of .....".

Speaker: "He merely wants suspension of discussion at present. It may take place later on".

Mr. Hanumanthaiya: "Every time it is being said that military operations are involved and that we are not entitled to discuss the matter. But the House has a right to discuss this matter and Government must inform itself of the opinion of the members. We may trust the Ministers, but it is up to them as our leaders and as the leaders of the House to give us an opportunity to say what we have got to say in the matter".

Speaker: "I have already expressed myself".

Pandit Nehru: "It is not my function to rule out any discussion in the House and it is the last thing I desire. May I point out the undesirability of discussing certain aspects of the question which are bound to arise in a debate, but it is up to you, Sir, or to the House. If they wish to discuss it, they can discuss it. Government inevitably would have to say in regard to certain aspects that they are not in a position to discuss those particular aspects. I am not ruling out any discussion of the whole question. If the House wants to sit for an extra day or two, Government will certainly put up with that".

NEHRU SURPRISED

Pandit Nehru was surprised that a member should have accused Government that they were continuously preventing any discussion. He has not aware of a single occasion when this question was put in this way. He would like that member to point out a single occasion when it happened.

Latest Commercial

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER

NEW YORK, Aug. 31

Previous Closing	30.70
Today's Opening	30.74
Difference	+4
Today's Closing	30.80
Difference	+10

LAST QUOTATIONS.

BOMBAY, Aug. 31.

	Rs.	As.
Silver Bullion Forward	173	12
Silver Ready	175	10
Gold Forward Cut	113	4
Gold Ready	121	0
Sovereign	79	0

EXPECTATION:

Cotton Jarila Sept. 503 0

NEW YORK STOCKS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 31.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—

Anaconda Copper Mining unquoted. General Motors dol. 62-7/8.

United States Steel Common dol. 78-1/4

United States Steel Preference unquoted.—(Reuter).

Protection Of India's Eastern Borders

Defence Minister Affirms That Arrangements Have Been Made

NEW DELHI, Agust 31. (A.P.I.): The Home Minister, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, said in the Indian Parliament today in reply to Mr. H. V. Kamath that ten sten guns were recovered from the shop of one Inder Singh who had his workshop on Punchkuin Road, New Delhi. Eight persons had been arrested, a case under Section 20 of the Indian Arms Act had been registered and enquiry was under progress. The case would be put in court on completion of the enquiry.

The Defence Minister, Sardar Baldev Singh, said that Mr. A. H. F. Ballard, who was in charge of the Armoury Museum, General Headquarters, had been arrested and charged with offences under Section 409 of the I. P. C. and Section 19 of the Indian Arms Act. Mulkraj, Armourer Havildar, had been arrested in the same connection. The case was under investigation.

The Defence Minister told Mr. Kamath that a number of planes were known to have been destroyed after the end of the war but exact information was not available as to their actual number or airworthiness. A fair percentage has been recovered for use and a certain number had been set aside for providing spares.

The Defence Minister said in reply to Dr. Raghu Vira that a number of officers and other ranks released since the termination of the war had been re-employed in the Indian Army but the exact numbers were not readily available.

The total number of men released from different arms of services was 1,487,000.

Mr. Kuladhar Chaliha asked whether any arrangements had been made for the protection of India's Eastern borders — Manipur-Burma, Assam-Burma and Assam-Eastern Pakistan frontiers—in view of the rapidly changing conditions in the countries beyond the Eastern border.

The Defence Minister replied in the affirmative.

Mr. Chaliha asked whether Government proposed to undertake to repair the military roads from Jorhat to Manipur and Palel and from Ledo to Lakhpani and beyond in Assam.

Sardar Baldev Singh: "Government do not consider that these roads have any great military importance at present".

MEDICAL SCHOLARSHIP FOR STUDIES ABROAD

The Health Minister Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, said in reply to Dr. P. S. Deshmukh that the Government had offered 52 medical scholarships for studies in foreign countries this year. These included 19 scholarships for travel fellowships. In addition, the Government of India had agreed to find places for candidates sponsored by the Railway Board and States. Ordinarily, a two years' scholarship costs approximately Rs. 16,000 per student and the Centre shared it with the provinces.

Answering a supplementary, the Health Minister said that the Government of India was trying its best to train as many nurses and as quickly as possible.

Mr. Rohinikumar Chowdhry: "Is the Minister aware that these male nurses have proved to be more satisfactory than female nurses.' (laughter).

The Education Minister said that scholarships of the total value of Rs. 3,85,000 were offered to Scheduled csate students.

About 600 scholarships were likely to be sanctioned during 1948-49 for studies in India. No foreign scholarships are being awarded this year.

INDIAN C-IN-C

The Defence Minister Sardar Baldev Singh in a written reply to Pandit Hirdaynath Kunzru said that an Indian Commander-in-Chief would be appointed when the present C-in-C went. He recalled his earlier reply on this question during the last Budget Session and said that after careful consideration on every aspect of the situation, the Government had decided that it would be in the best interests of the country generally, and of the army in particular, to retain for some time longer, the services of an experienced officer like General Buscher as C-In-G.

PARLIAMENT POSTPONES HINDU CODE BILL

(Continued from Page 1.)

draft referred by the House was not considered by the Committee.

Mr. B. Das, Pandit Thakurdas Bhargava and Mr. Balkrishna Sharma and Mr. K. Santanam spoke on the point of order.

The Speaker, Mr. Mavlankar, intervening, said that he understood that Government wanted the Bill to be kept "part heard". The point of order raised involved a difficult issue and he could not give a ruling just then. To his mind, it was a pertinent question whether the Select Committee had done something which was beyond the scope of the legislation referred to it. He suggested that a discussion on both the motion and the point of order should be deferred till the next session.

The Law Minister, Dr. Ambedkar, replying to Pandit Kunzru said that it was Government's intention to pass the Bill before the present House was dissolved. The Bill would be taken up for consideration at the next session and sufficient time would be allotted for the purpose. If the time given was found to be insufficient, Government would consider the suggestion for calling a special session of the House for the purpose.

The House agreed to the motion for postponement of the consideration of the Bill.

AMENDING CANTONMENTS ACT

The House passed the Defence Minister, Sardar Baldev Singh's Bill further to amend the Cantonments Act, 1924. The Bill, the Defence Minister said, had been necessitated by the Government's decision to amalgamate the lands branch of the Cantonment Department with the cadre of the service of Cantonment Executive Officers and to designate the combined service as the Military Lands and Cantonment Service. The Bill was passed without any amendments.

The Education Minister, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, moved consideration of the Bill to change the name of the Imperial Library. The Bill sought to suostitute the word "national" for "imperial" in the name of the library.

Maulana Azad said that under the changed circumstances, it was proper for Indian institutions to have Indian names. But the work of finding Hindustani equivalents of English names could not be done in a hurry. As soon as the new constitution of the country was accepted a Committee of experts would be formed for the purpose. For the present it was enough to change the name into National Library.

The House earlier agreed to a motion moved by the Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru, which sought to eliminate the distinction between rules and standing orders of the House.

Pandit Nehru explained that Section 38 (1) of the Government of India Act empowered the Dominion Legislature to make rules for regulating the procedure of the Assembly and conduct of its business.

Sub-section (3) provides that until rules were made under this sub-section, the rules of procedure and the Standing Orders in force immediately before the establishment of the Dominion with respect to the Legislative Assembly shall have effect in relation to the Dominion Legislature, subject to such modifications and adaptation as might be made therein by the President of the Legislature. In pursuance of the provisions of Sub-Section (3) of Section (38) the rules and the Standing orders applicable to the Legislative Assembly of India were modified and adapted and were at present in force with respect to the Constituent Assembly on its Legislative side.

Under schedule 9 of the Government of India Act 1935, which has now been repealed, the rules were framed by the Government of India with the approval of the Secretary of State while the standing orders were made by the Government of India but were altered from time to time with the consent of the Governor-General.

NO ESSENTIAL CHANGE

Pandit Nehru added that his motion involved no essential change Although it might be that certain changes were necessary in those rules, for the present it would involve a rearrangement of the old rules and standing orders, all put together.

One or two changes were necessary immediately, one of them being the power to appoint a Deputy Speaker and the other relating to the resignation of a Minister.

Pandit Nehru suggested that the Speaker might appoint a small Committee to rearrange the existing rules and to consider amendments if necessary. That would eliminate a prolonged discussion in the House and make the work easier.

When the House took up second reading of the Education Ministers bill, Seth Govind Dass said that there was no justification in retaining English words in the names of Indian institutions. He hoped that the Government would keep the point in view when changing the names of various offices and establishments.

Mr. Gokulbhai Bhatt said that the library had continued to be called the Imperial Library for a year after independence and no harm would have been done if the change had been postponed till the proposed Committee of experts had made its recommendations.

Mr. H. V. Kamath suggested that the library, instead of being called the National Library, should have been named as the Hind Pustkalaya.

Babu Ramnarayanan Singh said that he was glad that the Government had made the move, though late by a year. It was a pity that the Education Minister had not succeeded in finding a suitable word for the name of the Library in any of the Indian languages.

Mr. Mahavir Tyagi said that for all practical purposes the change in the name of the Library made no difference. The change was proposed for sentimental reasons and there was no need for the House to have been moved for a thing like that. There was much greater need for bringing about change in the spirit in which affairs of the State were being conducted.

NEED FOR UNIFORM POLICY

Maulana Azad, replying to the debate, said that the change was proposed because it was felt that after August 15 there was no place in India for words like imperial. There were numerous offices and institutions whose English names had to be changed, and the task was not so easy as the House probably thought. In changing the names it was necessary to follow a well thought out and uniform policy. The Education Ministry proposed setting up a Board or Committee for the purpose after the new constitution was passed.

The purpose in this particular case, Maulana Azad said, would not have been served by using the word 'Rashtriya' in place of national because it did not convey the same sense.

Seth Govind Dass: A scholar of Hindi would be able to say definitely that national means nothing but Rashtriya.'

Maulana Azad requested the House to agree to the change till the proposed Board had made its recommendations.

The Bill was passed.

SECURITY MEASURES BILL

The House passed Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel's Bombay Public Security Measures (Delhi Amendment) Bill which replaces the Ordinance giving power to the Special Judge trying Nathuram Godse and others to tender pardon to an approver.

Sardar Patel said that doubts had been raised whether the trial would end before the Ordinance expired on December 14, 1948 because the final ending of the trial might include the appeal and the confirmation proceedings.

It was better to err on the safe side and to have the procedure legalised. Hence Government had brought the measure before the House.

The act might also prove useful in other cases that might arise in future.

REGULATION OF MINES

The House also passed Mr. N. V Gadgil's Bill to provide for the central regulation of mines and oilfields and for the development of minerals as reported on by the Select Committee.

Mr. Gadgil said that one of the amendments made by the Select Committee was to extend the Bill to the acceding States.

Replying to the debate on the Bill, Mr. Gadgil said that the main object of the Bill was to have uniformity of policy and to utilise the output of the mines to the best possible advantage of the country. For that conditions of new leases would be laid down and if it was found that old leases were contrary to, and might affect, the realisation of Government's objective, they would be modified or even cancelled if necessary. It was possible that the Central Government might direct the Provincial Governments to work particular minerals in particular areas. There was nothing in the Bill to prevent that from being done.

There was an unexpected debate on the use of the word 'Crown' and 'Dominion' in the Bill. Mr. B. Das, who wanted these words to be substituted, asked why Mr. Gadgil had introduced the word 'Crown', to the utter 'humiliation' of the great Congress party.

Mr. Santhanam said that the word "Crown" was necessary because the Bill covered Crown rights and Crown leases granted in the past.

Mr. Nazimuddin Ahmed said that the whole clause was unnecessary. It had, he felt, been introduced because of a lurking fear that like a beneficial ghost the crown was hovering somewhere with some hidden rights.

Dr. Pattabhi Seetaramaya supported Mr. Das and said "there is only one crown in India and that is on the Nizam's head which is going into melting pot. All the other crowns have melted away. You must create a new psychology in India. You must make people really believe that the British have left. The pity of it is that we do not believe that they have left and, therefore, it is that these anachronisms hang on to us.'

Mr. Ananthasayanam Ayyangar said that it would be better if they could do without the words 'His Majesty" or "Crown", but unfortunately they had to use those words.

Mr. Gadgil said that if the clause was omitted the Government of the day would have dictatorial powers. What was sought to be provided by the clause was that whatever limitations were there binding on individual lease holders would be binding if the leases were taken by Government in their own name. As regards the use of the word 'Crown', the idea behind its use was to denote a political and constitutional conception which meant something permanent and which represented the political existence of the country and the community. The word 'Government' suggested by Mr. Das, was a subordinate conception for a bigger and higher conception.

No doubt when the new constitution came into force the word Union would be defined.

They could change the word in the light of the new conception when the constitution now being drafted came into force.

After passing the Bill, the House adjourned till tomorrow.

FOUR NEW BILLS INTRODUCED

Home Minister Sponsors Measure To Amend Cinematograph Act

NEW DELHI, August 31. (API): Four new Bills were introduced in the Dominion Parliament today. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, the Home Minister, introduced a Bill to amend the Cinematograph Act, 1918. The Bill empowers Government to prohibit the unrestricted exhibition of unsuitable films to young persons at an impressionable age.

The Supply Minister, Dr. Shyamaprashad Mukerjee, introduced a Bill to amend the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946. This Bill seeks to tighten up the machinery for the enforcement of the control of textiles. It is proposed that in cases involving a contravention of any order under the Essential Supplies (Temporary Power Act) 1946, in respect of cotton textiles, the trying Court shall award a sentence of imprisonment to the offender and order the forfeiture of the property in respect of which the contravention of the order has taken place.

The Finance and Commerce Minister, Mr. K. C. Neogy, moved two Bills. The object of the first Bill is to give protection to twelve industries, including steel, baling hoops, starch, glucose, playwood, electric motors, etc., etc. Protection to these industries had been recommended by the Tariff Board.

The second Bill gives effect to the Tariff concessions which India has agreed to give on a multilateral basis in accordance with the resolution adopted at the first session of the preparatory Committee of the United Nations conference on trade and employment.

INFLATION TALKS END

Industrialists Recommend Withdrawal Of Surplus Currency

NEW DELHI, Aug. 30 (API): The series of discussions, initiated by the Government of India with the representatives of labour, industrialists bankers and with economists to obtain suggestions for dealing with the present economic situation in the country, concluded to-day with the two-day session of industrialists. The Conference which had divided itself into groups to discuss specific problems met in the afternoon to finalise their recommendations.

Though the nature of these recommendations is not known, it is understood that the industrialists laid stress on the primary need to withdraw the large amount of surplus currency which has been in circulation, particularly in rural areas. For this purpose it has been suggested that a large part of consumer goods should be diverted to rural areas so that this surplus currency would be readily utilised for the purchase of these goods.

Other recommendations, it is believed, emphasise the need of regulating export and imports, providing facilities to industrialists to step up production, staying expenditure by government own productive schemes and effecting retrenchment in the administration.

It is reported that the industrialists were against the proposals for increase of taxation and imposition of agricultural taxes.

The Government will now give consideration to the suggestions received from the various groups and interests, formulate their view and announce their decision shortly.

Madhyabharat Minister's Suggestions To Nehru

INDORE, Aug. 30 (UPI): Mr. V.V. Dravid, Madhyabharat Union Minister for Industries, Commerce and Labour has sent a telegram to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru making five suggestions for stabilising prices. These suggestions are: (1) introduction of schemes for imposition of adequate control on prices, profits, rents and dividends and compulsory provident fund, death benefit and old-age pensions; (2) increase in production and rewarding those workers who produce upto a record target during a period of six months; (3) conversion of time-rate occupations into piece occupation, and group wages payment where fixation of piece rate is technically difficult; (4) giving dearness allowance wholly or partly according to productive efficiency of each individual worker and not on the flat rate basis : and (5) standardisation of wages.

INDONESIAN SITUATION DETERIORATES

U. N. Good Offices Committee To Report To Securily Council

BATAVIA, August 31. (Reuter): The United Nations "Good Offices" Committee has decided to report soon to the Security Council on the present deterioration in their negotiations between the Dutch Government and the Indonesian Republicans for setting up an Interim Government, Mr. John Lindsay, member of the Committee, stated today.

Mr. Lindsay commented on the present deadlock and said his Committee would view with "alarm" the present situation if negotiations were not quickly resumed.

The Committee goes to Jogjakarta, Republican capital, tomorrow, but no meetings of the various sub-committees for the next conference period have yet been arranged.

Mr. Lindsay added that the initiative still lay with the parties concerned, but said that so long as distrust remained it would be difficult to arrive at an overall political settlement.

COMMUNIST THREAT TO HONGKONG

Colony To Revive Volunteer Defence Corps

HONGKONG, August 31, (Reuter): The Hongkong Volunteer Defence Corps will shortly be put on an active basis for the first time since the war, a high army source revealed today.

Communists and fellow travellers have recently gained increasing influence in some of the Colony's trade Unions, and the authorities have been watching the situation closely.

Observers fear that in the event of a Chinese Communist success between Shanghai and the South China coast, the Communists here might attempt to bring the Colony within the Communist orbit, or initiate anti-British disturbances among the 2,000,000 odd Chinese population.

COMMUNIST PARTY FUSION IN INDONESIA

BATAVIA, Aug. 31 (Reuter): The Indonesian Republican Socialist Party, led by former Premier Dr. Amir Sjarifuddin, has decided to fuse with the Republican Communist Party, the Republican news agency Antara reported today.

Dr. Sjarifuddin, announcing the fusion, declared he had been a secret member of the Communist Party since 1938, the agency said.

Of the Republic's four left-wing political parties two have now fused with the Communists.

The Republican Trade Union Congress (Sobsi) recently identified itself openly with them by adopting an eight-point Communist political programme, the Agency said.

It added that a prominent Communist called Mr. Mosin returned here from Moscow three weeks ago.

Chinese Reds Take Shenshien

NANKING, August 31, (Reuter): Chinese Nationalist troops today made further headway in their drive to recapture the rice-producing centre of Fowyang in north-west Anwhei (west of Nanking), pro-Government despatches reported.

Communist armies today captured Shenshien on the Lunghai railway in north-western Honan and the strategic highway city of Shangnan in south-east Shensi.

SINO-SOVIET TALKS?

Chinese Foreign Office sources today would make no comment on a report that the Chinese Government would try to open formal negotiations with Russia for settlement of pending issues between the two countries

INDO-CHINESE ATTACK FRENCH MILITARY CONVOY

PARIS, August 31. (Reuter): Indo-Chinese Nationalists attacked a French military convoy on the road from Hanoi to Haiphong, Agence France Presse reported from Hanoi today.

The convoy suffered no loss.

China Levies Surtax On Dutiable Imports

HONGKONG, Aug. 31 (UPA): Chinese maritime customs announced today a special 40 per cent surtax will be levied against all dutiable imports entering China after August 30. The only exception will be imports which are entitled to tariff concessions.

The surtax will be computed at the rate of 40 per cent of the import duty.

INDIA NOTES IN PAKISTAN

KARACHI, Aug. 31 (API): A press note of the State Bank of Pakistan on India notes in Pakistan stated:- "India notes are legal tender in Pakistan till September 30, 1948. It has however been observed that some people are refusing to accept these notes in anticipation of the above date while some are reported to be accepting them at a discount. It is notified for the information of the public that refusal to accept notes which are legal tender or to accept them at below their face value is detrimental to their own interests. The public are, therefore, advised not to refuse to accept these notes or to accept them at below par and incur unnecessary loss. Even after September 30, 1948, India notes can be encashed at par at the offices of the State Bank of Pakistan, treasuries, sub-treasuries and the branches of the Imperial Bank of India in Pakistan upto June 30, 1948.

If the State Bank of Pakistan find that these arrangements are not adequate and the public are being put to any inconvenience, they propose making arrangements with other banks also for their encashment. The public have, therefore, no reason to refuse to accept these notes or to exchange them at a discount.

RAGHAVA DAS ON HUNGER-STRIKE

LUCKNOW, Aug. 31, (A. P. I.): Baba Raghava Das, a veteran Congress M. L. A. (U. P.) is on hunger-strike at Gorakhpur since Sunday last according to information received in the office of the U. P. C. C. The cause of the hunger-strike is unascertainable.

HOPKINS PRIZE FOR DR. BHABHA

The Cambridge Philosophical Society has awarded the Hopkins Prize for the period 1939-1942 to Dr. H J. Bhabha, F. R. S., Director of the Tata Institute of Fundamental Research, for his investigations on the theory of the elementary atomic particles.

Since 1918 the Hopkins Prize has been awarded on only five occasions, the previous recipients being Sir Arthur Eddington, Sir James Jeans, Professor G. I. Taylor, Professor P. A. M. Dirac and Professor P. M. S. Blackett.

Aga Khan Leaves For Uganda

DARESSALAAM, August 31. (Reuter): The Aga Khan with the Begum left here this morning by air for Kampala, Uganda, where he will stay two or three days before flying to Marseilles and on to Switzerland.

The Aga Khan is much better than when he arrived, and said goodbye to a large number of his followers assembled at the airport to see him leave.

Ismaili Moslems were still celebrating in honour of his visit.

THE BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

OUR PANJIM LINE SERVICE will NOT CALL at PANJIM owing to inclement weather, but will, instead, terminate at Venguria till 7th September, 1948. During this time, the Panjim Line steamers will call at Jaigad on both the voyages. For sailings to Jaigad after 7th Septemoer, 1948, please enquire at our Ferry Wharf Office Telephone No. 25303 or at our Parel and Girgaum Booking Offices.

There is a wealth of association—logical or emotional—in certain names. We all know of names that readily charm, or evoke sorrow, hatred or reverence.

But names connected with responsible institutions must spell some cardinal qualities.

The United Commercial Bank has on its board of directors names that are synonymous with soundness, vision and integrity and, above all, inspire abiding confidence.

PAID-UP CAPITAL : Rs. 2 CRORES
RESERVE FUND : Rs. 40 LACS

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UNITED COMMERCIAL BANK
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Serve your Country

Join the Officer Ranks of the Army

To meet the present deficiency in the Officer Ranks of the Army, civilians and released JCOs and ORs will be granted Temporary Commissions. Released Indian Army and Indian States Forces Officers are being granted short-service Regular Commissions.

TEMPORARY COMMISSIONS

AGE LIMIT : 20 to 45 years on date of application.

EDUCATION: Candidates should possess any one of the following qualifications :

(i) *Matriculation or equivalent*
(ii) *Indian Army First Class Certificate of Education and Indian Army First Class English Certificate of Education.*
(iii) *Indian Army Special Certificate of Education.*

MEDICAL: A candidate must be fit for service in any part of the world.

The Training will be at Government expense and pay and allowances after commissioning will be the same as for Permanent Regular Commissioned Officers

BENEFITS ON TERMINATION OF COMMISSION

(a) *Officers will be eligible for a gratuity.*
(b) *Temporary Commissioned Officers will be considered for the grant of Permanent Commissions in the Regular Army and in the Territorial Army, if they fulfil the necessary conditions.*

Write for full particulars today to the nearest sub-area Headquarters or Recruiting Officers at Jullundur, Ambala, Ajmer, Lucknow, Calcutta, Poona, and Bangalore.

A.C. 381

Uzbekistan's Industrial Progress

TEXTILE MACHINERY PRODUCTION INCREASES

The following is an interview with Sergei Finikov, representative of the State Planning Committee of the U.S.S.R. for Uzbekistan, on the fulfillment of the state plan for the restoration and development of the national economy of the Uzbek republic during the second quarter of 1948.

Uzbekistan is the Soviet Union's biggest cotton grower but this republic also has a growing metal, machinery, oil and coal industries. The results for the second quarter of the current year speak of new economic progress registered by the Uzbek people. Major branches coped with and even exceeded their production programs and raised output considerably. The output of steel rose by 43 per cent as compared with the same period of last year; rolled metal, nearly 2.2 times; oil, by 33 per cent and coal, nearly three times over.

Uzbekistan's industrial progress is due to the sweeping scope of socialist competition, rising labour productivity and the launching of new large enterprises built under the post-war five-year plan. Particularly striking is the swift expansion in the new lines of output whose production was started only in recent years. One of the youngest tranches of industry in Uzbekistan, the textile machinery industry has nearly doubled the production of ring spinning frames. A large large increase was registrated in the manufacture of carding machines and other equipment. The increase in the production of textile machinery is of cardinal importance for Uzbekistan with its large supplies of cotton and highly developed textile industry.

Of great importance is the further expansion of those branches of industry which are connected with cotton growing and can contribute to its swift rise. A case in point is the mineral fertilizers industry. Production of nitrates increased by 19 per cent in the second quarter as compared with the same months of last year and of superphosphates, by 40 per cent. The output of various farm machines increased, as did the manufacture of insecticides to combat agricultural pests and plant diseases. The production of excavators increased nearly twice over, which made possible the further mechanization of irrigation development conducted on a vast scale in Uzbekistan.

BUILDING MATERIALS

A big gain was registered in the production of building materials, the demand for which mounts from day to day, since industrial construction goes hand in hand with a big programme of housing and town improvements. The production of cement grew by 33 per cent and of bricks, by 11 per cent.

The manufacture of foodstuffs and consumer goods is consetntly rising. The output of bread and butter and other bakery products increased by nearly 50 per cent during the second quarter as compared with the same period of last year; canned fish, by 35 per cent; cotton goods, by 27 per cent and footwear, by 20 per cent.

All these achievements of heavy and light industry became possible as a result of the extensive and substantial help the Uzbek people is being rendeded by the government of the USSR. This help takes the shape of large appropriations for industrial development and machinery for the new enterprises.

The results for the second quarter are evidence of the achievements of the Lenin-Stalin national policy which has assured the transformation of the former backward agrarian colonial land into a republic with developed industry and collective farming into a country of the advanced Socialist culture.

The nationwide Socialist competition movement for the completion of the five-year plan in four years is spreading ever wider. The results of the second quarter are in earnest that the Uzbek pepople will live up to their pledges for the early completion of the five-year plan.

Construction Of U. S. S. R., Hydro-Electric Station

(By I. Dmitriev, Deputy Minister of Electric Stations of the USSR)

Almost one-fifth of the world's Hydro-electric power resources are concentrated in the Soviet Union. The water power resources of the Soviet Union are three and half times greater than those of the United States and five times, than those of Canada. However, the economic backwardness of tsarist Russia prevented the country from making extensive use of its potentialities for the production of cheap electric power and it was only in Soviet times that this natural wealth was tapped for the benefit of the people.

As early as April, 1918, V.I. Lenin, the founder of the Soviet state, in a letter addressed to the Academy of Sciences drew attention to the major importance of electrification and, particularly, the utilization of water power for this purpose.

On instructions of Lenin during the first years of the Soviet state a general plan for the electrification of Russia was drawn up. Known as the GOELRO plan, it was the first national economic plan of the Soviet State Hydro-power development figured prominently in this: of the 30 projected plants, ten were hydro-electric stations.

Since then the utilization of water power has been assuming ever-greater scale. During the pre-war Stalin Five-Year Plans dozens of first-class hydro-electric stations were built.

HYDRO POWER STATIONS

As a result of the German invasion the Soviet Union was temporarily deprived of its finest hydro-power stations, including the Dnieper, Nizhne-Svir and Kondopoga stations. In this way the Soviet Union was deprived of spbstantial hydro-power capacities. However, from the early days of the war, new construction was launched in the eastern regions on a large scale in order to provide for the power needs of the industry which was being moved from the western regions into the interior of the country. Tens of new hydro-electric stations were built in the eastern regions. In Central Asia a number of new hydro-stations was commissioned during the war.

An extensive programme of further electrification of all branches of the national economy is being effected under the post-war five-year plan. Individual automatic electric motors are being widely introduced and the employment of electro-technological methods is being extended in the production of light and non-ferrous metals, alloy steels, chemical products and in the machine-building and metal-working industries.

In the course of the five-year period many hydro-electric and steam power stations are to be commissioned. Six hydro-electric stations completely destroyed during the war are to be restored and construction of tens of new stations is to be completed.

At the same time the restoration and building of many small hydro units of local significance is under way. In the course of the five years from 1946 to 1950 as many as 20,000 small hydro power stations are to be commissioned; these will be put up primarily in rural localities.

At the end of the five-year plan hydro-electric stations are to contribute 20 per cent of the country's total power output.

The scope of hydro-power development under way in the USSR may be judged from the following figures: builders have to excavate some 130,000,000 cubic meters of earth and pour 4,500,000 cubic meters of concrete. Annual invstments in the construction of hydro-electric stations are now several times greater than in last pre-war years.

Rice Rations In Ahmedabad

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 31 (API): The people of Ahmedabad will get only one week's ration instead of five weeks ration they used to get at a time it is officially announced today. This is stated to be due to the short supply of rice.

Need For More Permanent Tide-Gauge Observatories

NEW DELHI, Aug. 31.

The desirability of having more permanent tide-gauge observatories in India is emphasised in a note prepared by the President, Survey Research Institute, Survey of India, Dehra Dun. At present there are only two such observatories in India, one at Bombay and the other at Kidderpore which are utilised to test the accuracy of tidal predictions.

Geological and archaeological evidence has shown that vertical movements of land and sea have been taking place since times immemorial. The exact amount is often a matter of rough guess and the only sure way of arriving at numerical results regarding relative encroachments of land and sea is to establish permanent tide-gauges at several stations all along the coast.

ANCIENT LARGE CITIES

The relative change of level between land and sea can be due to movement of either or both. Such changes take place in thousands of years. Geologists have their own methods of detecting whether a relative change has taken place from such clues as the marks left by the shifting water or by the shape of the coast line, although such detection is not always easy on account of the complexity of the movement. Thus there is abundant geological evidence of a former land connection between Malaya and the islands of Eumatra, Java and Borneo. The Geologists believe that the intervening land has been submerged due to the rise in sea level during the last 200 centuries. Assam and Burma, for example, are still believed to be regions of subsidence. It is due to this cause that various large cities in ancient India owe their disappearance. Although grave concern for the same reason has been expressed about the stability of Calcutta, tidal observations and precise levelling show that there is no evidence of any general subsidence in the Calcutta region during the last half a century. The whole problem however requires further study and detailed planning for the future.

It is stated that with the vast coastline of India, Pakistan, Burma and Siam covering 6,500 miles from Karachi to Koh Hiak, en-compassing as it does unstable regions of considerable interest to geologists and geodesists, to have only 3 observatories at Karachi, Bombay and Kidderpore is thoroughly unsatisfactory. There is urgent need for sound planning in India for the starting of permanent tide-gauge observatories all along its coast to provide material for continual and progressive research.

Indian Stock Exchange

BOMBAY, Aug. 31.

Tata Ordinary 298/8 Tata Deferred 1516/4 Indian Iron 25 Steel Corpn. of Bengal 20/10 Bombay Dyeing 1030 Central India 263/12 Gokak 288/12 Kohinoor 301/4 Simplex 183 Swadeshi 298/2 Tata Power 1600 Associated Cement 156/4 Belapur 253/2 Bombay Burma (Old) 388/12 Scindia 24/4 Central Bank 84 New India 65 Tata 2nd Pref. 144/12.

Sugar Prices

BOMBAY, Aug. 31.

Small Grain	106	8	0
Midium Size	110	0	0
Big Size	114	0	0
Extra Big	119	0	0
October dely.	87	9	0
January dely	31	12	0
Arrivals Bang	1996		

Calicut Ma ket

CALICUT, Aug. 31.

Coiryarn Beypore 135/145, Quilandy 145/155, Fibre Garbled 100, Ungarbled 90, Cocoanuts Raw 110/115, Dry 150, Cocoanut Oil 480, Copra Office 332/8, Dilpasand 340, Madrasnottam 340, Pepper Wynaad 1375, Country 1360, Dry Ginger Chernad 440, Ernad 420, Coffee Robusta 155, Timber Pali 50/60, Junglewood 30/35, Vellapine 40/45, Benteak 40/45, Teak 7/125, Mango 34/4, Teak 10/20, Rosewood 10/20.

First Refrigerator Factory In India

CUTTACK, August 31. (API): A refrigerator factory, the first of its kind in India, is to be set up on the southern bank of the Mahanadi at Cuttack, with an authorised capital of rupees half a crore, it is learnt.

The organiser is understood to have entered into a working agreement with a leading firm of manufacturers of refrigerators in Sheffield. The Orissa Government have given facilities regarding land and buildings in the Jobra workshop.

The factory is expected to produce refrigerators, operated by both electricity and by burning kerosene oil. Production is likely to commence by the middle of 1949

Hessian Market

BOMBAY, Aug 31.

45 X 11.

Ready	107-1/2		
Aug.-Sept.	109		
Oct.-Dec.	110-1/2		
D. W. 40 X 28.			
Ready	118	0	0
Aug.-Sept.	118	0	0
Oct.-Dec.	116	0	0

HAPUR MARKET RATES

(From Our Correspondent)

HAPUR, August 31.

Yesterday's Closing: Silver 160/6; Gold 111/4; Gur Fagan 9/10/3.

Today: Silver Forward 161/5; Opened 161/4.

Gold Forward 111/8; Gur Ready 14; Fagan 9/10/2; Opened 9/10; Quietly steady.

Crystal 37/8; Khandeari 25 to 35; Bardana Ready 108; Red 115; Asuj 103; October 113; Wheat 24 22; Gram 13/14; Barley 12/12; Peas 12/12; Arhar 12/8; Moong 19; Urd 19/8; Sarson 24/8; Mustard oil 67; Oilcake 8; Cotton seed 14; Groundnut 16; Oats 9/8.

Brass 61/14; Copper 70; Kansa 128/12, Gilat scrap 80.

CUTCH HUNDI

(From Our Correspondent)

BHUJ, August 31.

Hundi buying three eleven.
Hundi selling three twelve.
Gold one one four.
Silver one five seven

London Stock Exchange

LONDON, Aug. 31. (Reuter): The last day of account on the London Stock Exchange brought firmness to most sections today.

Trading was only on a small scale but was accompanied by a note of confidence in the future of the Moscow talks. Anticipations were of an early statement which would throw light on the Berlin situation.

Price changes were small. Giltedged were fractionally better on some modest demand while among industrials, store shares, irons and steels moved slightly higher.

Oils made a slow start but finally managed to record scattered gains.

The trading volume was mainly the result of bear closing and it is anticipated that the new account starting tomorrow, Wednesday will make good headway.

South African gold shares spent a quieter day than of late. Price changes showed some irregularity with profit-taking, resulting in occasional loss. The market, however, was not without its firm spots.

Indo-Argentine

BUENOS AIRES, Aug. 30 (UPA): Indian Trade Commissioner J. K. Modhi today said that Argentina and India were considering the establishment of diplomatic relations.

Mr. Modhi, who has just returned from consultations in India in connection with the conclusion of a trade agreement with Argentina, said that the agreement will be signed shortly on the basis of barter of wheat for jute.

East Punjab Crops Damaged

SIMLA, Aug. 31. (A. P. I.): Crops in eight of the thirteen districts of East Punjab namely, Rohtak, Gurgaon, Karnal, Ambala, Simla, Jullundur, Amritsar and Gurdasur have been considerably damaged due to heavy rains it was officially stated today. As far as condition of the standing crops like sugarcane, cotton, millets, pulses and fodder is concerned it is of average type except in the areas which have been affected by recent rains and the yield is estimated below the average. Damage to crops by "Kutra" has also been reported in Hisar district. Fodder position is satisfactory in the Province.

S. AFRICA'S CHARGE AGAINST INDIA

Making Use Of "Invalued" Article In Geneva Trade Agreement

CAPE TOWN, August 30. (Reuter): The South African Minister of Economic Affairs, Mr. E. H. Louw, discussing the Geneva Trade Agreement in the Assembly tonight said that India wanted to retain benefits under the general agreement while continuing to apply sanction against South Africa.

India had seized on a new Article of the Agreement as a means of securing what she wanted, he said.

The previous Government had taken the attitude that the use India was making of the new Article was not in accordance with the provisions or spirit of the agreement and the South African delegation now at Geneva was adhering to that attitude.

"Our attitude is that India's action in continuing trade sanctions against South Africa is in conflict with the provisions of that Agreement and that she is making use of the new Article 35 which in our opinion is an invalid article".

OIL HUNT BENEATH ITALIAN RIVER

ROME, August 31. (U.P.I.): A daring attempt to follow an Italian river along its long underground course, is to be made by a group of Alpine oil miners, together with a number of geological scientists.

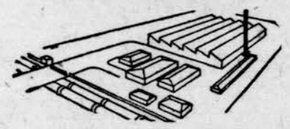
The river is the Morgarabbia in the Province of Varese, in Northern Italy. At a certain point the waters of this river plunge into a huge abyss and apparently disappear.

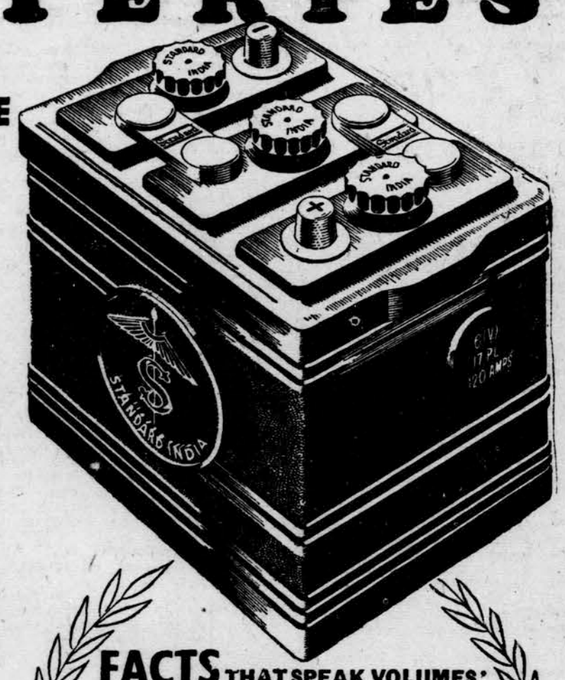
OTTAWA, Aug. 31. (UPI):—Canada's population is expected to exceed 13 millioo person by October next taking into account the largest immigration for 20 years and healthy natural increase, says the Canadian Statistic Bureau.

Presenting...

Standard BATTERIES

INDIA'S FIRST ALL-MACHINE-MADE BATTERIES !





HISTORY is being made at Vakola Santa Cruz, in the suburbs of industrial Bombay. For the FIRST time in India, a factory equipped with the most modern automatic machines and employing precision-control methods, is mass-producing Batteries. In addition to batteries for automobiles, batteries manufactured on special-purpose machines for aircraft, telephones, telegraphs, radios, train-lighting, ships, etc. are systematically rolling off the assembly lines. Free India is being made independent of imports of this vital power-factor in her transport and communications systems.

PREDETERMINING QUALITY AND RELIABILITY

Highly skilled technicians with over a decade of battery manufacturing experience supervise production at every stage. Each component part is made on automatic machines, and is subjected to rigorous tests before it is pronounced fit for mechanical assembly. The finished batteries are again tested for structural, mechanical and electrical efficiency. Thus reliability and performance are predetermined and fully assured. All batteries are made to conform strictly to official Indian, British and American specifications.

STANDARD batteries are constructed of tough components, so as to withstand the effects of India's climatic and road conditions. Their built-in reserve power helps to prevent breakdowns even under severe stress and strain.

Guaranteed PERFORMANCE

All STANDARD batteries are guaranteed against constructional failures for a period of six months, with free repairs or replacements offered from the factory or authorised service stations.

FACTS THAT SPEAK VOLUMES:

CONTAINER PLANT Our container plant is the FIRST of its kind operating in India, manufacturing leak-proof and unbreakable containers of genuine hard rubber.

CHOSEN AS ORIGINAL EQUIPMENT
STANDARD batteries have been selected as original equipment by Premier Automobiles Ltd., Bombay, for all their cars and trucks.

USED BY AIR LINES, RAILWAYS, TELEGRAPHS & TELEPHONES, ETC.
STANDARD batteries are used by:—
Indian Overseas Airlines Ltd. Ambica Air Lines Ltd. Air Services of India Ltd. Controller of Civil Aviation, New Delhi. Indian Posts & Telegraphs Dept. East Indian Railway. South Indian Railway. Bombay Govt.-Agricultural Dept. (Tractor Batteries) Bombay Steam Navigation Co. Rural Broadcasting Service, Bombay. Tata Hydro-Electric System, etc. etc.

INSIST ON Standard FOR BUILT-IN RESERVE POWER

STANDARD BATTERIES LTD., 43 Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay. FACTORY : Vakola, Santa Cruz, Bombay.

DISTRIBUTORS FOR BOMBAY: Chandulal Mehta & Co., Ltd., Rane Ltd., Vora Brothers: Bombay Motor House, Bombay. FOR C. P.: R. I. Works, Mohan Nagar, Nagpur.

STB. 2100

BOMBAY Stock Exchange

ACTIVE SHARES RECOVER AFTER EARLY DROP ON SHORT COVERING

Bombay, Aug. 31.

The local Stock Exchange opened quiet and under renewed selling quotations were marked down. However at the decline there was absence of selling and the market gradually recovered under scattered short covering.

At present traders are inclined to await Delhi developments in connection with anti-inflationary measures. The Government have made it clear that they will weigh over all the recommendations and take a decision. But the market fears drastic measures and Bulls are unloading their speculative holdings. There is utter absence of any buying and investors are holding aloof.

It appears that open interest in forward market is gradually evened up and the market sentiment remains depressed.

At the opening Tata Steel Defds were quoted at Rs. 1512 and under moderate liquidation declined at Rs. 1495. At this level there appeared scattered short covering and Defds rallied at Rs. 1507-8. Ordinary shares opened to-day at Rs. 296 and after declining at Rs. 295 improved at Rs. 298.

Cotton Mill shares were also quiet with further selling. Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1027 and after declining at Rs. 1015 rallied at Rs. 1028. Kohinoor shares opened at Rs. 301 and after declining at Rs. 298 steadied at Rs. 299. Swadeshi shares opened at Rs. 296 and quietened at Rs. 297. Central Bank shares were quoted at Rs. 84 and Scindia shares were placed at Rs. 24.

Central India shares were quoted at Rs. 282-8 while Finlay shares were placed at Rs. 280 after opening at Rs. 274. Gokaks were done at Rs. 288.

Among Banks Barodas were done at Rs. 153-8 while Imperials fully paid declined at Rs. 1992-8 partly paid shares were done at Rs. 490. Reserve Bank shares quoted at Rs. 113-8.

In the miscellaneous section Associated Cements were placed at Rs. 156-8. Belapurs opened at Rs. 247 and improved at Rs. 251-8. Bombay Burmas opened at Rs. 380 and advanced at Rs. 387-8. Premier Construction opened at Rs. 181 and improved at Rs. 186. Tata Chemicals were quoted at Rs. 14-10 while Tata Oils were done at Rs. 54. Wimco shares were in demand at Rs. 307-8.

Towards the close there was increased short covering and Tata Steel Defds improved at Rs. 1518-12 while Ordinary shares were done at Rs. 297-8. Bombay Dyeings were steady at Rs. 1030.

FORWARD SECTION

	Rs.	
Bombay Dyeing (12-8 17-8)	1030	0
Kohinoor Mills (6-12)	301	0
Swadeshi Mills (22)	298	0
Central India Mills (4)	264	0
Simplex Mills	183	0
New Great Eastern (10)	149	0
Gokak Mills (9 plus 3)	288	0
Indore Malwa (21)	497	8
Century Spinning (15)	521	4
Colaba Land and Mills (12)	142	8
Indian Bleaching (6)	173	0
Swan Mills (20)	324	0
Finlay Mills (15)	280	0
Morarji Goculdas	497	8
Edward Sassoon (30)	525	
Meyer Mills (12)	146	4
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	3-0-6	
India United Ord. (0-13-9)	11	15
India United Defd. (0-2-6)	1-15-6	
Madhusudan Mills (15)	241	4
Podar (8)	160	0
Khatau Makanjee (8)	247	8
STEEL SHARES		
Tata Steel Ord. (14)	298	8
Tata Steel Defd. (64-14-1)	1516	4
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-1-2)	144	12
CEMENTS		
Associated Cement (5)	156	8
INDUSTRIES		
Burma (12-8)	388	12
Belapur Sugar (12) X. R.	253	0
Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-8)	35	8
Scindia Steam (1-4)	24	4
Premier Construction	186	0
Tata Chemicals	14	9
Tata Oil (2)	54	0
India Iron (0-6)	25	0
Bengal Steel (0-8)	20	11
ELECTRIC SHARES		
Tata Hydro (4-8)	159	8
Andhra Valley (45)	1497	8
Tata Power (50)	1600	0

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS

Elphinstone Mills (5)	74	0
Phoenix Mills (50)	446	4
Indian Manufacturing	4260	
Kooria Mills (5) X.R.	148	12
Dawn Mills (40)	1545	
David Mills (6)	19	8
New City Mills (10)	212	8
Minerva Mills (12)	161	4
Bradbury Mills (12)	70½	0
Bharucha Defd. (6-4)	5	5
Bharat Mills (2)	35	0
Mysore Spg. Mills	196	4
Madhovji Dharamsi (0-12)	15	6
Model Mills (12-8)	177	8
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	702	8
Vishnu Cotton (8) X.D.	265	0
Western India (40)	4010	
Standard Mills (15)	580	
Sholapur Mills (200)	4520	0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0/8)	12	4
Hindustan Mills (40)	4185	
Tata Mills (3)	67	8
Ahmedabad Advance Old (9)	277	8
Ahmedabad Advance New	195	
Sassoon Silk (3)	91	0
New Union Mills (0-8)	12	4
Madhusudan S (2/8)	47	
Shrinivas Mills	195	0
Raja Bahadur Poona (4)	126	
Berar Mills	275	
Victoria Mills	225	
Colaba Land Coupon	42	0
New Great New	153	
ELECTRIC SHARES		
Ahmedabad Electric (3-8)	118	2
Ahmedabad New	13	2
Surat Electricity (2-8)	143	12
Surat New	142	8
Karachi Electric Supply (2)	147	8
Broach (0.5)	11	0
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10	12
Amalgamated (0-12)	13	4
Nagpur Electricity (1/12)	53	
Poona Electric Supply	155	0
Bombay Suburban Old (2)	150	0
Bombay Suburban New (2) XD	131	4
BANK SHARES		
Reserve Bank (2-12)	113	8
Imperial Bank of India (35)	1990	0
Imperial Bank of India (8-12)	487	8
Central Bank Old (1-8) XD	84	0
Central Bank New	85	8
Bank of India (4)	200	0
Union Bank of India	9	0
Bank of Baroda (2-8) X. D.	153	8
Habib Bank (4)	161	0
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	52	0
United Commercial (1-8)	60	12
Jaipur Bank (1/6)	68	
Hindustan Commercial	27	4
Mysore Bank (8)	465	
Exchange Bank	38	0
Eastern Bank	105	0
Bank of India Coupon	38	0
INSURANCE		
Oriental	5150	0
Empire	692	8
New India	64	4
Jupiter	25	0
Vulcan	13	4
Indian Mercantile (2)	44	0
Universal	11	4
B. I. G.	23	12
Industrial Inc. Prudential	29	
Neptune Assurance		
New Great	25	
All India General	21	12
CALCUTTA SHARES		
Central Provinces (1-4)	108	8
Mymensingh Bonds (2)	103	
Mymensingh Guaranteed (1/4)	103	12
Pachora-Jamner Rly (2/8)	107	
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES		
Alcock Ashdown (15)	310	0
Bombay Steamer (28)	597	8
Bombay Burma New (5)	136	14
British Burma Petrol	2	0
Mackenzie (6)	90	0
Port Canning (6)	75	4
Kemp and Co (New)	462	8
Kemp and Co (30)	475	
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	150	0 0
Industrial Invest Trust (4)	99	8
Western India Match (7-5)	305	0
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	34	4
Mukund Iron	10	
Dena Trust (0/12)	21	
Alembic Chemical (15) X. R.	205	0
Supreme India	123	12
Jam Wire (6)	73	0
Bombay Uganda	69	
Bombay Motor Cycle	42	0
Walchand Nagar Industries	200	0
United Motor	74	
Associated Cement New (1-4)	97	0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	910	
Hydary Construction	19	
Mahmadi Steam	95	0
Gujarat Motor	25	
Sardar Carbonic	750	
Harvey Press	310	
Estrela Batteries	51	
Prince of Wales Press	610	0
Manmad Press	120	0
PREFERENCE SHARES		
Tata Steel 1st (6)	192	8
Andhra Valley (7)	1310	0
Tata Power (7-8)	1392	8
Hydro Electric (7)	130	0
Bombay Steamer (6)	307	8
Central India (5)	645	0
Swadeshi Mills	146	4
Vishnu Mills (7)	647	8
Lakshmi Mills	277	8
New Great Mills (5/8)	222	8
Podar Mills (4)	105	0
Shrinivas Mills	98	0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	113	2
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	379	6
Surat Electricity (3/4)	131	4
Premier Construction 1st (6½)	120	0
Premier Construction 2nd (6-4)	120	0
Amalgamated (5/8)	123	2
Habib	72	4
Tata Chemical (5)	137	8
Walchand Nagar Indus (7)	160	0
Jupiter General	19	14
Supreme	120	
Meyer	121	4
Mackenzie 1st	127	4
Mackenzie 2nd	125	0
Ahmedabad Advance	132	8
Mysore Mills	50	
Standard Mills	101	0
Madhusudan Mills	12	4
Khatau Mills	105	0
DEBENTURES		
Andhra 1952 (4)	103	8
Bombay Steamer (1959) (4-8)	106	8
Indian Hume Pipe (6)	111	
Tata Power 1951	103	0
Walchand Nagar (6)	117	0
OUTSIDE SHARES		
Indian Copper (2-7)	2	8 9
British India Corporation (0-10)		7 13
Burma Corporation	3	3 6
New Victoria Mill		3 12
Phalton Sugar (8)	123	8
Gold Mohur (20)	325	0
New Kaiser-i-Hind	375	0
Sajjan Mills (3)	225	0
Osmanshahi Mills (10)	1	1
Azam Jahi Mills (10)	260	0
Air Service	10	14
Ambica Air Lines	16	14
Air India	152	8
Hind Motor	5	15
Indian Steam	10	13

GOVERNMENT LOANS

2 1/4 per cent 1954	98	14
2 1/4 per cent 1950	101	0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	97	4
2 3/4 per cent 1960	100	4
2 3/4 per cent 1962	100	2
2 3/4 per cent 1976	98	14
2 3/4 per cent Non-Terminable	99	2
3 per cent 1986 Con.	99	9
3 per cent 1949-52	100	15
3 per cent 1951-54	102	12
3 per cent 1953-55	102	14
3 per cent 1957	102	11
3 per cent 1957	102	12
3 per cent 1959-61	101	15
3 per cent 1963-65	100	0
3 per cent 1966-68	100	6
3 per cent 1970-75	100	5
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	105	6
4 per cent 1948-53	101	8
4 per cent 1960-70	110	12
4 1/2 per cent 1950-55	104	8
4 1/2 per cent 1955-60	112	6
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68	116	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS		
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	89	0
3 per cent U. P. 1961	98	0
3 per cent Punjab 1949	98	14
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100	8
3 per cent Bombay 1958	101	12
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100	6
3 per cent U. P. 1952	100	6
3 per cent C. P. 1952	100	6
3 per cent N. W. F 1952	99	10
3 per cent U. P 1961-66	100	2
4 per cent Bombay Municipality D	111	0
5 per cent Bom. Muni 1959	115	0
6 per cent Bom. Muni 1954	118	0
3-1/4 per cent Municipality 1977	101	8
6 K. P. T.	114	0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, August 31.

The local cotton market was quietly steady to-day under restricted trading. Operators are inclined to await the result of to-morrow's general meeting in connection with changes in the Hedge contract.

The market opened to-day at Rs. 503 for September delivery and improved at Rs. 506 under scattered buying. At this level the demand was satisfied and the market quietened at Rs. 504 under scattered selling. There was only routine trading.

Trading In Shares On Saturday?

The Secretary of the Bombay Stock Exchange has issued the following notice:—

This is to inform all members that the Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal will make a statement on the Economic Policy of the Government of India on behalf of the cabinet on 3rd September 1948. If the statement will be out before 3rd September 1948 then only bazar will remain open on 3rd September 1948 in the morning from 9-30 a.m. to 11 a.m.

Thereafter there was moderate support and September improved at Rs. 506-8. The market closed at 2 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. September ..... Rs. 506 0 0

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton September contract is 1143 cent points below New York October at Exchange rate 331.

Produce Receipts

BOMBAY, Aug. 31.

Cotton Bales	13731
Linseed	2146
Groundnuts	8481
Grain	1827
Castorseeds	7676
Mahuda	592
Cottonseed	16852
Sugar	1846
Tilseed	97
Rice	6672
Wheat	107,512

Produce Market Closed

BOMBAY, Aug. 31.

Today being the first day of Pachusan Jain Holiday the local Produce market remained entirely closed.

LONDON PEPPER PRICES

LONDON, Aug. 30 (UPA): On the London market today, black pepper was quoted at 3/4 and white pepper at 3/8-1/4.

LONDON SILVER PRICE

LONDON, Aug. 30 (UPA): Silver was quoted at 45 pence per ounce both for spot and forward in the London market today.

New York Pepper Prices

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.

Black pepper futures closed nominally 100 higher to 100 lower with no sales reported.

Activity in the spot market quickened with grinders and dealers more inclined to meet sellers' basis.

One grinder account was accredited as buyers of four cars on the basis of one car for each of September through December delivery.

Delivery	August 27	August 30
September	72 nom	72 nom
October	71 nom	72 bid
December	72 asked	71 nom
January	64 nom	64 nom
March	60.50 nom	60 asked
May	60 nom	60 nom
July	58 asked	58 nom

Closing prices included:

In the ready section, black was quoted at 75-76 cents and white pepper at 75 cents nom.

Other seed prices included:

Castorseeds dol 131 nom per long ton fob Brazilian ports;

Cottonseeds dol 70 nom per ton, basis Memphis, depending on quality;

Linseed dol 6.10 per bushel. Minneapolis,

Linseed oil 28.8 cents per pound in tank cars;

Groundnuts 18.50-.75 cents per pound;

Groundnut oil 24.50 cents per pound.

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, August 31.

As pointed out before, as a result of squeeze by professional operators and utter absence of any selling, trading had to be suspended in forward gold. An urgent meeting of the Board is called to fix the final settlement rate for outstanding forward contract in gold.

In the meantime spot gold price was pushed up to a new high level which breaks all previous records in the history of gold price in this country. It was priced to-day at Rs. 121 and even at this level there was dearth of selling. Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 78/12.

Forward silver opened at Rs. 174/6 and declined at Rs. 173/12 under scattered long liquidation and steadied at Rs. 174 on short covering. Ready silver was quoted at a premium of Rs 1/12 at Rs. 175/12.

Later on Forward Silver was quoted at Rs. 174-8 and Ready Silver was done at Rs. 176-4. Ready Gold was placed at Rs. 122 and Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 79.

It is understood that at the meeting no decision is taken as Forward Gold is nominally quoted Rs. 8 below Spot price. It is said that Bulls will be consulted in connection with fixing settlement rate.

Final quotations were as under:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	175	12	0
Forward Silver	174	0	0
Ready Gold	122	0	0
Sovereigns	79	0	0

Wall Street Operators Cautiously Awaiting Moscow Developments

Friday's advance was extended when traders found most corporate news to their liking and indications of conclusive developments in the Moscow conversations with the latest turn events in France ignored. With activity occasionally showing signs of reawakening the market moved fractions to one point irregularly higher led by assorted rails, steels, chemicals sugars, motors, oils, aircrafts and textiles. The averages were 183.46 and rails 62.07.

Liquidation developed in most sections after the news from Moscow of no communique tonight. The pressure was moderate, however, and was fairly well contained as operators adopted a cautious attitude rather than either pessimism or optimism. Changes otherway were mostly limited to fractions.

Rails were inclined to be resistant and continued to average higher with the further good earnings and dividend prospects apparently offsetting reports that the ICC may delay until after mid-September the carrier's request for higher coal, coke iron ore freight-rates. Under the leadership of selected containers minings, steels, motors, chemical goods and farm implements the market gave further ground in late dealings to finish barely steady, fractions to ne point irregularly lower.

Firestone Tire and Rubber	47 1/8
Abbott Laboratories	68 7/8
Allied Chemicals	—
American Can	81
American Telephone	154
American Tobacco	62 3/4
Bankers Trust	36 7/8
Bethlehem Steel	36
Boeing Aircraft	23 3/4
Canadian Pacific	15 1/4
Celanese	35 1/4
Chase National Bank	35 3/4
Chrysler	58 7/8
Consolidated Edition	23 3/4
Douglas Aircraft	53 1/4
DuponZt	169 1/2
Eastman Kodak	44
General Electric	38 5/8
General Motors	62 7/8
Gillette	32 1/2
Goodyear	44 7/8
International Nickel	31 1/2
International Tel & Tel	13
Lockheed	22 3/4
Nash Kelvinator	18
National City Bank	39 1/2
New York Central	17 1/2
Pennsylvania Railway	19 1/8
Shell Oil	39
Southern Pacific	59 7/8
Standard Oil	78 1/2
Studebaker	20
Swift & Co.	33
Technicolour	13
Twentieth Century Fox	21 1/4
U S Steel	78 1/2

PEPPER PRICES.

BOMBAY, Aug. 31.

Bhadarva	204 to 206
Aso	200 to 202
Maha	185 to 187

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, Aug. 31.

MILLS

Apollo 3-0-9 3 3-0-5
Bharat 35
B. Dyeing 1025 16-4 28-12 23-12 31-4 27-8 31-4 30
Bharucha Defd 5-6
C. India 265 60-8 64
Century 521-4
Colaba 145 44-8 45 42-8
Elphinstone 74
Finlay 274 79 75 80
Gokak 287 86 88 87 88
I. U. Defd 1-15-6 1-15 2 1-15-6
I. U. Ord. 11-14 11-12 11-15
Indore 492-8 87-8 97-8
Khatau 247-8
Kohinoor 300 297-8 301 297 301 299 301
New Great 149
Podar 160
Simplex 179 78 80 79 83
Swadeshi 299 300 295 99 98
Swan 324
Tata Mills 68 67-8
Vishnu 265
C. P. Rly. 108-8.

BANKS

Baroda 154 53-8.
Central 83-12 84 83-8 84
Imperial Old 2005, 1990
Imperial New 490 96-4 87-8
India 201 200
Reserve 113-8
Union 9
U. Commercial 60-12

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 116-4 18-2
Ajmer 10-12
Andhra Valley 1497-8
Surat 143-12
Hydro 161 59-12
Hydro Pref. 130
Power 1606-4 1600
Power Pref. 1693-12

INSURANCE

B. I. General 23-12
New India 64 64-4 64

STEAMER

Scindia 24 23-13 24-1 23-13 24-1 23-14 24-4

STEEL

B. Steel 20-6 20-4 20-9 20-8 20-11
I Iron 24-13 24-12 24-14 24-11 25 24-15 25.
Tata Defd. 1510 12-8 1495 1512-8 1492-8 1512-8 7-8 15 12-8 16-4.
Tata Ord. 298 97 98-8 97 99 97-8 98-8.
Tata 2nd Pref. 144-12 45 44-12.

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 307-8 6-4 10
A.C.C. Old 155-8 56-8 56 56-8
A.C.C. New 97-8 98 97
Belapur 247 49-8 46 54 53
B. B Old 380 85 82-8 87-8 85 88-12
B. B. New 136-14
B. B. Petrol 2
I. Bleaching 177 73
Premier Construction 181 85 84 87 86 87 86
Shivrajpur 35-8
Tata Chemicals 14-10 14-11 14-9
Tata Oil 54-8 54
Walchandnagar 200
Wimco 305 7-8 6-4 7-8 5

SPECIAL

India Bank Coupon 35 32
Ahmedabad Electric New 13-8 13-2.

New York Cotton Prices Unchanged To 7 Points Lower

NEW YORK, August 30.

The early losses reflected light selling with some beneficial rains reported in parts of Texas and Oklahoma. Prices later steadied on modest buying influenced by meagreness of hedges, loan support factors and possibly uncertainties in connection with the tropical storm. A New York Cotton Exchange seed was sold today for 11,750 dollars decrease of 1,750 on the previous sale. Prices drifted idly with small routine trade demands absorbing scattered hedge offerings. Reports of mounting opposition to marketing quotas on the next crop attracted attention. The market closed steady. Sales are estimated at 100,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, Aug. 31.

October	30.70—01
October Highest	30.77+06
October Lowest	30.63—08
December	30.67—04
March	30.61—06
May	30.38—07
July	29.05—
Middling Spot	31.63—03

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.

October	30.67
December	30.62
March	30.55
May	30.38
Middling Spot	30.60

CHICAGO GRAINS BRISK ROLLY

CHICAGO, Aug. 30.

Grains rallied briskly under the leadership of maize reflecting strength in the cashmarkets with reports that number one yellow maize sold at 1.98 dollars bushel, an advance of two to three cents. Hedgelifting against additional sales of cashwheat to the government agency aided this grain.

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO, Aug. 30.

September	2.24-3/8
December	2.27
May	2.19-1/8
Australian Wheat bulk	105 Oct/Nov.

ROUTINE CLOTH TRADING

NEW YORK, Aug. 30 (UPA): Cotton trading was a routine affair on the worth Street market today. Buyers continued to be cautious and are hoping for a further levelling off in the price structure. Sellers were reluctant to quote being more absorbed with checking over sales, inventory and production schedules.

In drills, the recent price reductions failed to arouse any great increase in buying interest according to dealers reports.

GOVERNMENT BONDS TUMBLE AS RESULT OF CABINET CRISIS

PARIS, Aug. 30 (UPA): The Government crisis tumbled government issues on the bourse today, while gold prices rose.

French Government three per cent bonds fell from 70.5 to 65. Twenty-franc gold pieces boomed from the Friday closing of 4,525 to 5,025 Francs.

Nationalized industry stocks fell from eight to 10 per cent and private corporation issues dropped two to four per cent.

ELECTRIC MERCHANTS PROTEST

The Secretary of the Electric Merchants has sent the following telegram to the Secretary, Commerce Department, Delhi:—

"Our association strongly protest imposition of Rupees Twenty-five each import application. Please realise every new comer will have to make minimum hundred applications and as such this is unbearable and actually amounts to denying opportunity for making progress to genuine middle-class traders intend entering in trade. Earnestly appeal for removal of this."

Ahmedabad Share Market

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 31.

Market ruled steady in almost all sections. Spurt in Ambika on ruomur of agents buying was the main feature today.

Ambika Opened 364, Lowest 351 Highest 385, Closed 381.

Arvind Opened 1334, Lowest 1317, Highest 1344, Closed 1338.

Calico Opened 1145, Highest 1165, Closed 1165.

Deffered Opened 1503, Lowest 1497, Highest 1523, Closed 1520.

Closing quotations: Arvind 1338, Bihari 266-4, Ambika 381, Calico 1165, Jupiter 355, Deffered 1520, Saraspur 530.

CHEQUES CLEARED

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending the 27-8-1948 were as under:—

Number of Cheques: 1,75,665
Amount of Cheques: Rs. 54,89,75,056-9-4

SUGAR MARKET.

BOMBAY, Aug. 30.

	Rs.	as.	p.
Small Grain	106	8	0
Medium	110	0	0
Big Size	114	0	0
Extra Big	119	0	0
October	37	8	0
January	31	10	0
Arrival Bags.	4201		

ITALIAN ART-SILK YARN

BOMBAY, Aug. 30.

	Rs.	as.	p.
150 D. August	4	5	6
150 D. September	4	5	6
150 D. Ready	4	5	6
120 D. Ready	4	4	0

20/22 YELLOW SILK.

August	26	2	0
September	26	4	0
Ready	26	2	0

HESSIAN MARKET.

BOMBAY, Aug. 30

45 X 11 PER GOLD.

Ready	107-1/2
July/Sept.	108-1/2
Oct./Dec.	110-1/2

BAGS D. W.

Ready	117	8	0
July/Sept.	116	4	0
Oct./Dec.	114	4	0

PEPPER PRICES.

BOMBAY, Aug. 30.

Bhadarva	204 to 206
Aso	200 to 202
Maha	185 to 187

METAL MARKET.

BOMBAY, Aug 30

Tin Aso	Rs.	62	0 0
Copper Aso		91	4 0

Shipping News

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

S.S. PUNDUA

From Kobe:—450 cases looms, 300 cases automatic looms.

From Yokohama:—333 drums caustic soda.

From Hongkong:—5130 cases cassia, 60 cases torches, 25 cases electric goods, 47 cases needles.

From Singapore:—20528 bags sago flour, 703 bags split betelnuts, 2910 bags betelnuts, 231 bags sago seeds, 61 cases gambiar, 400 cases canned pinapples, 3351 bdls rattons, 25 bags longpepper, 50 nutmegs wholeshell, 155 bags damar batta, 55 bags gum gopal, 250 bdls gum Benjamin, 287 pkgs copper wire scrap.

From Colombo:—360 bags Ceylon plumbago, 450 bales rubber, 30 bdls buoyo life, 86 cases desicated coconut.

S.S. WARORA

From London:—280 cases cigarettes, 290 cases fruit salt, 100 cases refrigirating machy, 255 bags dry colour, 50 cases duplicating senfils, 28 cases paint in tin, 49 cases boot polish, 100 drums wood preserves, 43 cases plumbago crucible and parts, 700 dozens white portland cement, 121 cases resins, 100 cases printing paper, 250 cases ginger, 30 cases wine, 35 cases books, 142 cases Chinese laqnor in tin, 200 cases spansh red wine, 38 cases spring, 51 cases safety razors, 40 laquor chemicals, 100 bags soda ash, 40 bags sodium bicromate, 41 cases Chinese camphor, 286 cases stones.

EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT

S. S. INDIAN PIONEER

To Karachi— 2600 cases sugar cakes— The Punjab National Bank Ltd., 50 drums silicate of soda—H. Merally and Co., 50 bdls. tanned leather—A. Manji, 100 Jottas peppermint—E. H. Abbas., 25 cases art silk piecegood—A. H. Essak., 50 cases art silk piecegoods— H. H. M. Peermahomed hand, 200 nos. stone ware—Talib and Co., 15 boras cotton waste—J. M. Bros. 25 cases art silk piecegoods—S. A. Karim Bros.

S. S. AMRA

To Mombassa— 50 bags dil seed 15 bags walnuts and 5 bags bettle nuts —Jayantilal and Co.

S. S. DARA

To Karachi— 15 bales knitting wool —V. Kamrudin.

S. S. BAMORA

To Karachi:— 20 cases peppermint—H. Tybally.

To Kuwait— 142 chests black tea—Pioneer Tea Dept. 50 cases pickle and 10 cases vinegar— M. M. Ponjaji & Co.

To Behrin— 8 cases mango chutney and 14 cases curry powder—M. M. —Poonjaji & Co.

S.S. ALAVI

To Karachi:—

8 bags rubber baloons—M. Sadiji.

S.S. MARINE LISFORD

100 bales cotton waste—H. S. (Maichester) Ltd.

S.S. CALEDONIA

To Liverpool:—

30 casks chutney—M. Poonjaji and Sons.

S.S. BHADRAVATI

To Karachi:—

700 lumps Jagree—T. Bhikabhai.

25 drums Silicate of Soda—K. M. Mavji and Co.

23 cases glassware—M. A. Patel and Co.

113 cases glassware—Indian Commercial Co.

25 cases Art silk piecegoods—A. H. C. Essak.

25 cases Art silk piecegoods—H. S. H. Peermahomed.

14 cases Art silk piecegoods—H. S. H. Peermahomed.

S.S. HOUGH SILVER MOON

To Colombo:—

25 bags methi seed—A. Vallji and Bros.

50 bdls. bidi leaves—S. Bhagwanji.

50 bags methi seed—Sukh Bros.

To Penang:—

10 bags cummin seeds—Indo Overseas Export Co.

S.S. ARUR

To Copenhagen:—

275 bales cotton waste—Champaklal and Co.

To Oslo:—

175 bales cotton waste—Champaklal and Co.

To Antwerp:—

100 bales cotton waste—Champaklal and Co.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

ARRIVALS.

'Aagte Kerk' from Rotterdam with general cargo of 2346 tons on August 30 Agent F. F. Campbell.

'Stanvac Manilla' from Palembane Sumatara on August 30. Agent Standard V. Oil Co.

DEPARTURES

'Jala Rajan' for Antwerp with general cargo of 2000 tons on August 30.

'Merwede' for Colombo with general cargo of 5600 on August 30.

'Buchanan' for New York with general cargo 3107 tons on August 30.

'Jehangir' for Jeddah with general cargo of 206 tons on August 30.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Aug. 31.

B. C. Rates I T D D 1/5 15/16 Ready
B. C. Rates T T D D 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months

London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready

London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 months

London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 9th month

London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th month

London Banks Buying D D 1/16 1/16 to 4th month

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th month

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th and 9th month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th month

New York Montreal B C Rate T T Rs. 332-1/4

Banks Selling I T D D Rs. 332 1/4

Banks Buying T T Rs. 330

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 328 3/4

Montreal Rs. 328 1/2

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 329 Montreal Rs. 328 3/4 L/C

Paris Bank Selling T T Fcs 6400

Paris Banks Buying T T Fcs 6550

Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D L Fl 79

Belgium Banks Selling T T D D Fcs 1305

Java Banks Selling T T D D Gldr 79

Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 84

Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 157

Manila Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 165 1/4

CROSS RATE:—New York/London dol. 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4; London/Afghanistan Afghani Rs. 52.57/53.43; London Alexandria Pia 97 1/4-3/4; London Amsterdam Fl. 10.68-70; London Bangkok Tel 40; London Belgium Fcs. 176 1-2-3/4; London Denmark Kr. 19-32-36; London Hongkong 1-3 1/16; London Iran Rl 128/130; London Java Fl 10.68-70; London Lisbon Es 99.80-100-20; London Manila Pes 8.08-8.14; London Montreal dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03-1/4; London New York dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London Oslo Kr 19.98-20.02; London Paris Fcs 863.-40-864.60; London Prague K 201-202; London Singapore 2/4 1/32—2/4 5/32 London Stockholm Kr 14.47-50; London Switzerland Fcs 17.34—36 London Syria 880/5.

DISCOUNT RATES:—London Discts 3 Mos 9/16 p c London Discts 6 Mos 5/8 p c. Reserve Bank Rate 3 p c Bank of England Rate 2 p c.

Money:—Call 1/2 p c. 3 Mos 3/4 p c. 6 Mos 1 p c 12 Mos 1-1/2 p c.

Tone:—Easy.

HONG KONG GOLD PRICE

HONG KONG, Aug. 29 (UPA): Dealers reported that the price of gold continued to nose dive during the past week and on Saturday, the price dropped below the Chinese Government's official buying price as the market opened after a one-day holiday.

The official Gold and Silver Exchange quoted gold at U. S. dollar 48 per ounce, compared with the Government's price of U. S. dollar 50 per ounce.

LONDON BULILON

LONDON, Aug. 30.

London silver spot Spot and Forward	45 d.
Gold bars fine per oz.	£8/12/3

Calcutta Share Bazar Quietly Steady

CALCUTT

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

Madanlal Springs Surprise In Godse Trial

PROTEST AGAINST RAJAJI'S 14TH AUGUST BROADCAST

Petition Before Special Court Raises 'Fair Trial' Issue

RED FORT, DELHI, Aug. 31 (API): Madanlal, one of the accused in the Gandhi Murder Trial today filed a petition in the Special Court trying Nathuram Godse and seven others stating that certain observations of H. E. Chakravarti Rajagopalachari, Governor-General of India, in the course of his broadcast on August 14 "impedes the fair trial" and submitted "that though no process of the Court can issue to the Governor-General, yet his constitutional advisers are answerable to the Court. In any event the newspapers and the agencies giving publicity to the said observation are liable to the Court".

The petitioner prayed for appropriate orders.

TEXT OF PETITION

The following is the text of the petition:—

"On the 14th of August, 1948 His Excellency Shri Chakravarti Rajagopalachari, Governor-General of India, broadcast a speech in the course of which he was pleased to observe as follows:—

"The greatest of our misfortunes was the passing away of Gandhiji. Those who have killed him have done the greatest injury to our country, exceeding what any other enemies of the State have done. He was snatched away from us when he was most wanted".

The next day all the newspapers in Delhi printed the said speech in full among them the "Hindustan Times". A copy of the relevant issue of the "Hindustan Times" is being filed herewith.

Your petitioner submits that the above observation of His Excellency the Governor-General impedes the fair trial of your petitioner and prejudices mankind against him and his co-accused before the cause is heard in this Court.

His Excellency the Governor-General being the Constitutional Head of the State, is presumed in law to have acted on advice. Your petitioner, therefore, submits that though no process of the Court can issue to the Governor-General, yet his Constitutional Advisers are answerable to the Court. In any event the newspapers and the agencies giving publicity to the said observation are liable to the Court.

"Your petitioner, therefore, humbly prays for appropriate orders".

RS. 1,000 FOR STAGING DEMONSTRATIONS

Echo Of Gandhiji's Prayer Meetings At Panchgani & Delhi

RED FORT, NEW DELHI August 31. (A.P.I.): Pandurang Vinayak Godbole, Manager of the Uddayam Engineering Works Limited Poona, giving evidence in the Gandhi murder case at the Red Fort to-day identified Gopal Godse and said that eight or ten days before the assassination of Mahatma Gandhi he (Gopal Godse) had kept a revolver and some cartridges with him. After the assassination of Mahatma Gandhi witness got frightened and passed over the articles to a friend of his for disposal.

Pandurang stated that he joined the Uddayam engineering works in 1942. At that time the concern was not a limited one. The Proprietor of the works was then Dattatraya Vinayak Godse. He left it in 1943 and rejoined it in 1945. Since then he was continuing there. Dattatraya Vinayak had three brothers namely Nathuram, Gopal and Govind. Witness had been knowing them by sight since 1942.

The Uddayam engineering works, continued the witness, was turned into a limited concern in January 1947. Witness knew Kale's Sales Association Ltd., together with D. V. Godbole constituted the managing agency firm of the Uddayam engineering works. Witness knew there was a paper called "Agrani". Nathuram Godse was Editor of the 'Agrani'. Witness knew Narain D. Apte by sight but he did not know him personally. Witness knew Nathuram Godse and Gopal Godse. Witness was not on intimate terms with Gopal Godse but he knew him. Gopal Godse used to reside at Kirkee. When Gopal Godse used to come to his father he used to meet witness. The house of Gopal Godse was situated in the compound of the Uddayam engineering works.

Pandurang added "eight or ten days before January 30, 1948 Gopal Godse came to my house at about 9-30 or 10 p.m. When he came to my house the doors were closed. I opened the doors for him. Gopal was alone. I asked him as to why he had come. He said that he wanted to keep with me an article.

"The articles were one revolver and some cartridges. Gopal took out the articles from the cloth bag. The revolver and the cartridges were wrapped in a towel. The towel was unwrapped and the articles were shown to me. Gopal told me that he was going to keep these articles with me for a few days. I agreed. The articles were again wrapped in the same towel and put in the bag. Gopal Godse then left. Gopal did not come back to fetch the articles.

"On 30th of January I came to know that Mahatma Gandhi was assassinated by Nathuram Godse I got frightened. I thought that I might get into trouble for keeping the revolver and cartridges with me. In the meanwhile a friend of mine Govind Vishnu Kale came to me. I had a talk with him over this matter. We decided that the articles should be thrown away. I told him that I had not the courage to dispose off the articles. Kale said that he would do it and asked for the articles from me. I then took out the bag containing the revolver and the cartridges from the box and handed it over to Kale."

DISPOSAL OF REVOLVER

"Kale took the bag and went away on eighth February. While I was returning from the engineering works to my house I saw a car stopping at the corner. Gopal Godse and some other persons were in the car.

Mr. Daphtary, Chief Prosecuting Counsel, who was examining the witness, asked him: What did Gopal tell you?

Mr. Inamdar, Counsel for Gopal Godse, objected to the question saying that Gopal Godse was then in police custody and hence this question was inadmissible in evidence.

Daphtary did not press the question and put another question, replying to which witness said that on a certain question being put to him by Gopal Godse he (witness) ultimately told Gopal that he had handed over the revolver to somebody for disposal. The other persons were standing at a distance of six or eight feet away. The witness was then taken to the person to whom he had handed over the revolver. Witness showed the house of the person to whom he had given the revolver.

SEARCH FOR REVOLVER

Pandurang Godbole said that the persons who had accompanied Gopal Godse took him in the car to Kale's house which was at a distance of five minutes' walk from his house. He asked Kale in the presence of two of the persons if the revolver was still with him. Kale said that he had thrown it away somewhere on the Fergusson College Road. Kale and himself were then taken in the car by those persons to the Fergusson College Road where the car was stopped at the instructions of Kale and a search made at the place pointed out by Kale, but the revolver was not found. Godbole's statement was recorded by the police on February 9.

Witness identified Gopal Godse in the dock.

Cross-examined by Mr. Inamdar, counsel for Gopal Godse, Godbole said that he was taken into police custody on February 8. The persons who had accompanied Gopal Godse were police officers. He did not return to his house after he had entered the police wagon and proceeded to Kale's house. Kale was also taken to the police station after the search at the Fergusson College Road.

Mr. Inamdar: When Gopal Godse was brought to you he was handcuffed?

Godbole: At the time Gopal Godse came to me I did not notice that he was handcuffed, but later I found he was handcuffed.

Godbole added that he was in police custody for a day and was then detained under the Public Security Act till the third week of June.

Kale was not detained with him.

Neither the brothers nor the parents of Gopal Godse had stayed at Kirkee.

HE DENIED EVERYTHING

Mr. Inamdar: When Gopal Godse was brought by the police to your house and when he said something of you you first denied everything?

Godbole: It is a fact that when Gopal Godse met me and questioned me I denied all knowledge of it.

Mr. Inamdar: You denied the knowledge of having kept the revolver with you?

Godbole: Yes.

Q: Did you ask Gopal Godse whether it was a licensed revolver?

Ans: No.

Q: Do you know that you cannot keep a revolver without a licence?

Ans: Yes.

Q: Do you possss a licence for a revolver?

Ans: No.

Q: Do you know that you cannot sesses a licence for a revolver.

Ans: I do not know.

Gopal Godse, Godbole continued, came to him alone to deposit the revolver when he was in his bed room. They then sat in the verandah.

Mr. Inamdar: Where were your wife and children that night?

Godbole: My children had gone to bed and my wife was working in the kitchen.

Q: Did you tell the police that when Gopal Godse came to you you were alone in the sitting room and that your wife was preparing to sleep in the bedding room.

Ans: I do not remember.

While he was coming home from the Uddyam Engineering Works on January 30 he had heard about in the assassination of Mahatma Gandhi. He did not believe it then. Kale told him the name of the assassin of Mahatma Gandhi. He made his statement before a Magistrate in March.

Godbole said that he did not state to the Magistrate that he had heard the name of the assassin.

Mr. Inamdar: Why did you not tell the name of the assailant?

Ans:— I did not tell the Magistrate that I had also heard the name of the assassin because at that time I did not believe it.

Witness said that he got frightened when he heard the name of Gandhiji's assailant from Kale.

Mr. Inamdar:— Why you got frightened?

Ans:— I thought that in view of the fact that Godse's name was connected with the incident police might keep a watch on me.

Mr. Inamdar:— Did Kale tell you from where he heard the news about Gandhiji's assassin?

Witness: I do not remember. He might have stated that he heard the news on radio.

Q. Did you ever have any political talk with Gopal Godse?

Ans. No.

Witness knew that it was illegal to keep unlicensed arms. He however did not know whether police had lodged any complaint against him for concealing the revolver. Witness knew that Gopal Godse had been in Government service for three or four years.

Re-examined by Mr. Daphtary Godbole said that in the beginning he denied his knowledge about the revolver because he did not know the persons accompanying him were police officers. He however came to learn that the persons were police officers, and he thought that it was his duty to tell the police whatever he knew.

Mr. Daphtary: Were those persons in police uniforms or in plain dress?

Ans: The persons were in plain dress.

Witness said that Gopal Godse told him that the persons accompanying him were police officers.

CANVASSING FOR ADVERTISEMENT

Mahadev Ganesh Kale, partner and proprietor of Kale's ink manufacturing company, Kurla, the next witness, said that he had been knowing approver Badge for three or four years as he used to come to him for donations in connection with the Hindu Sanghathan. Witness had also been knowing Apte for the last three years as he had visited Kurla to deliver some lectures. After delivering the lectures Apte had come to witness' house and asked witness to give an advertisement of his concern in his newspaper "Agrani".

Witness added:— "I remember a day when Badge came to my place along with Apte and another person. They had come on January 17, 1948 at about 9-30 a.m.

When they came I did not know the name of the person who had accompanied Badge and Apte to my house. They were brought to my house by one person named Patankar. Mr. Patankar said that he had reached those people to my house and that he was going back. I was working in my laboratory when they were brought to me by Mr Patankar. I took them to my office. Apte introduced to me the third person as Godse.

NOT ON SHARE SELLING BUSINESS

"I had heard the name of Godse in connection with "Agrani" and the Uddyam Engineering Works. Both Apte and Godse had some conversations with me. Godse first talked to me about the Uddyam Engineering Company, Poona. Godse then told me that they had started Hindu Rashtra Prakash Ltd., and that they wanted to sell shares of that company. Badge said that they had not come on that day to sell the shares. Godse then said that they wanted to purchase that day some printing material in Bombay and they wanted Rs. 3,000/- for that purpose. I told him that I could not give him Rs. 3,000/- in cash. Then Godse asked me as to what extent I could pay. I told him that I would advance Rs. 1,000/- only by way of loan. Both of them agreed. I then paid Rs. 1,000 to Godse. I did not get any receipt. Apte said, that when they would go to Poona they would send me the receipt. It was my personal money".

Witness identified Nathuram Godse, Narain D. Apte and approver Badge in the court.

Cross-examined by Mr. Mengle, counsel for Narayan Apte, Mahadev Kale said that three persons had come to his place on January 17. He made his statement to the police on January 20. He had told the police that Apte and another individual who was introduced to him by Apte as Godse were brought to his residence by Mr Patankar about 9-30 a.m. on January 16-17. Kale did not remember whether Apte had asked him when he (Apte) came to Kurla to deliver lectures to give an advertisement regarding witness's concern in the "Agrani" because those matters were dealt with by his manager.

He was not a subscriber of the 'Agrani' or the 'Hindu Rashtra'. Someone in his concern purchased the 'Agrani' and he used to read it some times.

DEMONSTRATION AT PANCHGANI PRAYER MEETING

Kale said that he had read about a demonstration staged by Apte at Mahatma Gandhi's prayer meeting at Panchgani in 1944. He could not say whether he had read the report in the 'Agrani' or any other paper.

Witness was shown a copy of the 'Agrani' of July 26, 1944 and asked whether he had read the report there of the demonstration.

Kale: I do not remember to have seen the 'Agrani' of July 26 because I do not remember to have seen the photograph and the headlines.

Witness was shown a copy of the 'Agrani' of July 25, 1944 and asked whether he had read the report regarding the demonstration.

Mahadev Kale did not remember whether he had read about some demonstrations by Apte at Gandhiji's prayer meeting at Delhi in the year 1946.

Rs. 1,000 FOR STAGING DEMONSTRATION

Mr. Mengle: Was there any conversation between you on one side and Godse and Apte on the other after the payment of 1,000/- by you as loan for another demonstration to be staged at Gandhiji's prayer meeting in Delhi?

Witness: There was absolutely no such conversation. Witness said that he had read the news of Gandhiji's fast in newspapers, but there was no discussion on this subject at the meeting between him and Apte asnd Godse.

"SUBSEQUENT EVENTS"

Re-examining the witness Mr. Daphtary asked Kale to explain the 'subsequent events' which had helped him to be positive today to fix the date of his meeting with Badge and others on January 17 and the reason for his stating the date of the same meeting before the police as 'on or about' January 16 or 17.

Kale: I fell ill on Friday January 23 about four or five days after Badge and others came to me. The following Friday was the 30th of January, the date on which assassination of Gandhiji took place.

I read in newspapers of the 31st about the name of Godse as the assassin of Mahatma Gandhi. I recollected that it was exactly 15 days before that Godse and others came to my place. So it was clear to me that it was on the January 31.

"MENTAL DERANGEMENT"

Explaining the reasons as to why he stated to the police that the date was 16th or 17th, Kale said that he suffered from a serious illness which resulted in his heart troubles, and at the time he gave his statement to the police he could not think 'coherently'. His illness also resulted in his occasional 'mental derangement'. So, to be 'on the safe side' witness mentioned the date as 16th or 17th.

Mr. Daphtary: Are you still suffering from heart troubles?

Witness: No. I am much improved now.

Mr. Mengle: Did you undergo any treatment for your occasional mental derangement?

Ans: No.

Mr. Mengle: You took two minutes to reply.

Ans: Should I not reply cautiously? (Laughter).

Ramchandra Mohiniraj Patankar of Kurla stated that he was working in the Telegraph Department. He knew one R. K. Patwardhan. He also knew Badge. He first saw Badge two or three years ago when he came to his 'chawi' (building) to collect subscription for the Hindu Sabha. Witness made better acquaintance with Badge about a year ago. At that time, he met Badge at Patwardhan's house and Patwardhan had introduced Badge to him.

Witness also knew Kale of Lotus Ink Manufacturing Company. Witness had the occasion to take Badge to Kale's House. There were two other persons with Badge, first of all Badge and his two friends went to the room of Patwardhan but as his room was closed they came to witness and asked if Patwardhan was there. Witness told them that Patwardhan had gone to school. Badge asked if he could accompany them to the school of Kale. Witness agreed and accompanied them to the house of Kale in a taxi.

Witness took Badge and his two friends to Kale and told him (Kale) that he had reached those persons to his place and that he himself was going back. It was 9-30 or 10 a.m. Witness came back because he had to join duty at 12 o'clock and for that purpose he had to catch the train at 11 o'clock. That was sometime in the middle of January 1948.

Witness came back to his house from office that day at 8-30 p.m. As soon as he came back, he learnt that he was wanted by Patwardhan immediately. When witness went to Patwardhan, Badge was sitting there. There was a conversation between witness and Patwardhan. Thereafter witness came back to his house, took his meals and went back to Patwardhan's house with a sum of Rs. 200, which Patwardhan had asked for. Badge was still there. One Acharya Master was also sitting there at that time. Witness handed over Rs. 200 to Patwardhan who passed on the amount along with some other money which Patwardhan had in his hand to Badge. After getting the money, Badge left the place.

Cross-examined by Mr. Mengle, counsel for Narayan Apte, Patankar said that he had paid a loan of Rs. 200 to Patwardhan. He was not a moneylender but Patwardhan and himself used to take loans from each other. Patwardhan was responsible for the repayment of Rs. 200.

Cross-examined by Mr. Inamdar, counsel for Gopal Godse, and Parchure, Patankar stated that Patwardhan had so far returned only Rs. 50 out of Rs. 200.

Mr. Inamdar: Did you tell the police that when you went to Kale's house you did not talk to him at all?

Patankar: I did say to the police that Kale had seen me bringing these persons to his residence but I had not talked to him. I had no conversation with him except that I told him I had brought these persons to his house and I was going back.

Govind Vishnu Kale, former employee in the Military Accounts Department, Poona, in his evidence stated that he knew Pandurang Vanayak Godbole for about a year and a quarter. Govind Kale generally visited Godbole's house. He remembered the day when Mahatma Gandhi was assassinated. He went to Godbole's house on that night and they had a talk about the death of Mahatma Gandhi.

Witness said that he had told Godbole that he had heard that Godse was concerned in the assassination of Mahatma Gandhi.

GODBOLE APPEARED FRIGHTENED

Godbole appeared to be frightened and told witness that he had a revolver and that it was necessary to throw it away. Witness did not enquire how he got the revolver. Godbole appeared more and more frightened. Witness told Godbole that he would throw away the revolver. Godbole handed over to him the bag which contained the revolver and five cartridges.

Witness said that he had thrown away the revolver along with the bag on the right side of the road opposite to the main gate of the Fergusson College. Next day the police, accompanied by Godbole, came to witness's place. On the demand of the police, Kale took them to the place where he had thrown the revolver.

The police made a search of that place but the revolver was not found.

Besides Godbole and the police, Gopal Godse was in the station wagon. Witness identified Gopal Godse in the dock.

IN C.I.D. LOCK-UP

Cross-examined by Mr. Inamdar, Kale said that after the search he was taken to the police station. The next day he was taken to Bombay and put under detention. He was placed in the C.I.D. lock up.

Mr. Inamdar: Were you detained in the office room of the C.I.D.?

Ans: may be I do not know.

Q: Were all these accused put in the same building?

A: I do not know.

Witness also could not say whether he and Gopal Godse were put in the same building in Bombay.

Q: Did you see the contents of the bag?

A: I noticed the cartridges as they were loose, but I did not see the other things.

Witness said that he threw the bullets in a dustbin which was shown to the police. But it appeared that the police did not take interest to search the dustbin.

The court adjourned till tomorrow.

PROSECUTING COUNSEL'S APPLICATION

NEW DELHI, August 31, (A.P.I.): Mr. Daphtary, Chief Prosecuting Counsel, filed an application today in the court of Mr. Atma Charan, Special Judge, trying Nathuram Godse and others, requesting the Court to bring on record certain questions and answers thereto by Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, Bombay Government, during his cross-examination, which had not been recorded by the Court then.

Mahatma's Ashes To Be Immersed In Irrawaddy

NEW DELHI, August 31, (A.P.I.): A portion of Gandhiji's ashes will be immersed at the confluence of the Irrawaddy and Myitnge rivr at Mandalay next Thursday, according to a message received here. A delegation of the Mandalay branch of the All-Burma Indian Congress, headed by its President, Mr. Sant Singh, flew this morning from Rangoon with the ashes. . . .The ashes will be on view at a specially erectad pandal for three days to enable the public to pay humage they are immersed.

GAEKWAR ARRIVES IN BARODA

BARODA, Aug. 31 (UPI): All Government offices and public institutions in the Baroda City were closed today at 2 p. m. on account of the public arrival of His Highness the Maharaja in Baroda, at 4 p. m.

INTERIM CABINET

It is reliably understood that Interim Cabinet will start functioning in the State from September 2, for deciding allocation of portfolios among the would-be ministers.

The Premier and Home Minister of Bombay, it is further learnt, will visit Baroda on September 4 to discuss problems affecting Bombay Province and Borada State with Baroda Ministers.

JIVRAJ'S CALL FOR RETRENCHMENT

BARODA, Aug. 31 (UPI): Dr. Jivraj Mehta, the Dewan of Baroda, it is understood has issued instructions to the Retrenchment Committee of the State to devise and suggest ways and means to reducing the admirative expenses by at least one crore of rupees, without affecting the present salaries of Government employees.

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Fifty Per Cent Cut In Baroda Ministers' Salary

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 31 In order to economise in administrative expenditure of the State, Dr. Jivaraj Mehta, Prime Minister of Baroda and other popular Ministers have voluntarily accepted fifty per cent cut in their salaries and other allowances. The Premier will now receive Rs. two thousand per month and Rs. five hundred as motor allowance while other Ministers will get Rs 750 per month as pay and Rs. 250 as motor allowance.

RIFT IN BHOPAL STATE CONGRESS

President Threatens Disciplinary Action

BHOPAL, Aug. 30 (API): The opposition which a small section of the Bhopal State Congresss has been publicly voicing against the agreement concluded last April between the State Congress and the Nawab of Bhopal, has been condemned by the President of the Bhopal State Congress, Maulana Tarzi Mashriqui.

In a statement to the press, Maulana Tarzi Mashriqui says that the State Congress still stands solidly by this agreement and considers it most essential that it should be fully honoured. When the General Council of the Bhopal State Congress met recently to ratify the agreement he, as President had given fullest liberty to the opposition group to express their views and it was only after hearing those views that the General Council took its decision.

Condemning the tactics of certain members of the State Congress who, he alleges, are carrying on propaganda outside the party against the agreement and are thus trying to sabotage the well-thought out programme of the State Congress, Maulana Mashriqui warns them that very soon disciplinary action would be taken against them so that the State Congress "may advance rapidly towards achievement of its goal."

JAIPUR CONGRESS SESSION

R. C. Executive Appoints Sub-Committees

JAIPUR, Aug. 30 (API)—The Executive of the Reception Committee of the forthcoming Congress Session at its meeting on Sunday decided to name the Congress Camp as Gandhi Nagar, the foundation of which will be laid on October 2.

The Executive appointed subcommittees for volunteers, Food, Construction, Finance, Procurement and Publicity and one Central Committee consisting of all office-bearers and convenors of sub-Committees to look after the day to day work.

It was proposed that Jhalana railway station which is the nearest station to Gandhi Nagar should be extended and named after the Congress Camp.

A correspondent adds:—

Shri Jai Narayan Vyas, Shri Rameshwar Agrawala, Shri Daulatmal Bhandari, Shri Kamalnayan Bajaj, Shri Vijaychandra Jain were appointed convenors of the Volunteer, Food, Construction, Finance and procurement sub-committees.

A sub-committee consisting of all the office-bearers of the Reception Committee and convenors of the various sub-committees was formed with a view to meet frequently and discuss their day to day progress.

Thirty new members were co-opted to the existing Working Committee of 51 making thereby the total to 81.

Volunteers' Training Camp

JAIPUR, Aug. 30 A four-week Training camp will take place from Sept., 15, 1948, with a view to train Volunteers for certain specific jobs in connection with the forthcoming Jaipur Session of the Indian National Congress. About 70 male and 30 female volunteers of noteless than 18 years and 16 years of age respectively, are intended to receive training.

Candidates possessing a sound physique, commanding personality, previous experience in volunteer organisations would be preferred, while making final selection by the Volunteer Sub-committee. They must have passed the matriculation or any equivalent to it.

Selected candidates would be required to devote in addition to the training period at least one month and a half time, exclusively to the Sessions work. Travelling and other miscellaneous expenses except boarding lodging and necessary training expenses will have to be borne by the candidates themselves.

The last date for receiving such application has been fixed Sept. 10,1948.

GANDHIJI'S PRINCIPLE PRAISED

Kher's Plea To Students To Implement Constructive Programme

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Gandhiji's principles were held out as the ideal way of life by Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, while addressing a meeting of Students of the St. Xaviers' College, held under the auspices of the Politics and Economics Seminar, this evening.

Mr. Kher who was speaking in the cultural and moral values of life, "to prevent a third world war and many fore wars."

While emphasising the need for having high ideals in the cultural life of the people, Mr. Kher said that sound economic conditions were a necessary precedent to a high cultural standard. At the same time he did not subscribe to the thesis of some people that material life was the only thing that mattered.

He called upon students to devote themselves to the implementation of the constructive programme set by Gandhiji.

SIMLA, Aug. 31 (API)—Sir Chandulal Trivedi, Governor of East Punjab, and Dr. Gopichand Bhargava, Premier, left for Delhi today for consultations with the Government of India.

MUTT AND JEFF— That' OK, The Black Will Go Away Over Night — By BUD FISHER

MUTT, DO YOU KNOW WE'VE BEEN PALS A LONG LONG TIME!
YEP! WE'RE TOGETHER AT LEAST THIRTY-FIVE YEARS!
-AND DO YOU KNOW WHY WE ALWAYS GOT ALONG SO GOOD TOGETHER?
WHY?
BECAUSE WE ARE INTELLECTUAL OPPOSITES!
WHAT CHA MEAN?
WELL-- I'M INTELLECTUAL AND YOU'RE JUST THE OPPOSITE!
?
-SEE WHAT I MEAN?

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